ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS, BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 153 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

GONDAL RASASHALA'S "SHISHU SANJIVAN" Cures AILMENTS PECULIAR to INFANTS... Gives HEALTH VAIDYA MAHESHWAR BROS., 411, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Tel. 23367. Dispensary, Purshottam Palace Sicca Nazar, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay. Richey Road, Ahmedabad. (Ask for detailed catalogue).

Stalin Upsets Hitler's Dream!

Budapest Shaken

Munitions Dump Blown Up In Hungarian Capital

LONDON, June 27.

A big explosion at a Hungarian munitions dump is reported in a Budapest dispatch to the Italian Official News Agency.

The dispatch reports that this morning a terrific explosion which was heard everywhere in Budapest shook the Hungarian Capital. It occurred in a munitions depot at Nagytenteny several miles from Budapest.

Military authorities are investigating the causes of the explosions.—Reuter.

NO LETTERS FOR RUMANIA

VICHY, June 27.

No more private letters are to be sent henceforth in Rumania, says a Bucharest despatch to the Vichy News Agency.

Diplomatic, official and commercial correspondence will be permitted but private individuals can no longer post letters for inland destinations or abroad.

The only correspondence will be by postcard and languages used are limited to three.—Reuter

GERMAN ARMY SPLIT OVER RUSSIAN ISSUE

NEW YORK, June 27.

The German army has apparently wrested control of the Reich's war policies from the Nazis and embarked on a campaign of conquest, according to messages to Washington Foreign reports are quoted as saying that on the eve of the German attack on the Soviet Union, leaders of the Army split sharply with the party who opposed the attack on the Soviet, favouring an all-out attempt to conquer Britain. Hitler, these reports said, finally sided with the military, thus placing the Army back in power in Germany.—Reuter.

SWEDISH DEFENCE PREPARATIONS

STOCKHOLM, June 27.

The two chambers of the Riksdag approved with slight modifications Government's proposal for the introduction of compulsory pre-military service for several weeks each year for pupils with the object of preparing pupils to contribute to the defence of their country. Musketry exercises, which will be voluntary, are to be limited to those pupils serving their last three months in the higher classes.

At the request of the Soviet Government Sweden has agreed to look after Soviet interests in Germany and Hungary says a Stockholm despatch to the Official German Newsagency.—Reuter.

Tension In Berlin On Lack Of 'Blitz' News

BATTLE OF RIVER PRUTH FAVOURS SOVIET

Reds Take Up New Positions On Minsk-Baranovitch Sector

LONDON, June 27.

AXIS troops have failed to force a crossing of the River Pruth into Bessarabia, it is confirmed in well-informed quarters in Ankara.

NEW POSITIONS TAKEN UP

The Russian Army has taken up new positions in the Minsk-Baranovitch sector where they are regrouping for further military action.

Russian aircraft frequently attacked enemy columns in the direction of Vilna, Brody and Baranowicze inflicting heavy losses.

BOMBING OF BUCHAREST

A Russian Communique confirms the bombing of Bucharest and Ploesti, which caused great damage, in addition to the bombing of the port of Constanza, which was severely damaged.

TURKU ATTACKED IN WAVES

STOCKHOLM, June 27.

Russian bombers attacked the Finnish port of Turku in waves of seven or nine on Thursday evening, according to Swedish press reports from Helsinki to-day. The casualties in two days' raiding in Turku total 10 dead and 27 injured.

ATTACK ON BUCHAREST

ANKARA:—Russian planes raiding Constanza late on Sunday afternoon flew low over the city and bombed. In spite of intense anti-aircraft fire from destroyers and land batteries, according to an eyewitness account received from the Rumanian Black Sea port to-day

Twenty-one raiders flying in waves of three, bombed the business quarter and docks, hitting a destroyer. The very first bomb dropped, hit a petrol dump which burst into flames and was still burning late last night. Towards the end of the attack three Messerschmitts appeared but failed to hit the Russians.

One Russian plane is believed to have been damaged by anti-air-

(Continued on Page 4.)

BR. VOLUNTEERS FOR RED FORCES?

STOCKHOLM, June 27.

It is rumoured in Helsinki that if the Russian Minister in Helsinki leaves, he will be accompanied by a number of British volunteers who joined in the Russo-Finnish war. Since then they have been stranded in Finland having been refused permission to travel through Russian territory.

No official Finnish comment has been made on the Russian statement that operations against Finland have been undertaken because Germany is using Finnish territory as a base for operations against Russia.

One Finnish official, however, stated curtly that he was unaware of any such action by Germany.—Reuter.

STREET CLASH IN PARIS

Communists Attack French Youth Organisation Members

BERLIN, June 27.

A clash occurred in the eastern district of Paris between "communists" and members of the French Youth organisation, according to the Paris Press quoted by the Official German News Agency.

Ten communists, says the report, attacked five members of the Youth Organisation calling out insulting remarks about Marshal Petain. The police intervened and took all those present to the police station.

On leaving the police station, five members of the youth movement are said to have been attacked and ill-treated by forty other communists.

Strict punishment for the communists is demanded, adds the Agency.—Reuter.

Belgian Fascist Leader Manhandled

LONDON, June 26.

Leon Degrelle head of the Rexist (Belgian Fascist) Party has been beaten up by Belgian miners who ambushed his car outside Liege, according to a report from occupied Belgium to the Free Belgian News Agency in London.

Degrelle, it is stated was driving to Liege, when miners stopped his car and dispersed the Rexist guard which always accompanies him, the police who intervened found him 'more dead than alive', and the car had been wrecked.—Reuter.

After five years to the day, Emperor of Abyssinia, Haille Selassi returned in triumph to the capital of his liberated country. The picture shows procession on its way to the cathedral at Addis Ababa, led by the troops.

VICHY ABANDONS SYRIA?

Evacuation Of 20,000 Troops Imminent

ANKARA, June 27.

It is believed that evacuation of 20,000 Vichy troops from Syria via Turkey is on the point of being arranged.-

VICHY TROOPS WON'T BE ABLE TO KEEP SYRIA

ISTANBUL, June 27.

General de Gaulle's promise of independence to Syria will greatly facilitate occupation of the country by the Allies, say the Italians arriving here from Syria. They express the opinion that Vichy troops will not be able to resist much longer.

Over 200 Italians, including consular officials and tradesmen with their families, have arrived in Istanbul from Syria during the past two days. They state that about 3,000 more of their compatriots may be expected shortly.

British Forces Closing In On Palmyra

LONDON, June 27.

British forces in Syria are gradually closing in on the strongly fortified town of Palmyra, it is stated in authoritative circles in London. The Free French have occupied Maaraba, north of Damascus and have advanced to Oastar about 35 miles north of Damascus.

British forces proceeding along the Damascus-Beirut road are held by artillery fire about twelve miles from Damascus.

In the Merj Ayoum Sector, cavalry patrols are in touch with those of the Vichy forces and 120 Circassians have surrendered to the British Forces.

OPERATIONS IN LIBYA

In Libya, the recent successful operation by British forces at Tobruk took place in the Medawa salient on Wednesday. It was under a front of about 2,000 yards and was carried to a depth of about 500 yards having the effect of shortening the British line.

In Abyssinia, mopping up operation continues.—Reuter

Shortest Middle East Communique

CAIRO, June 27.

One of the shortest Middle East communique yet issued is to-day's (Friday's). It says "Libya and Abyssinia—nothing to report; SYRIA—North and northwest of Damascus British and Free French troops have increased the extent of their penetration. In the centre and coastal sections there is local activity only.—Reuter.

23 Planes Destroyed

CAIRO, June 27.

The R.A.F. destroyed 23 planes in Syria and Cyrenaica and damaged a number of others

A number of attacks were made on aerodromes occupied by hostile forces. At Rayak four aircraft were destroyed by machine-gun fire on the ground and a number of others damaged.

At Deir Ez Zor, three fighters were shot up on the ground and bombs were dropped on aerodrome buildings.

At Homs, aircraft of the squadron of Royal Australian Air Force destroyed four more fighters and damaged a number of others and blew up petrol and ammunition dumps.

British bombers attacked petrol dumps and rolling stock on landings at Tel Kalakh. Direct hits were made on pumps resulting in columns of smoke which rose to more than 1,000 feet.—Reuter.

German Raid On Damascus

DAMASCUS, June 27.

It is now revealed that 70 people were killed, 29 injured and more than 100 houses were damaged when the Germans raided Damascus on Wednesday.—Reuter.

VICHY MESSAGE TO TURKISH PRESIDENT

ANKARA, June 27.

The New Vichy Secretary of State, M. Mechin, has, it is reported here, left to-day for Yalova on the sea of Marmora where the Turkish President Ineunu is at present holidaying.

This suggests that M. Mechin is the bearer of a message from Marshal Petain. It is thought here that M. Mechin may ask the Turks permission to evacuate the French forces in Syria 'via' Turkey.

Responsible circles stress that the Turks will do nothing in this matter without consulting the British.—Reuter.

Japan Mum

On Russo-German War

TOKYO, June 27.

No statement will be issued by the Japanese Government for the time being on Japan's attitude towards the Russo-German war, the deputy spokesman of Government told foreign correspondents to-day. "The question is so delicate," he explained.

Asked if the Russo-Japanese Trade Pact concluded in Moscow on June 11 did not conflict with the Three Power Pact the spokesman said, "it may. We must be loyal to the Trade Pact if it is satisfied," he said adding "The date of ratification has not yet been fixed."

Another emergency Liaison conference between the Government and the High Command of the National Defence Services took place to-day.—Reuter.

Japanese Forces Withdraw From Sing-Chuan

TOKYO, June 27.

The Japanese Naval Force which had occupied the South China port of Sing-Chuan some 35 miles south of Swatow yesterday (Thursday) has now withdrawn, according to an official announcement to-day. Before leaving, a landing party destroyed war supplies and transport facilities.—Reuter.

Sir John Dillan has been appointed as Director of Construction of the Burma-Yunnan Railway. Sir John Dillan was the Chief Commissioner of the Burma Railways and has been connected with it since 1934.—Reuter.

CRIPPS BACK IN MOSCOW

Meets Molotov Soon After Arrival In Soviet Capital

LONDON, June 27.

It is authoritatively stated that the British Ambassador, Sir Stafford Cripps, has arrived in Moscow after his visit to London.

MOSCOW: Soon after his arrival in Moscow, the British Ambassador, Sir Stafford Cripps and the British Mission were received by the Foreign Minister, M. Molotov.

Sir Stafford Cripps presented the members of the British Mission and the entire diplomatic staff to M. Molotov. The Mission included Lieutenant General Mason MacFarlane, Acting Colonel Exham and Rear Admiral G. J. A. Miles

Mr. Mason MacFarlane has been described as an "invisible man" of the British army and Britain's greatest authority on German military tactics. He was the Military Attache in Berlin while Hitler was preparing for war and had previously held similar appointment at Berne, Budapest and Vienna.

Another member of the Mission is Air Vice Marshal Collier. He was a member of the British Mission to Moscow during the 1939 consultations. He was the first British Air Attache to Moscow where he served from 1934 to 1937. He was previously member of the Inter-Allied Air Commission of control for Austria.—Reuter.

Mystery Murder In Punjab Mail

PARSI BUSINESSMAN'S TRAGIC FATE

BHOPAL, June 27.

The discovery of the body of a middle-aged Parsi described as S. R. Rustomji, a businessman of Bombay—in a second class compartment is said to have detained the 5 Down Punjab Mail for over an hour at Hoshangabad station this morning and the train arrived about one and half hours late at Bhopal.

It is stated that the deceased was travelling from Bombay to Bhopal and had ordered tea at Itarsi from the restaurant car. It is alleged that when the restaurant car servant brought the ordered tea at Itarsi, he found the doors and windows of the compartment closed, on which he decided to call again at Hoshangabad.

On opening a window of the compartment at Hoshangabad, it is learnt, that the restaurant car servant saw the murdered body of the deceased and reported the matter to the station master.

The railway police are said to be investigating.—A. P.

R.A.F. Swoop On Big Axis Convoy

Two Ships Torpedoed: Another Hit By Bomber

CAIRO, June 27.

It is officially announced that the R. A. F. and Fleet Air Arm made an attack yesterday (Thursday) on a convoy of a number of merchant vessels each of 20,000 tons off the south of Italy. At least two ships were hit by torpedoes and one was hit amid ships by a heavy bomb. Further results could not be observed owing to darkness.—Reuter.

GERMAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES BOMBED

LONDON, June 27.

A number of Britain's latest types of bombers were among the aircraft which heavily bombed Germany's industrial and naval resources on Thursday night, states the Air Ministry News Service. A heavy load of bombs was dropped on Kiel which is now the headquarters port of Germany's Baltic Coast defence and the main base for all her naval operations against Russia in the north.

After the attack many fires were seen among the docks and shipyards. Targets at Cologne and Dusseldorf were efficiently bombed despite the poor weather. Fighter patrols were active over both Kiel and the Rhineland and several British bombers were intercepted on their way to Cologne. One German fighter was shot down and over Kiel, another was driven away with smoke pouring from it.—Reuter.

Heavy Attack On Gazala Landing Ground

CYRENAICA, June 27.

A heavy attack was made on landing grounds at Gazala and much damage was done to dispersed aircraft, six being destroyed. During this operation. British fighters shot down four Messerschmitt 109s, one Ju 88 bombers and one G. 50 fighter and badly damaged a number of other Messerschmitt 109s. From these operations five British aircraft are missing."

Polish fighters destroyed three German fighters on the ground during attacks on enemy airfields in northern France to-day (Friday.)—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of **ONE ANNA** per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

SOCIAL

Ladies, Gentlemen, any nationality or community, desiring introductions for social advancement, friendship, companionship, matrimony, partnership, occupation promotion, hobbies, correspondence exchange views, stamps, snaps, write to The Mutual Social Circle, Dept. B.a, enclosing stamped (2 1|4 annas stamps) and self-addressed envelope for reply. Post Box No. 87, Bombay, Promoter of Social Contacts Madame Sorel. (14752)

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a respectable virgin bride for a Jain Dasha Shrimali Youth. The girl must be Jain, Vaishya, or of a High Hindu Community, attractive Talented of well versed in Household affairs. Apply with full details to Box No. 14735 "Bombay Chronicle".

Introductions for Matrimony, Friendship, Trade, Journalism, other 431 hobbies arranged. India abroad by Globe Introduction League of Agra & Hyderabad Dn. Central office 3442, Chhili-Ient, Agra. Members 11370 (Both). Magazine's specimen free. (14723)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected, for the temporary post of a Lecturer in English should reach the Principal before 1st July. Applicants should have Master's degree with at least Second Class. (5387)

Wanted an experienced cutter for the Gent's garments. Salary Rs 50|-. Apply immediately to Swadeshi Mandvi, Juhu Road, Vile Parle. (14753)

Wanted:—Three Senior Hands possessing at least ten years experience of a good Bank for filling up three posts of Officers in the Bank. Pay according to qualifications. Applicant should state full particulars regarding Educational Qualifications, experience, age etc., in their application. Copies of certificates and testimonials should be attached with the application. Latest date by which the application will be received in the office will be 12th July, 1941. Yodh Raj, Secretary, The Punjab National Bank, Limited, Lahore. (5443)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Situations vacant for Matric and B.A.'s on Rs. 30 and 50 p. m. Apply with reply postage to Industries (India) Ltd., Delhi. (14742)

Wanted:—Smart people to sell ladies' ornaments and earn Rs. 80 to Rs. 250 p.m. Catalogue and Agency terms free. A sample set comprising of 1 tola NU Gold 1 pr. Ear-rings, 1 pr. Bangles and 1 Ring will be supplied at Half Sample price, i.e. Rs. 5. Apply Nu Gold Works Ltd., The Mall, Lahore. (5429)

Wanted Branch Managers by the Sales Organisation of a well established Firm. Must be Matriculate, upto 25 years age. For full particulars. Apply Box No. 5433, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Mill Manager fully conversant with departmental work and Sales and Purchase for upcountry mill. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 14751, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Candidates for Station Masters' and Signallers' Classes. Apply immediately with two Annas Postage. The Gujarat Telegraph College, Umreth. (14732)

At Bombay, qualified Nurses or with hospital experience required. Age under 40. Salary Rupees 40 to 75. Boarding and lodging arranged. Apply Relief Association, Jiji House, Ravelin Street, behind Excelsior Theatre, Fort, Bombay. (14650)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Student of Sociology. Author. Desires Editorship of a Cinema Journal. High level criticism. Write to S. Dass, Chatterji Road, Lahore. (14712c.)

62. TO BE LET.

To Be Let:—Bhatwadi, Girgaum, near Opera House, 3rd floor, very suitable for photographic studio Rent Rs. 45|- Second floor for Rs. 60|- (14731)

68. FLATS TO LET

Chowpatty, opposite Babulnath Temple, Shambhuwan Building, Decent and airy flats of 7 and 8 rooms. Apply: Wassiamull Assomull, Telephone No. 21338 or premises. (14693)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Sydenham College of Commerce: Special evening Class to prepare students for Preliminary Examination, Institute of Actuaries, has just commenced work. Enrolments made daily. (14739)

Special Evening Classes in Shorthand are held at Sydenham College of Commerce. Fees Rs. 15 per term. New Sessions just commenced. Admissions made daily. (14740)

Everybody secure employment learning "Touch Typewriting". Monthly Re. 1|- only. Ladies special arrangement. National Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Dwarkadas Mansions. Sandhurst Road, (near Marwadi Vidyalaya). (14644)

Brilliant Mathematics Graduate Teacher. Much experienced undertakes Tuitions. Decent Terms. Apply Box 14736, "Bombay Chronicle."

Islamia High School, Etawah, U. P. Re-opens on July 9, 1941. One of the best and the oldest residential Muslim Institution; commodious hostels, well-equipped libraries, laboratories and Museums; highly organised games, and scouting subjects taught are English, Mathematics, Drawing, Commerce, Science, Agriculture, Nature Study, Hygiene, Physical Training and Theology. Prospectus free from the Headmaster. (14664)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Chief Agents separately for (1) Bombay Presidency (2) Central India, for The Hindu Insurance Co., Ltd., Lahore, which has got the following outstanding characteristics:—(1) Huge paid up Capital of over 3 1|2 lacs forming an additional Security for Policyholders. (2) A large Reserve to start business with. (3) Security of 2 lacs required by Insurance Act deposited in full with Government before commencing business. (4) Housed in its own spacious buildings. (5) Very low premiums and novel schemes. Apply to:—The Secretary. (5444)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE NEW KAISER-I-HIND SPG. & WVG. CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Mubarak Manzil, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 19th July, 1941, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.).

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 14th July, 1941, to 28th July, 1941, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
HARILAL ODHAVJI GANDHI,
Secretary.

Bombay, 27th June, 1941.
5445

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

WANTED

(1) Three District Industrial Officers, Bombay. Pay.—Rs. 150-10-250-E.B.-15-400. *Age.*—Not more than 40 years on 26th July 1941. *Qualifications.*—A good degree in engineering or industrial chemistry of a recognised university, or a good degree or diploma in textile, mechanical or electrical engineering of a recognised institution *and* practical experience of *not less than* 7 years. Experience in administrative work, will be an additional qualification.

(2) Assistant Director of Public Health, Bombay Province. Pay.—Rs. 400-30-700-35-1,050 (Rs. 400 for the first two years). *Age.*—Not more than 40 years on 26th July 1941. *Qualifications.*—(1) A qualification registrable under the Bombay Medical Act VI of 1912 *and* (ii) a British D.P.H. or B.Hy. (Bombay) or D.P.H. (Bombay or Calcutta), provided that candidates possessing the B. Hy. or D.P.H. (Bombay or Calcutta) have, in addition, previous experience of health administration in the service of Government, an Indian State, a District Local Board or a Borough Municipality.

(3) Director of Veterinary Services, Sind. Pay.—Rs. 600-50/2-900, plus conveyance allowance of Rs. 25 p.m. and compensatory allowance. *Age.*—Not more than 40 years on 26th July, 1941. *Qualifications.*—Candidates should be M.R.C.V.S., or graduates of a Veterinary College in India *having exceptional attainments.*

Full details should be obtained from the Secretary to the Commission, P. W. D. Secretariat Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications on printed prescribed form, (which will be supplied on receipt of an addressed (large) envelope bearing postage stamps of the value of 2½ annas and one rupee, *only* in cash or by a *crossed Indian Postal Order* in favour of the "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission"): *26th July 1941.*

5428

303. MACHINERY WANTED.

Required Machinery for making Cycle Tyres and Tubes, Rubber Sheets and Canvas Shoes. Write Box 14745, "Bombay Chronicle."

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Immediate Loans on Personal Bonds only! Also on mortgages. Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, 203, Hornby Road. (14754)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For best steel shovels of all sizes and shapes please write to Imperial Shovel Works, Sialkot City (Punjab). (14729)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For sale or long lease—In Podanur —3 miles from Coimbatore Pucca upstorey bungalow extensive grounds, 2 irrigation wells, near other cotton mills suitable Mill, Factory. Price moderate, English climate. Apply V. R. Sydenham, "Belinda House", Podanur. (14741)

Public Notices

THE SIALKOT NAROWAL RAILWAY, CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st March, 1941, at the rate of 4 1|2 % per annum, less Income Tax, has been made payable at the Chartered Bank of India, Ausralia and China, Bombay, on and after the 22nd July, 1941 to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 5th July, 1941, to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

Intimation of any change of address should be given to the undersigned immediately.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 7th July to MONDAY, the 21st July, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 26th June, 1941.
(5434)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Doctors specialized in T.B. and Sanatorium management for a newly constructed Sanatorium at Karachi (with accommodation of about 100 beds to begin with) on the grade of Rs. 400/ -50-Rs. 600/- plus free quarters. Private practice allowed.
Apply to:—
MANOOBHAI DOONGERSEE,
Hon., Secretary,
Bombay Bazar, KARACHI.
5435

NOTICE.

WANTED a SENIOR DEPUTY HEALTH OFFICER for the Ahmedabad Municipality in the grade of Rs. 250—25—450 plus Rs. 100 motor-allowance. Candidates possessing the Diploma in Public Health need apply. The appointment is an acting one for a period of two years, during the leave vacancy of the permanent incumbent but it is likely to be permanent.

Applications stating age, caste, qualifications and previous experience with copies of testimonials, if any, should reach the undersigned on or before the 10th July, 1941.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad 24th June, 1941.
5431

THE INDIAN GLOBE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Share Holders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 315|321 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 24th July, 1941, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Revenue and Profit and Loss Accounts and the Balance Sheet of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 1940..
2. To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of Mr. Vithaldas Kanji, Rai Bahadur Jagmal Raja, Mr. B. V. Jadhav and Mr. N. C. Jerajani who retire by rotation but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
4. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Haridas Madhavdas and to re-elect him as a Director of the Company under Article 87 of the Articles of Association of the Company.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 5th July to 24th July, 1941, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
VIJAYSINH GOVINDJI,
Managing Director.

26th June, 1941.

N.B.—The dividend if sanctioned will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company on and after the 5th day of August, 1941, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Company's register of members on the 24th day of July, 1941.

5448

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 7th July, 1941, at 3 p. m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Election of two members of the Tramways and Telephone Committee to fill in casual vacancies.
2. Interpellations.
3. Application for gratuity from an ex-Municipal employee.

4-6. Letters from the authorities of the (4) Shri Laxmi Narayan Vyayam Shala; (5) Om Samarth Bharat Vyayam Mandir, Dadar; and (6) Bombay Institution for Deaf Mutes—Forwarding copies of the Annual Reports, etc., of their respective institutions.

7. Letter from Mr. N. G. Limaye Acting Secretary, Schools Committee—Requesting that the Rules laying down qualifications for the post of the Secretary, Schools Committee, be not made applicable in his case.
8. Letter from Miss S. Dallas, Superintendent, Gujarati Girls' Schools—Requesting that her claims for appointment to the post of the Secretary, Schools Committee, be considered sympathetically.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE—

9. Regarding a contract for the supply of blue stones, sett stones, etc.
10. Regarding the creation of a temporary post of Senior Medical Inspector in the Public Health Department.
11. Regarding the variation of the contract for the construction of a Tuberculosis Hospital at Sewri.
12. Recommending the grant of Special Disability Leave to a Sub-Overseer of the Hydraulic Engineer's Department.
13. Regarding the adjustment by the Schools Committee of the salary of a teacher on the basis of aggregate service, etc.
14. Regarding the enforcement or otherwise of sanctions obtained for the removal of unauthorized works.
15. Regarding the creation of one additional post of Stock Verifier.
16. Regarding the question of providing books, free of cost, to pupils from poorer classes in Municipal Schools.
17. Further consideration of the question of laying out a 72 feet road connecting Girgaum Road with Queen's Road, etc.
18. Resolution of the Improvements Committee—Regarding application for lease of certain plots in the Hornby Road to Ballard Pier Street Scheme.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEES—

19. Regarding the enlargement of a certain water main outside the city.
20. Regarding the enlargement and extension of the water main in Gas Works Lane off Parel Road.
21. Regarding plans and estimates for a swimming bath in the north of the City.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE'S LETTERS—

22. Regarding the question of printing books for imparting religious instruction to pupils in Municipal primary schools.
23. Forwarding statements showing the attendance of members at the Meetings of the Schools Committee and its Sub-Committees during the year 1940-41
24. Forwarding the Report of the Girl Scout Movement in Municipal schools for the year 1940-41.
25. Forwarding a quarterly list of unanswered references from the Corporation.
26. Requesting sanction to extra expenditure being incurred whenever peons and other menials in Municipal schools would be on casual leave.
27. Regarding the curriculum of studies for the upper primary standards of Hindi Schools.
28. Recommending candidates for the post of the Secretary Schools Committee.
29. Reporting on the accident leading to the death of a student of the Municipal Madanpura Urdu Central School.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE COMMISSIONER—

30. Forwarding the Monthly Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.
31. Forwarding a statement showing the balances due by the Corporation to the Crown and to the Municipal Security holders.
32. Regarding a proposal for the conversion of an out-right sale of a plot of Municipal land at Jacob Circle into a lease for 999 years, etc.
33. Regarding a proposal for the relaxation of the condition as to the elevation of a building to be erected on plot No. 7, Scheme 57, Sewri-Wadala Estate.
34. Forwarding a list showing the breeding places of malaria carrying mosquitoes detected during May, 1941.
35. Regarding the re-numbering of certain plots in Scheme 5, Dadar-Matunga Estate.
36. Regarding temporary arrangement in place of Dr. R. K Mhatre, Executive Health Officer, retiring on 16th July, 1941.
37. Letter from Mrs. S. Srinivasa Iyengar—Thanking the Corporation for their resolution on the death of Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar.
38-39. Letters from Mr. K. N. Joglekar and Mr. R. S. Nimbkar—Applying for leave of absence from the Meetings of the Corporation.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE MUNICIPAL SECRETARY—

40. Submitting a statement of references pending before the Committees of the Corporation.
41. Submitting a list of Resolutions calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received.
42. Submitting a statement of Interpellations remaining unreplied to by the Commissioner.
43. Report of the Committee of the Corporation—Regarding the inconvenience caused to the public by the closing of a footway crossing the railway lines near the Kollwada Station on the Harbour Branch of the G. I. P. Railway and leading to the Rowli Hill Hindu Cemetery at Sion.
44. Confirmation of the Special Committees' Proceedings.
45. Schools Committee's letters—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.
46. Notice of Motion—From Dr. Poonsey H. Meisheri, seconded by Dr. Dadiba N. Saher—For expressing the Corporation's regret at the death of Mr. Jamshedji Ardaseer Wadia.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
S. N. DAMLE,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 27th June, 1941.
(5430)

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

THE LOCAL HEAD OFFICE and CITY BRANCHES of the Bank will be CLOSED on TUESDAY, the 1st July, 1941, as the Government of Bombay have declared that day a Public Holiday in the City of Bombay under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881, to enable banks to make up their half-yearly accounts.

E. J. DAWSON,
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 27th June, 1941.
5439

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. MANGALDAS VITHALDAS DESAI, SHETH MANMOHANDAS KAHANDAS AND HARKISONDAS MANMOHANDAS, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, the Trustees of the late Sheth Kahandas Narandas Charities have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Tamarind House, 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground (cess redeemed) with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Kalbadevi Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 170 Square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 80 New No. 699, Old Survey No. 205, New Survey No. 1475 Cadastral Survey No. 1558, of Bhuleshwar Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 486 and Street Nos. 239-241-243 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Rai Saheb Moolchand Ganeshdas on or towards the West by Kalbadevi Road, on or towards the North by the property of Sukhanand Gurumukhrai and on or towards the South by the property of Lakhmidas Tribhowandas, Nagindas Tribhowandas and Kahandas Tribhowandas.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1941.
PATHARE & LILADHAR.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
5440

Public Notices

NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

TRANSFORMERS new and secondhand of various sizes suitable for 3 phase 50 cycles supply are required. Full particulars and prices should be furnished to the Controller of Supplies, Bombay Circle Reserve Bank Building, Bombay. (5446)

H.M.I. DOCKYARD, BOMBAY.

RESTRICTIONS OF ENTRY.

On and after 1st August, 1941, no person will gain admission to H.M.I. Dockyard unless in possession of a pass issued under the authority of the Captain Superintendent of the Dockyard.

Applications for passes should be made at the Police Office, Main Gate, H.M.I. Dockyard between 10-00 and 11-00 daily except Sundays, as from Monday 14th July 1941. 5441

THE MANDRA BHON RAILWAY COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st March 1941, at the rate of 4% per annum less Income Tax has been made payable at the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Bombay, on and after the 22nd July, 1941, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 5th July, 1941, to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

Intimation of any change of address should be given to the undersigned immediately.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 7th July to MONDAY, the 1st July, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 26th June, 1941.
(5434)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. ALMA LATIFI LL.D, C.I.E., I.C.S., (Retired) and Mr. HASAN LATIF, both of Bombay Sulaimani Muslim Inhabitants, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to a client of ours.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Karim Chambers, 40-44, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at the junction of Chowpatty Road and Harvey Road, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 3020 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 682 and 3438, New Survey No. 7994, Cadastral Survey No. 1528 of Girgaum Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and taxes under D Ward Nos. 2572(1), 2572(1A), 2572(1B), 2572(1C), 2572(2), 2573(1), 2573(2), 2573(3) and 2720 and Street Nos. 28A Hughes Road, 28B, 28C, 28D and 30-32, Chowpatty Sea Face 16 and 26, 18-20 and 37-39 Chowpatty Sea Face and Harvey Road 22A Chowpatty Road and 41-43, 47 and 47A Harvey Road and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Shankarlal Bankar, on or towards the West by the said Harvey Road, on or towards the North by the said Chowpatty Road and on or towards the South by the property belonging to the Trustees of the Church of Scotland.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1941.

Messrs. M. V. GOKHALE & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(5436)

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Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that TYEBALLY KUMRUDIN KAKAJIWALLA has contracted to sell to our client Mr. FULCHAND MANEKCHAND, the immovable property described in the Schedule hereunder written free from all claims and encumbrances.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand in to upon or against the said property by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, sale, exchange, mortgage, charge, lease, llen, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same (if any) known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Yusuf Building, Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof. Any claim or claims not made known to the undersigned as hereby required will be deemed to have been waived and the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim or claims.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All That piece of land containing an area of Seven Hundred and Fifty-one (751) Square Yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 416 of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Corporation in the City and Island and Sub-registration District of Bombay, bounded, on the North by Twenty-six Feet Road, on the East by Plot No. 417 of the said Estate, on the South by Plot No. 421 of the said Estate and on the West by Sixty Feet Bhau Daji Road, which piece of land forms portion of New Survey No. 824 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 411|10 Matunga Division together with the building thereon consisting partly of a ground floor and one upper floor and partly of a ground floor and two upper floors with a sitting-out-place and stair case room which said premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 7913 Street No. 1480.

Dated this 27th day of June, 1941.

SHAH & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
5447

Auction Sales

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A. M. (S.T.) at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Vianelli's Restaurant of complete Bunglow furniture, Drawing room cabinets, Marconi A. C. Radio Set, Ice Box, Remington Portable Typewriter, Singer Machine, Bronze Figures, Hall Carpets, H. M. V. Gramophone, Chesterfield sets, Safes, Wardrobes, Dining table and chairs, etc. Property of V. Critchell Esquire and others, Eastern Auction Co.

ADHAYAKSHA MATHUR BABU'S
Sakti Oushadhalaya
DACCA
The Premier Home of Ayurvedic Indigenous Drugs.
ESTD.-1901
Branches all over India and Burma
BOMBAY BRANCH
413 A. Kalbadevi Road
BASANTA KUSUMAKAR RASH
A Specific for Diabetes Eliminates sugar most admirably and reduces specific gravity as well as number times of urination. With suitable vehicles thickens vital fluid and cures impotency
MANAGING PROPRIETOR
MOTHURAMOHAN MUKHOPADHYAYA CHAKRAVARTY, B.A
Proprietors :
Mothuramohan, Phanindra Mohan & late Laimohan Mukhopadhyaya Chakravarty.

N. Y. K. LINE
BOMBAY-JAPAN VIA PORTS

Steamers.	Arrive Bombay	Leave Bombay
*HUSIMI MARU†	14 June	4 July
*ANYO MARU	2 July	10 July
TOYOOKA MARU	24 July	9 Aug.
*HAKONE MARU†	6 Aug.	16 Aug.
DELAGOA MARU	13 Aug.	29 Aug.
OKITU MARU	26 Aug.	5 Sept.

*Passenger steamer.
†Also calling at Manila.
Other Passenger Services are :—
Hongkong-S'Frisco via Japan and Honolulu Japan-Seattle via Vancouver, Japan Australia. Japan-South America (west coast).
NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA
United India Bldg Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay
Phone No. 22041. Telegrams : YUSEN

New York Cotton Exchange

ACTIVE COVERING ON SENATE OPPOSITION TO PRICE-FIXING

Sharp Advance Of 21 To 23 Points

Bombay : June 27.

The American cotton markets firmed up on Thursday after a quiet opening. Bombay was reported to be a seller at the outset owing to reports of beneficial rainfalls in the Eastern Belt and better weather in the West. But sentiment was soon bullishly influenced by encouraging foreign news, the strength of Wall Street and reports on the Senate opposition to price fixing programme. There was active mill price fixing and covering by local shorts. Scarcity of contracts aided the sentiment. The markets finished with a firm tone.

Trading started with July contract standing at 14.47 without showing any change from its previous close This was also recorded as the lowest touched during the day. Selling by Bombay on better weather report was offset by active mill price fixing and prices advanced further. Scattered profit-taking caused a temporary recession in prices. But later there was heavy short covering influenced by the Senate opposition to price fixing The rate for July firmed up and closed with a gain of 23 pts at 14.70. The highest level touched is not known as the message was mutilated. The spot market closed higher by 23 points at 15.53

Receipts at all U.S. Ports amounted to 8,000 bales while there were no issues.

NEW ORLEANS : The market closed firm with July and October contracts standing at 14.72 plus 20 and 14.93 plus 21. The spot rate stood at 14.53 plus 21.

CHICAGO GRAINS : Chicago Grains ruled firm during the early session on Eastern buying influenced by better war news and expectations of large Government orders for flour at the week-end. Later a slight recession occurred on profit taking and hedging.

STOCK EXCHANGE : The Stock Exchange was bullishly influenced by absence of German claims details and the consequent general opinion that Russia is defending better than anticipated. The general list closed with fractional gains. U.S. Steel improved by 5/8th of a dollar.

PARITY—
Broach J/A below New York July 497 cent points at 331.
Broach A/M below New York May 466 cent points at 331.

PRIVATE CABLES

July highest (mutilated); lowest 14.47 (at 10 a.m.).

New York Spot 15.53; New Orleans Spot 14.53 (15/16ths staple).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

New York—Active trade and local buying. Market firm.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received from their New York friends the following cables on 25th June :—

Consider 40 points reaction sufficient. Bombay principal seller. Southern hedging very light.

NEW YORK COTTON QUOTATIONS
New York : June 26.

July	14.70+23
October	14.89+22
December	14.99+23
January	15.00+21
March	15.04+21
May	15.04+22

NEW YORK COTTON
New York : June 25.

July	14.70
October	14.89
December	14.99
Middling Spot	15.53

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New Orleans : June 25.

July	14.72
October	14.93
December	15.04
Middling Spot	14.53

NEW YORK COTTON
New York : June 26.

	11 a.m. Call.	Noon Call
July	14.56	14.67
October	14.76	14.88
December	14.85	14.97

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York : June 26.

Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 8,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain, the Continent and China and Japan Nil.

Buoyant Tone On Bombay Share Bazar

Extensive Buying In Steels And Textiles : Sequel To Strength In Yarn And Textiles

Bombay : June 27.

Reports of better than anticipated resistance by Russia to the Nazi drive and improved demand in Indian yarn and Textiles attracted extensive buying on the Stock Exchange to-day, especially in Steels and Textiles. Tata Deferreds and Bombay Dyeings recorded gains of 42 and 47/8 points respectively. All other scrips followed suit and were comparatively firm.

On the New York Stock Exchange fractional gains were plentiful when bullish sentiment was augmented by the absence of details in Nazi claims with the deduction that the Russian defence is possibly better than anticipated. The session closed steady.

Business was done around Rs. 2020 for Tata Deferreds which went straight up and finished at Rs. 2040 The Bombay Dyeing also closed firm at Rs. 1145 almost Rs. 47/8 higher than previous close. Other sections also ruled firm.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay : June 27.

Bombay Dyeing 1115 20 17 37 33 46 45
Century 425 26 31 32
Central India 311 19 18 24 22
Kohinoor 446 52 55
New Great 420 27 37
Simplex 123 124/8 25/2
Swadeshi 322 25 24 30 38
Associated Cement 143/12 144 43/12
Andhra 1650
Tramways Ordinary 133
Tata Hydro 178
Tata Power 1622 30
Tata Steel Defd 2015 25 22 37 42 40
Tata Steel Ordinary 383 84 83 87 86/8
Tata Steel 2nd Preference 154
Bellapur 209 8 9
Bombay Steam 322
Bombay Burma 505 12 7 13

TEXTILES

Bombay, June 27.

100	Ahmd. Advance	266 4
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1145 0
100	CENTURY	432 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	322 0
100	COLABA	181 0
100	Coorla	103 8
250	David	70 10
250	Dawn	322 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd.	1 13 6
100	GOGAK	218 0
1000	Hindustan	2060 0
100	Indore	85 0
100	Khatau	158 2
100	KOHINOOR	455 0
250	LAXMI X.D.	513 12
100	MORARJI	246 0
250	Model	90 0
100	FINLAY	189 0
200	NEW GREAT	437 0
100	Oosmanshahi	60 0
100	Phoenix	270 0
25	Sassoon Silk	84 0
1000	Sholapur	3045 0
50	SIMPLEX	125 8
100	SWADESHI	338 0
100	SWAN	190 8
500	Vishnu	1300 0
1000	Western	1265 0

BANKS

50-100	BARODA	110 8
25-50	Central	45 6
500	IMPERIAL	1583 12
125-500	Imp.	392 8
50-100	India	146 0
100	RESERVE BANK	106 0
5	UNION	6 7 0

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATE	143 12

INSURANCE

100	Empire	662 8
15-100	JUPITER	14 0
20	Mercantile	62 8
15-75	NEW INDIA	45 12
200	Oriental X.D.	4200 0
10-50	Vulcan	8 14

ELECTRIC

100	AHM. OLD	177 8
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY X-D	1650 0
10	AJMER	12 3
50	BOMBAY TRAM	133 0
100	Bombay Suburban	183 2
10	Broach	13 2
100	Karachi	213 12
100	Poona	213 2
100	Surat	180 0
100	TATA HYDRO	178 0
1000	TATA POWERS	1615 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	892 8
100	C. Province X.D.	104 8
100	Dhond Baramati	104 0
100	Gujarat	101 12
100	Mandra Bhon	104 0
100	Pachora Jamner	61 0
100	Sara Siraiguni	103 0
500	Tapti Valley	645 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	4 12
8sh.	Indian Copper	2 4
100	Indian Iron and Steel	32 12
10	SHIVRAJPUR	30 4
30	TATA STEEL ORD.	386 4
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	2040 0
100	Steel Corporation	20 11

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	547 8
10	Air Services	3 8
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	209 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	595 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	322 0
125	B. Burma	513 12
125	B. Burma Cont.	175 0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 10 9
50	BOMBAY TELEPHUNE	88 0
100	Ind. BLEACHING X.D.	126 8
50	Ind. Invest. Trust	44 4
100	Indian Radio Def.	565 0
100	Indian Radio Ord.	535 0
100	Port Canning	88 8
30	PREMIER CON.	93 0
15	SCINDIA	21 1
100	Wimco	192 0
25	Tata Oil	42 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1566 4
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	313 12
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	76 4
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	633 12
6 1/4	p.c. Prem Const 1st	117 4
6 1/4	p.c. Prem. Const 2nd	109 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	157 3
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1588 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	215 0
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	154 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	753 12

DEBENTURES

6	p.c. Andhra Valley	101 4
3 3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	101 2
4	p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	105 0
4	p.c. Bom. Telephone	49 2
5	p.c. Sholapur	70 10

INDIA'S LEADING LIFE OFFICE

HINDUSTHAN
CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
Assets Over Rs. 3¾ Crores
Claims Paid Over Rs. 2 Crores
Bonus Rs. 18 on Endowment
Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Bombay Branch. Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Branch Manager: S. C. MAJUMDAR

AUDITED RETURNS OF TRAFFIC

	For March 1941.	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with March 1940.		Increase + or Decrease — when compared with corresponding period of previous year.
			From 1-1-41 to 31-3-41.	
Tapti Valley Rly.	Rs. 3,19,871	+Rs. 20,584	Rs. 10,09,421	+Rs. 1,46,183
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly.	Rs. 1,24,005	+Rs. 19,330	Rs. 3,63,033	+Rs. 83,851
			From 1-4-40 to 31-3-41.	
Guzerat Railways	Rs. 55,967	+Rs. 8,523	Rs. 4,90,286	+Rs. 60,827
			From 1-10-40 to 31-3-41.	
Central Prov. Rlys.	Rs. 95,271	+Rs. 35,838	Rs. 3,87,394	+Rs. 62,428
Mandra Bhon Rly.	Rs. 26,563	—Rs. 923	Rs. 1,13,291	+Rs. 23,745
Sialkot Narowal Rly.	Rs. 61,551	+Rs. 11,100	Rs. 2,89,184	+Rs. 67,525

CONCESSION TO IMPORTERS

Simla, June 27

A concession is reported to have been allowed to importers of goods subject to import control. In order to spread remittances to difficult currency countries the ordinary rule is that such goods must be shipped within the period, normally two months, specified in the licence. It is learned, however, that the Government of India have given Import Trade Controller's discretion to extend the period of the validity of licences if they are satisfied that the shipment has been delayed for reasons over which the importer has no control, for example, cancellation of freight space booked.

Applications in this respect should be addressed to the Controllers and not to the Government of India.—A.P.

CENTRAL LEGISLATURE
When Defence Advisory Committee Meets

SIMLA, June 27.

It is expected that the first meeting of the Defence Advisory Committee of the Central Legislature, the constitution of which was recently announced, will be held here towards the middle of July. Mr. Jinnah, it is gathered has declined to nominate any member of the Moslem League Party to the Committee, and the task of filling the places has been thrown on the Government. This task is nearing completion. Other parties at present functioning in the Central Legislature are believed to have nominated their representatives.—A. P.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE
G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22 45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8-45	18-15
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9-20	20-30
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10 50	17 32
Punjab Mail	11-30	17-45
Nagpur Express	15 00	21-00
Poona Express	19 20	08-05
Allahabad Express	20-05	07-00
Poona Fast Passenger	21-45	12-00

B. B. & C. I. Railway
Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-05
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Kathiawar Mail	6 50	21-30
Frontier Mail	8-15 (Mon)	21-15 (Sat)
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9 48	15-10
The Flying Ranee Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	00-00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00-00	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	19-05	08-45

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

LONDON SEEDS
London : June 26.

Wheat	Rozario Santa Fe	20/6	June/July quoted.
Wheat	Barletta Russo	20/4 1/2	June/July quoted.
Wheat	South Australian	27/6	June/July quoted.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 20th June 1941.

1. Demand Liabilities :	
(a) In India	182 86,58,000
(b) In Burma	10,86,43,000
2. Time Liabilities :	
(a) In India	103,01,45,000
(b) In Burma	4,07,91,000
3. Cash :	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes :	
(a) In India	7,17,21,000
(b) In Burma	52,000
(ii) Burma Notes :	
(a) In India	17,000
(b) In Burma	59,95,000
(iii) Rupee Coin :	
(a) In India	1,13,68,000
(b) In Burma	1,44,000
(iv) Subsidiary Coin :	
(a) In India	37,65,000
(b) In Burma	48,000
4 Balances with Reserve Bank	31,09,59,000
5 Advances :	
(a) In India	122,51,58,000
(b) In Burma	5,73,97,000
6. Bills Discounted :	
(a) In India	5,31,22,000
(b) In Burma	7,46,000

Comparative statement of the position of scheduled banks.

(In thousand Rupees)

	20-6-1941	13-6-1941	21-6-1940	1-9-1939
1. Demand Liabilities in India and Burma	193,73,01 (10,86,43)	192,59,37 (10,84,77)	143,28,22 (7,25,27)	141,39,78 (7,03,29)
2. Time Liabilities in India & Burma	107,09,36 (4,07,91)	106,72,23 (4,04,49)	109,34,39 (3,75,10)	106,46,46 (4,22,12)
3. Total cash in India & Burma	9,31,10 (62,36)	9,18,10 (62,17)	8,16,03 (37,54)	7,29,82 (59,37)
4 Balances with Reserve Bank	31,09,59	27,75,77	23,30,87	25,27,75
5. Advances in India & Burma	128,25,55 (5,73,97)	130,36,68 (6,11,42)	141,95,93 (4,78,19)	105,65,06 (4,12,92)
6. Bills discounted in India & Burma	5,38,68 (7,46)	5,60,89 (6,16)	5,06,05 (15,68)	3,85,74 (29,45)

(Burma figures are shown in brackets).

Lesser Penalty For Sind Cotton Ginners?

Karachi, June 25

In pursuance of the demand from the Sind Cotton Ginners' Association, Government has decided to reduce the maximum penalty of Rs. 5,000 to be imposed for breach of Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, to Rs. 500

A bill to this effect has been published this evening and will be considered by the Assembly in this session.—A.P.

Madras Mayoralty

MADRAS, June 27.

In accordance with the established convention for the Mayoral election, a meeting of the non-Brahmin Hindu members of the City Council was held at which Mr. G. Janakiram Chettiar was chosen as the party candidate for the mayoralty. Members of the Congress party did not attend the meeting. The Mayoral election will take place on Monday the 30th June.—A. P.

Defence Loans

3 per cent Defence Bonds (Previous Issues)	Rs. 44,85,72,200
3 per cent Second Defence Loan 1949-52 From 1st February to 21st June	Rs. 10,06,79,800

INTEREST FREE DEFENCE BONDS.

Subscriptions to June 21

All India	Rs. 2,42,44,000
Bombay City	Rs. 64,20,500

POST OFFICE TEN-YEAR DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
Subscriptions to June 21

All India	Rs. 2,91,67,000
Bombay City	Rs. 34,02,500

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS
Bombay : June 27.

215 bdls bicycle rims, 127 cts tires, 85 pcs San E'ware, 3295 D/bags China clay, 45 c/s tissue paper, 460 pairs steel flanges, 50 dms waterproofing powder, 960 dms caustic soda, 45 c/s stampings, 94 c/s bobbins, 63 c/s shuttles, 64 c/s window glass, 29 c/s plate glass 75 c/s pneum M/car outer covers, 128 trusses picking bands, 312 pip cardboard, 41 bags Founder's dust, 244 cases rayon yarn, 150 rolls felt, 200 bags empty glass bottles, 169 dms creayiic acid, 500 sacks lithophone, 276 cases cottons, 558 cases machinery and parts 31 cases toilet powder, 251 bags glass bottles, 29 c/s cigarettes, 60 dms paints, 33 c/s steel screws, 40 c/s wood screws, 40 c/s woollens and cottons mxd, 41 bis cotton fents, 1005 cases aniline colours, dyestuffs etc., 31 c/s sherry, 89 c/s card clothing, 32 c/s steel conduit fittings, 824 pkgs covers (Giant), 86 c/s elect motors, 30 c/s iron bullock nails, 248 bags D/s fish, 133 c/s sinks, 39 bdls channels, 150 bags sulphate of alumina, 53 dms wool fat, 37 cases wireless sets 38 pkgs insulated cable, 330 dms pyronguite of iron, 100 dms empty galvd drums, 100 bis waterproof paper, 103 boxes tin plates, 42 bdls tubes, 1309 bdls steel baling hoops, 32 pkgs elect cable, 143 bdls steel bars, 43 pkgs wrought steel tubing, 230 coils copper wire, 36 c/s earthenware, 60 c/s common salt, 601 c/s accumulators, 78 c/s lead plates, 200 bags light carbonite of magnesia, 84 drums anhoe sodium aluminate, 1093 c/s bail bearing, 62 c/s iron rivets, 200 bdls G I wire, 145 nos zinc plates, 343 pkgs dry fruits, 58 bags iron bolts and nuts, 187 c/s iron wire nails, 75 nos empty cylinders, 176 bls cotton, 84 carboys empty glass, 200 bdls P sheets, 80 c/s iron nails, 198 bags castor seeds, 88 c/s M S angles, 125 bdls galvd steel can sheets, 100 bdls galvd steel plain sheets, 189 bdls galvd iron tubes, 75 bdls G P sheets.

EXPORTS
Bombay : June 27.

3000 tons manganese ore James Finlay and Co Ltd; 113 bales D/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 200 bls cotton waste G S Kearney; 650 drums castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 2544 bags grdnut kernal The East Asiatic Co (India); 333 bags gum M Kantilal; 931 bags gum Narsi Mulji and Co; 12 bls woolles rugs Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 250 dms castor oil Hargovindas Lakhmichand; 4000 bags grdnut kernal K M Nathoo; 143 bags coriander seeds M Bhuta and Co; 76 bags dill seeds M Bhuta and Co; 20 bags cumin seed M Bhuta and Co; 92 bags rape seeds M Bhuta and Co; 23 bags mustard seed M Bhuta and Co; 10,000 bags grdnut kernals S M Rajgor and Co; 12 bags fish maws K M Shroff; 1141 bgs grdnut kernals Korakharam Gokalchand; 200 bags dill seed Korakharam Gokalchand; 46 bls D/s raw sheep skins D Abraham and Sons.

LONDON RUBBER
London : June 26.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 13 5/8 buyers.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay : June 27.

Sentiment on the Bombay cotton market was encouraged by the sharp advance of 21 to 23 points in American prices on Thursday, optimistic foreign news and the firmness of the Stock Exchange. There was considerable speculative buying, especially in the July/August Broach contract and its rate recorded an advance of almost Rs. 8/8 per candy while April/May Broach improved by about Rs. 5/8 in sympathy. The market on the whole displayed a firm front.

The market opened with Broach July/August and April/May contracts standing at Rs. 253/8 and Rs 269/8 respectively showing a gain of Rs. 4 and Rs. 3. Temporarily the latter receded to Rs. 268/12. But at this juncture speculators appeared with large buying orders in the July/August contract. Its rate worked up steadily to Rs. 255 and Rs. 271. Around this level buyers became less active and the rates receded to Rs. 254/8 and Rs. 270/8. A quiet tone prevailed. Later there was renewed buying in the Broach July/August contract which took up its rate to Rs. 258. April/May worked upto Rs. 272. Demand slowed down and on profit-taking the rates receded and hovered around Rs. 256/4 and Rs. 270. At this juncture some offices appeared on the buying side. Mahajan traders put through heavy buying orders. Option dealers joined hands with them. Broach July/Aug. and April/May firmed upto Rs. 259 and Rs. 279.

Later in the afternoon, there was increased selling pressure which brought down the rates to Rs. 256/8 and Rs. 271/8. On renewed demand the rates recovered to Rs. 257 and Rs. 273/8. Further selling orders brought down the Broach July/Aug to Rs. 255/4 while April/May remained round Rs. 273/4. Prices thereafter fluctuated either side. Towards close, the rates were being quoted at Rs. 256 and Rs. 273/12. Closing rates at 5 p.m.

Broach July/Aug	Rs.	255 12	0
Broach April/May		273 4	0
Oomra July		206 8	0
Oomra Dec/Jan		216 0	0
Bengal January		149 8	0
Bengal Dec/Jan		159 4	0

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay : June 27.

Linseed September contract opened at Rs. 5/14 showing a quarter anna improvement from its last close and thereafter hovered around this level Wheat also opened at Rs. 4/7/3 and later receded to Rs. 4/6/6 on scattered selling.

In the afternoon scattered support came in and prices recovered and closed as under :—

Linseed September	Rs.	5 15	0
Wheat September		4 7	0
Wheat January		4 11	0

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay, June 27

The following are the weekly quotations for the Precious Metals :

Platinum 100 per cent Rs. 80 per tola Elephant Brand
Platinum 97 per cent Rs. 79 per tola Elephant Brand
Platinum 25 per cent Rs. 20 per tola Anchor Brand.
Palladium 100 per cent Rs. 50 per tola.
Iridium 100 per cent Rs. 200 per tola
Osmium 100 per cent Rs. 70 per tola
Ruthenium 100 per cent Rs. 90 per tola
Rhodium 100 per cent Rs. 250 per tola

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London : June 26.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stocks—	£
3 per cent 1948	89 1/8
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	100
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	80 7/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	105 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	104 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	113 1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	112
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	8 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	75 1/2
National Bank of India	31 1/2

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, June 27.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 97/10
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 96/0
3 1/2 per cent 1941 Bonds 100/7
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 99/15
3 1/2 Per cent 1947/50 Loan 102/13
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 109/5
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104/2
3 per cent War Bonds 101/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 113/0

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111/8
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 115-4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 126

CORPURATION DERENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 108/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 108
5 per cent M Deb 1956 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 128
6 per cent K P T 1956 128

Tone :—Steady to firm.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay : June 27.

Trading was narrow and inactive in both the Silver and Gold markets. Owing to absence of stimulating news, dealers preferred to hold aloof. Hence price movements were confined to a narrow margin. Silver 1st settlement opened at Rs. 62/14/6 without showing any change from the previous close and thereafter remained round this level with a limited turnover. Gold also opened quiet at Rs. 42/2/6 and remained almost stationary at this level. There were no special features to note.

Closing rates :—

SILVER

Ready	Rs.	63 1	0
1st settlement		62 15	0
2nd settlement		62 14	0

GOLD

Ready		42 2	0
1st settlement		42 2	3
2nd settlement		42 2	6

LONDON SILVER
London : June 26.

Spot	23 3/8
Forward	23 3/8

LONDON GOLD
London : June 26.

Gold bars fine per Oz.	£8/8/0

Sugar Market

Bombay : June 27.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Ready Bond Rs. 10/4
Shipment June Rs. 9/4 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ordinary Rs. 14/4 to 14/12
Large Grain Rs. 14/13 to 15/7.
Tone :—Steady.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay : June 27.

Yellow metal sheet	Rs. 79
Copper sheets	Rs. 85

Tone :—Closed.

BOMBAY YORN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES
Bombay : June 27.

Yarn No.	June	August	October
6 1/2s.	145	146	147
10 1/2s.	188	190	191
20 1/2s.	278	280	282
40s.	395	397	399

BANK OF ENGLAND WEEKLY RETURNS

London : June 26.

	This week in £.
Total bullion	1,900,000
Public deposits	25,300,000
(a) Other deposits	162,900,000
Government securities	137,900,000
(b) Other securities	25,200,000
Notes and Coin	42,900,000
Notes in circulation	639,000,000
Ratio of reserve to liabilities 22.80 per cent.	
(a) Other deposits include bankers	112,500,000
(b) Other securities include discounts	6,900,000
Total deposits	188,200,000
Total securities	163,100,000

LONDON EXCHANGES

London : June 26.

T T London on New York 4.023 to 4.03½; Madrid 40.80; Montreal 4.43 to 4.47; Berne 17.30 to 17.40; Stockholm 16.85 to 16.95.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

With encouraging foreign advices the market opened higher and witnessed a steadily rising tendency in to-day's session. Tata Deferreds opened at 1990 and improved to 2010, while Tata Ordinaries opened at 382 and finished at 385. Amongst textiles Bombay Dyeings staged a further rise to 1096 while Central Indias advanced to 293-12. Business in Indian Irons was done around 32/12.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day :—

Tata Deferreds (1985) 1990 2000 1995 2005 2002-8 2010

Tata Ordinaries (381/8) 382 83/8 83 85 84,85.

Tata Ordinary 385, Tata Deferred 2010. Indian Iron 32/14, Steel Corporation of Bengal 20/14, Bombay Dyeing 1095, Central India 293/12, Century 468/12, Gokak 207/8, Kohinoor 440, Simplex 115, Andhra Valley 1615, Tata Hydro 176/4, Tata Power 1605, Associated Cement 142/8, Belapur 202/8, Bombay Burma Old 490.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay : June 27.

LONDON—
Banks buying 90 days/8t. 1/6 7/32 two months.
Banks buying 90 days/8t. 1/6 1/4 three months.
Banks buying 90 days/8t. 1/6 9/32 four months.
B. C. RATES—
T T 1/5 29/32; D D 1/5 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32
NEW YORK—
Ex-rates Dol 4.02 1/2-3 1/2
Banks selling T T Rs. 333 1/4; D D Rs. 333 1/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 330; D D Rs. 330 1/8
MONTREAL—
Ex-rates Dol. 4.43/47
Banks selling T T Rs. 303; D D Rs. 303
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4; D D Rs. 296 1/4.
JAVA—
Ex-rates Gld 7.58/62
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 55
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
JAPAN—
Ex-rates Sh 1/2 1/2
Banks selling T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs 77 1/4
BERNE—
Ex-rates Fcs 17.30/40
Banks selling T T Fcs 125 3/4
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2
STOCKHOLM—
Ex-rates K 16.85/95
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
SINGAPORE—
Ex-rates Sh 2/4 5/32 7/32
Bank's selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
HONGKONG—
Ex-rates Sh 1/3 1/32
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81 1/2.
SHANGHAI—
Ex-rates Sh. 0/3 1/2
Banks selling T T Rs. 20; D D Rs. 19
Banks buying T T Rs. 17; D D Rs. 17
MEXICO—
Ex-rates Pes 19.5 21.5
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.87
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
LISBON—
Ex-rates Dol Ex 99.80 100.20
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom. D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
NEW YORK—
Ex-rates Dol. 4.03 1/2
JAPAN—
Banks buying 60 days 76 1/2
Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Steady.
Gold £8/8/0 Ready
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 3/8 Ready; 23 3/8 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

NEW YORK COTTON 28 POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICE.

OCTOBER

	New York, June 27
Previous closing	14.89
To-day's opening	15.13
Difference	+24
To-day's closing	15.17
Difference	+28

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach July/August	Rs. 260-0
Broach April/May	Rs. 277-4

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 27

The New York cotton displayed considerable activity to-day with the steadiness of securities and contracts were scarce.

Trading in October began at 15.13 i.e. 24 points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on increased trade and local support with some covering purchases but hedging and liquidation caused a slight recession.

The following are opening ranges :—

July)14.47/47) 14.88/88
October (14.67/67) 15.13/12
December (14.77/77) 15.18/17

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, June 27

Castorseeds unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta June July (£18 9/16) £18 9/16
Linseed La Plata July (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
Groundnut Coromandal Coast June July (£17 1/4) £17 1/4

JUTES

Dundee June (£49 nominal) £49
Lightning (£45 nominal) £45

RUBBER

Spot (13 5/8d buyers) 13 5/8d buyers
Forward October December (13 9/16d value) 13 9/16d value

LONDON METALS

Tin (£257 1/2 buyers; £257 3/4 sellers. Easier) £257 buyers; £257 1/4 sellers. Barely steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 8 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 27

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 27

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 27

London Stock Exchange was closed to-day.

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London, June 27

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, June 27

Spot (23 3/8d) 23 3/8d nil
Forward (23 3/8d) 23 3/8d nil

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30,33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-3 3/16 to 0-3 1/2) 0-3 3/16 to 0-3 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS.

London, June 27

There was no trading during the night session.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 27

The New York Stock Exchange opening prices :—

General Motors (dol 38 5/8) dol 38 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 27 3/8) unquoted
U S Steel Common (dol 56 7/8) dol 57 1/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 119 1/4) dol 119 1/4

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, June 27

Cotton Sind July	16	8	0
January	18	9	9
Punjab July	15	9	6
January	16	9	6
American July	31	9	6
January	30	14	9
Market : Steady.			
Wheat July	31	6	9
September	32	2	6
Market : Steady.			
Gram July	29	0	0
September	29	9	3
Toria July	35	7	0
September	36	11	0
Cottonseed July	17	9	0
September	18	1	6

Calcutta Exchange Firm And Active

Calcutta, June 27

The Stock Exchange ruled firm and active. Cottons, Jutes, Teas and Government Securities improved on good support. Coals were less active and somewhat easier. Speculative counters of the market ruled steady and a fair turnover resulted.

The following were the closing quotations.

Government securities : 3 per cent Government paper 82/8; 3 per cent Defence bonds 1946 101/14; 3 per cent loan 1963/65 94/4 small lots; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 96; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 109/3; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/7; 3 per cent Punjab 1949 99/9.

Banks : Imperial fully paid 1588; Reserve 103/8.

Cottons : Cawnpore Textiles 7/7; Dunbar 35/8; Elgin Mills ord 22/9; Kesoram 7/9; New Victoria ord 2/11; Pref 5/10.

Coals : Bengal 354; Bhulan Bararee 10/6 small odd lot; Bokaro and Ramgur 14/12; Burrakur 12/12; Central Kurkend 14/7; Dhemo Main 13/8; Equitable 34/4; Ghusick and Muslia 3/15; Katras Jherriah 26/8 small lot; Pench Valley 33/4 small lot; Samla 2/2; Sendra 11/6; South Karanpura 4/8; Standard 19/6 small odd lot;

Jutes : Agarpara 31; Albion 210; Alliance 364/8; pref 132; Anglo-India 352; Auckland 181; Bally 244; Barnagore 113/8; Belvedere 460 small lot; Bengal Jute ord 16/12; Birla 29; Budge Budge 383; Cheviot 207; Chitavalsah 12/10; Clive 24/4 small lot; Craig 8/2; Pref 59; Dalhousie 330; Delta 420; Empire 26/4; Fort Gloster 542; Fort William 253; Gourepore 693; Hastings pref 135; Howrah 54; Hukumchand 12/9; pref 140; India 354; Kamarhatty 518; Kanknarrah 422/8; Lawrence 420; Megna 44/12; Naihati 307 small lot; National 24; Nellimaria 9/12; New Central ord 319; Northbrook 35/12; Ruddea 64; Orient 205; Presidency 5/1; Union 415; Waverley 3/2; pref 59.

Minings : Burma Corpn 4/12; Consolidated Tin 2/6; Indian Copper 2/4; Karanpura Development 7/8; Rhodesia Copper annas 12; Tavoy Tin 1/1.

Engineering Companies : Braithwaite and Co 9/2; Britannia Eng 11; Burn and Co ord 395; Hukumchand Steel ord 13/7; defd 2/6; Indian Iron and Steel 32/11; Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 55/8 small lot; defd 7; Kumardhubi Eng ord 4/6; pref 127; B I Corpn ord 20/8; pref 119; Steel Products 5/9.

Miscellaneous : Dalmia Cement ord 12/4; Pref 114; Reliance Firebricks 10/10 c div; Upper Juma Elec 11/4; Hooghly Flour 10/12; United Flour 8/14; Bararee Coke 23; Calcutta Safe Deposit 7/4; Calcutta Trams ord 15; Dunlop Rubber ord 41 small lot; India Wood Products 28; Kalimpong Ropeway 10; Spencer and Co B pref 9/8 ct; British Burma Petroleum 3/13; Papers India Paper Pulp 149; Mysore 15/5; Orient ord 12/11; Old Pref 107/8; Sreegopal 11/11; Star 11/8; Titaghur ord 19/7; Midnapore Zemindary 73; Pajam Rubber dol 1.83 cts; India General Navigation ord 88/8; Sugars : Baland 16/8 small lot; Champaran 14/13; New Savan 7/12; Purtabpore pref 16; Ramnugger Cane and Sugar pref 125; Raza 17/7; Samastipore 8;

Teas : Bateli 5/8 c div; Betjan 26/4; Bhatkawa 44 c div; Dauracherra 12/2; Grob B 6/12; Gungaram 377; Hattikhira 20; Hoograjuli 15; Moheema 8/4; Patrakola 910; Seajuli 22; Sonai River 16/8; Tezpore 7/12; Tukvar 12/6.

Debentures : 3 1/4 per cent 1966/66 Howrah Bridge 98/5; small odd lot; 4 per cent 1951 Rangoon Port Trust 103/8; 4 1/2 per cent 1936-86 Clive Buildings 102/4.—A.P.

Alleged Breach Of Lighting Regulation

Reports have appeared in some papers that Mr. Ramnath Podar who was arrested by the Police in Bombay in connection with breach of lighting regulations. The fact is that a notice was served on him to appear in Court in connection with the alleged breach of lighting regulations and that he was not arrested at any time.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, June 27

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £100

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 27

London Stock Exchange was firm.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, June 27

5 per cent 1958/68 (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£80 7/8) £81 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 1/8) £105 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£113 1/2) £113 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£104 1/4) £104 1/2
New York Loan (£100 7/8) £100 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£112) £112

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (12-0) 12-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (30-3) 30-6
Electric Music Industry (10-4 1/2) 10-6
Princhin Johnson (20-7 1/2) 20-4 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (31-6) 31-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (50-4 1/2) 50-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates (£56 1/2) £56 1/2
Dundee Rubber (34-1 1/2) 34-0
Unilever Ordinary (22-1 1/2) 22-6
Ford Motors (19-0) 19-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£61) £61
British American Tobacco Ordinary (83-9) 83-9
Carreas 'A' (£4) £4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (93-9) 93-9
P and O Def (24-1 1/2) 24-0
Distillers (55-9) 56-3
Bredfords Dye (4-6) 4-6
British Celanese (4-0) 4-3
J and P Coates (32-4 1/2) 32-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (29-6) 30-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-0) 3-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (15-7 1/2) 15-9
Inter Nickel (dol 39) dol 38 7/8
Indian Iron (46-10 1/2) 48-9

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (28-9) 28-9
Empire of India (20-4 1/2) 20-4 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£7) £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-7 1/2) 14-9
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26-1 1/2) 26-1 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (17-6) 17-6
Burma Corporation (6-9) 6-9
Rio Tintos (£6) £6
East Rand Properties (41-3) 41-3
Rand Mines (£7) £7

MINE SHARES

Crown (£10 3/4) £10 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (53-9) 53-9
Trinidad Leasehold (69-4 1/2) 69-4 1/2
Sub Nigel (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (21-3) 21-3
Union Corporation (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Anglo India (31-3) 31-3
Burma Oil (51-3) 51-3
Mexican Eagle (6-9) 7-1 1/2
Shell Transport (43-9) 44-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (£16) £16

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£36 3/4) £36 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£13 3/8) £13 3/8
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Defd (£12 1/8) £12 1/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£123 1/2) £123
London Transport (£36 1/2) £36 1/2

'Mekla' Sinking Inquiry

CALCUTTA, June 27

The Special Marine Court of Inquiry into the sinking of the steamer "Mekla" near Barisal during the stormy night of April 28, resulting in the loss of several lives, completed to-day its work at the Port Office, with the Chief Presidency Magistrate as President and four Marine Superintendents as Members and Assessors.

According to the Government the ship sank due to the negligence of the ship's Serang while the Steam Company maintained that the disaster took places due to a sudden violent storm which capsized the ship.

The findings of the Court will be forwarded to the Government in due course for necessary action. —United Press.

Mrs. Khaitan Improving

CALCUTTA, June 27.

Mrs. D. P. Khaitan who was seriously injured in a car accident on Wednesday night is improving —United Press.

MADRAS JAIL DELIVERY

MADRAS, June 27.

A Press Note issued to-day says: the Government have ordered that all prisoners in jail on June 30, who are serving terms of imprisonment of not less than six months, are to be released when they have served a term of one-half of the total sentence excluding remission, or of five years, including remission, whichever is less.

This order excludes persons who have been convicted under the Defence of India Rules either for 'Satyagraha' or for offences not connected with 'Satyagraha'

Where the unexpired portion of a sentence is comparatively small no conditions will be attached to the release; but in other cases the release will be conditional on the execution of a bond with sureties, binding the released prisoner to be of good behaviour for a specified period, which will not exceed two years.—A. P.

Insurance

INDIAN MERCANTILE'S PROGRESS

Increase In Net Premium Income: Excellent Results Achieved, Says Chairman

The 33rd General Meeting of the Indian Mercantile Insurance Company, Limited, was held on Thursday evening, at the Registered office of the Company when Mr. Devidas Madhowji Thakersey, the Chairman of the Company, presided. The Chairman, before moving for the adoption of the Report and the Accounts, said:

"With your permission, I take the Report, the Revenue Accounts and Balance Sheet as read. You must have noted that the Company during the last financial year has been able to achieve excellent results. Its net premium income from all departments has been Rs. 6,04,878/- against Rs. 4,87,464/- in 1939 recording an increase of more than 24 per cent.

FIRE ACCOUNT.

The Fire account has made substantial progress. The Gross and Net Fire Premiums in 1940 have recorded a gain of 13 and 22½ per cent. respectively. Claims have been less, at 10 per cent against 16.2 per cent in 1939. The ratio of expenses including commission has also gone down from 59 to 50 per cent. I draw here your attention to the figures of commission and management expenses. In spite of the increase of 22 per cent. in net premium income, Commissions in 1940, have decreased by Rs. 20,370/- while the Expenses of Management have increased by Rs. 27,629/-. You must have been glad to note that the Fire account after making the reserve adjustment at 40 per cent. by an addition of Rs. 17,124/- to Reserve for unexpired risks has made an under-writing profit excluding interests shown in that account, of Rs. 73,127/- against Rs. 35,600/- made in 1939. The Fire Reserve funds now amount to Rs. 2,77,274/-.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

I now speak to you on the working of the Life Department. It has completed a business of Rs. 18,21,250/- against Rs. 18,10,750/- last year. The most satisfactory feature of this account has been lowering of expense ratio including commissions to 33 per cent from 40.8 per cent last year. Life Fund has recorded a substantial increase of Rs. 2,17,819/-. It now amounts to Rs. 5,90,251/-.

DIVIDEND AND BONUS.

The report and accounts were then adopted and a dividend of Rs. 2/8/- plus bonus at annas 0/12/0 per share absorbing Rs. 68,747-4-0 was sanctioned. The balance of Rs. 36,741-11-5 was carried to next year's account. The funds of the Company, including Paid-up Capital, now amount to Rs. 19,61,638-9-9.

After re-electing the retiring Directors and Auditors the meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

Bhopal Yacht Races

BHOPAL, June 25.

The following is the order in which the boats finished in the fourth race of the Commodore Cup series run this evening:—

"RED BREAST" (Skipper—Nawabzada Fakhur-ul-Mulk) 57 minutes.

"NACSHABA" (Skipper—Mr. J. C. Boodrie) 58 minutes 9 seconds.

"CURLEW" (Skipper—Nawabzada Yemin-ul-Mulk) 1 hour 1 minute and 33 seconds.

"STARLING" (Skipper—Dr. Vai Mooraj) 1 hour, 1 minute and 58 seconds.

"OLGA" (Skipper—Col. Cram) 1 hour 3 minutes and 49 seconds

"CORALE" (Skipper—Col. Stewarts) 1 hour, 6 minutes and 4 seconds.—A. P.

Lucknow Soccer

LUCKNOW, June 26.

The second semi-final of the Khan Bahadur Abdul Ghafoor Shield Football Tournament between the E.I.R. Indian Institute and Golden Sports Club, Cawnpore, resulted in a goal-less draw. —A. P.

REFORM OF HINDU LAW

Rau Committee Plans Preliminary Survey Of Various Branches

SIMLA, June 27.

Following the Government of India's reported decision to enlarge the terms of reference of the Rau Committee on Hindu Law it is learned that Sir B. N. Rau has commenced work on a plan under which he will make a preliminary survey of the various branches of the Hindu Law and hold meetings of the Committee as soon as adequate data for discussion are ready.

The Law of Succession is believed to be the first head to be thus taken up for consideration. Other topics like the Law of Marriage will be examined in turn.

Sir B. N. Rau, as was recently announced, is also Chairman of the Committee appointed to enquire into the Sind-Punjab dispute over the distribution of the waters of the Indus. It is expected that he may interrupt the work of the Hindu Law Committee sometime in September in order to complete the enquiry into this dispute.—A. P.

No Ammunition For Eire

Roosevelt On American Aid To Soviet

NEW YORK, June 27.

President Roosevelt dealt with the subject of American help to the U. S. S. R. against the Germans at his Press Conference today. He said that he expected to confer on this matter by telephone to-day with Mr. Sumner Welles, Under Secretary of State when he expected to receive a report of the conversation which the Russian Ambassador, M. Oumansky, had with Mr. Sumner Welles yesterday.

Replying to a question how long it would be before the United States would be turning out defence material "in a tremendous volume", President Roosevelt said that such a general question could not be answered categorically. It depended on what article was concerned. For some things, the peak had already been reached. For others, top production might not come for six months, for eight months or a year.

ONLY RIFLES FOR THE IRISH

President Roosevelt stated at a Press Conference to-day (Friday) that he was investigating the question of sending some rifles to the Irish but no ammunition could be sent because the United States was "way behind on ammunition" even for herself.

President Roosevelt said that the Irish wanted all kinds of things in addition to rifles but most of these were things that the United States could not get.

He emphasised that armament aid for Ireland must follow assurances that the Irish would defend themselves against a German attack. No such assurance has been received.

President Roosevelt disclosed that shortage of aluminium confronted the nation in its defence efforts.

President Roosevelt is spending the week-end at his Hydepark Residence.—Reuter.

RAJEN BABU'S ADVICE TO LAWYERS

DACCA, June 27.

Addressing a meeting of lawyers at the Bar Association Hall this morning, Dr. Rajendra Prasad urged them to form a Peace Committee with men of different communities and theologies. He said that they should agree at least to maintain peace, and use no violence.

Later Dr. Prasad, accompanied by Acharya Kripalani left for Calcutta.—A. P.

Mr. Hirjibhoy Fakirjee Drowned

KARACHI, June 25.

Mr. Hirjibhoy Fakirjee Cowasjee, junior partner of Messrs. Cowasjee and Sons, a firm of multi-millionaires, was drowned at Bath Island.

The deceased, who was 35 years old, was having a swim in the sea at the island, along with two other companions, when he was swept away. In spite of the best efforts of his friends to hold him he was carried away in the current.—United Press.

Arrival From Eritrea Discharged

Tulsidas Madhoji Lalji, who was arrested on the 1st, when he landed in Bombay from Asmara Eritrea, on the suspicion that he was an acquaintance of Roshanali Ahmedalli who is being tried at Asmara, by a military tribunal, on a charge of waging war against the Crown, was discharged to-day by Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court as there was no evidence against him.

The police had charged Tulsidas Madhoji Lalji with a similar offence—waging war against the Crown.

Stalin Upsets Hitler's Dream

(Continued from Page 1.)

craft fire, but it appeared capable of returning to its base.

MOSCOW REVIEWS THE FRONTS

MOSCOW, June 27.

The following is the text of the Russian War 'Communique': "In the Minsk-Baranovitch sector, we took up new positions where we are regrouping for further military action.

In the direction of Luck and in the area of Suleni in Bessarabia sector of the front, fighting continued throughout the night.

On the other parts of the front, the night passed quietly.

Enemy aviation on the night of June 26 repeatedly bombed the towns of Borisov, Bobruisk and Mogilov.

Our air force throughout June 26 carried out innumerable attacks on the enemy's tank columns in the direction of Vilna, Brody and Baranowicze. As the result of these attacks, the enemy suffered heavy losses in tanks.

The bombing of military objectives in Bucharest and Ploesti has caused great damage. Port Constanza was also severely damaged.

Our commanders and soldiers are fighting with great courage. Captain Mandiv, Commander of an armoured division, dispersed with his fire enemy motorised units which were preparing to cross a river and destroyed about half the company, six guns and three pontoons.

Flight Lieutenant Matlak destroyed three enemy planes in an air combat. Flight Lieutenant Shiyan successfully fought for a whole hour five German fighters and, although three times wounded, brought his plane safely back to base.

The population are aiding our troops in every possible way and fully understand their duty towards their Fatherland".

Fantastic Axis Claims

ANKARA: Well-informed circles here confirm that Axis troops have not crossed the river Pruth and all reports reaching here indicate that the Russians are fighting with extreme bravery, attacking and counter-attacking at all points on the southern front.

The Axis here continues to make amazing claims such as 2,000 Russian planes were destroyed in the first two days of the war, but give divergent accounts of the proportion of those destroyed on the ground and in the air.

Confirmation in the Russian 'communique' regarding the fighting in the region of the river Pruth has greatly impressed neutral observers here, especially as the Rumanians admit that Constanza, Galat, Sulina and other places in Rumania have been severely damaged.

Berlin Buzzing With Rumours

STOCKHOLM: The non-committal nature of the German 'communiques' had been widely commented upon here, while Berlin is buzzing with rumours and tensely awaiting news of successes promised by the High Command. The High Command again this evening in a 'communique' issued much later than usual mentioned "imminent announcement" of victories while "decisive successes" have been several times promised. Hitherto, however, nothing very concrete has been announced and rumours about the progress of the fighting are mostly from foreign sources.

Many Berliners hopefully attribute the delay in giving details to the "uninterrupted and fantastic speed of the German advance." according to Swedish correspondents in Berlin. They agree that the High Command report may be delayed for some time yet and say that military quarters in Berlin no longer venture to promise the definite date of success.

The German Official News Agency continue to assert that battles have developed according to plan, but somewhat significantly declares that the grouping of Russian forces "clearly proves" that the Soviet had aggressive intentions and was concentrating to attack Germany. Two major battles, the agency says, have developed for the towns of Lvov and Bialystok which towns are in the centre of the Russian frontier sectors projecting westward and Russians had evidently concentrated there "for an attack and not defence."

The German News Ageney claims that the 'Luftwaffe' continues its destructive action against the Russian air force. It admits, however, Russian attacks against Rumanian territory and says that these are being made in the belief that this is the weak spot where they will meet little resistance. The agency claims that these attacks have achieved no results.

The German High Command 'communique' claims "our troops on all fronts have won decisive results. The announcement is imminent."

Renewed Attacks On Leningrad?

VICHY: German planes coming from the North have renewed their attacks on Leningrad and the Russian naval base of Kronstadt, says the Vichy News Agency.

Upto Friday morning the Finnish port of Abo had been bombed fourteen times by Russian warplanes. According to the same source two German mechanised forces are moving towards Minsk one from Vilna in Lithuania and the other through the Baronowicz gap.—Reuter.

TWO MORE WINNERS OF 'WIN THE WAR RUPEE FUND'

BOMBAY, June 27.

Two more winners of the "Win The War Rupee Fund" presented their tickets to-day. They are Mr. Homi F. Tata (3rd prize Rs. 2,000) and Mr. Saar (fourth prize Rs. 1,000.)

Three 'Amicus Curiae' Applications Admitted

LAHORE, June 27.

Three 'amicus curiae' applications filed by the Lahore High Court Bar Association against the conviction and sentences of one Congress worker and two Ahrar workers were admitted to-day by the Lahore High Court.

Shrimati Sohag Rani, a Congress worker, who offered Satyagraha in a suburb of Lahore, had been sentenced to one year's imprisonment, while Abdul Karim Shorab, an Ahrar worker had been sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment for delivering two alleged objectionable speeches. The third petition was against the sentence of three years' R. I. passed against Abdul Gafoor, an Ahrar worker of Delhi —A. P.

GENERAL DECREASE IN SOLAR ACTIVITY

Kodaikanal Observatory Report

JUNE 27.

A general decrease in solar activity is revealed by the annual report of the Kodaikanal Observatory for 1940, which has just been published. Observing conditions were slightly more favourable in 1940 than in 1939.

The mean daily number of sunspots decreased by 25 per cent and the mean daily areas of hydrogen absorption markings by 19 per cent.

Photographs of the sun in ordinary light were obtained on 337 days and photographs in the lights emitted by calcium and hydrogen on the sun on 314 and 273 days respectively. Prominences were photographed on 302 days.

Three hundred and 90 original photographs of calcium disc spectroheliograms were supplied to the Cambridge Solar Physics Observatory and daily character figures of solar activity according to H bright and dark markings were communicated to the international Astronomical Union.

The Milne-Shaw seismograph of the Observatory recorded 182 earthquakes during the year.

EXPERIMENTAL AND THEORETICAL RESEARCH

One of the results of experimental research was the design and construction of a photo-electric photometer for directly measuring the intensities of spectral lines without the use of photographic plates. With this instrument were measured the contours of a few solar lines in order to study the structure of the sun's atmosphere. Theoretical studies of the motion of gases in the sun's atmosphere were carried out and it was found possible to explain many of the major peculiarities of dark markings and prominences. A statistical examination of the data collected during 25 years revealed an apparent influence of the earth on solar prominences.

Studies in Zeeman effect in the laboratory and solar magneto-optics were also continued.

INDIAN SOLDIER'S BRAVERY

Distinguished Service Medal Awarded

SIMLA, June 27.

For great bravery and initiative in an action on the Barentu Road an Indian N. C. O. has been awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal, says a Press Note.

On January 23rd, No. 12847 Naik Indar Singh, while commanding a forward section of the 13th F. F. Rifles found himself engaged by enemy machineguns at close quarters. He at once seized the Brengun of his section and rushed forward 25 yards to silence enemy machineguns. Immediately afterwards, he saw enemy infantry moving to counter-attack. He at once shifted to a suitable position and drove back the enemy in disorder, inflicting heavy casualties.—A. P.

Released Due To Wife's Illness

LAHORE, June 27.

The Punjab Government have ordered the release of Nirmal Singh a Satyagrahi of Sialkot, on account of the ill-health of his wife. He had been convicted and sentenced to one year's imprisonment on April 30.—A. P.

RADIO PROGRAMMES FOR STUDENTS

The Bombay school programmes began on the 23rd June. Most of the courses serve the twofold purpose of helping the older children to grow up and to shoulder the responsibilities which they will soon have to bear as adult members of society.

Thus the series "What Will You Be?" to be given by Minoo Masani has been arranged to assist them in exploring their own interests and choosing their occupations to suit them.

The Science series "Our Industries" has been planned to show them that the Science they are taught at school is not merely an academic asset but a system of knowledge they can use later, if they so wish, both to their own and the society's advantage. The history series too consisting of a series of plays called "Living with Your Neighbours" by Aubrey Menon and a series of talks called "Some Glimpses into the Past" to be broadcast by Dr. V. S. Sukthankar, tell them why men learned to live in groups and how they grew up to find such developed civilisations as those of Egypt, Babylon and Assyria, because they worked and learned to organise the life of their group.

PLAYS ON MATHEMATICS

Of the remaining series the plays on Mathematics and the serial story in Geography called "The Lost Necklace" need only be mentioned here. The idea of presenting plays in Mathematics is quite unique in broadcasting. Some of these plays will be fantastic and numbers and lines will come to life. Others will be historical when real men from Egypt and Arabia will talk about the marvellous things that they found numbers could do. These plays written by John Rowdon will not be able to teach mathematics on radio, but they will be able to show the children that mathematics is neither dull nor abstract, but very practical and that working with numbers can be as fascinating as playing on musical instruments.

The serial story "The Lost Necklace" by Ernst Schaeffer is a detective describing the occupations, the customs, and the habits of living of the people of the Balkan States and the Baltics. These countries were chosen because they have been so much in the news lately, and the talks were cast in the form of a detective story because they would so create a greater interest than straightforward talks could have done. "The Lost Necklace" will thus combine the appeal of a Sherlock Holms with the information of a Georgraphical survey.

ERRORS IN ENGLISH

"Errors in English" is another new venture of this term's programmes. It consists of a series of dialogues in which the tutor Professor Choksi points out the "snares and pitfalls" of the English language to a student and tells him how they can be avoided. This series will show children why some common errors in the use of English are commonly made and will assist the teachers in getting their pupils to avoid these errors.

The remaining courses consist of Current News Reviews, Music Lessons, Mushairas and talks on English, Gujarati and Kannada Literature. The well-known writers, Messrs. A. A. Kanekar and K. Narayan Kale, appear in the Marathi Literature programmes in a series of dialogues—in which they discuss why literature must be taught and whether it need be taught at all. In another series "Six Authors and a Story," six other Marathi writers will collaborate and write a serial story.

Did You Need COD LIVER OIL?

BUY OUR

SHARK LIVER OIL

BECAUSE

(1) It has been extracted and refined under strictly scientific conditions.

(2) It has been tested and testified by expert medical opinion in the country to be far superior to Cod Liver Oil.

(3) It contains 2,000 International Units of Vitamin A and 200 International Units of Vitamin D per gramme whereas the finest Cod Liver Oil contains only 500 International Units of Vitamin A and 100 International Units of Vitamin D per gramme.

This Strength is GUARANTEED

Available in one lb.-bottles at one Rupee a lb or in 5, 12 40 gallons returnable drums at Rs. 7-8-0 a gallon.

Delivery Okha.

Write for particulars to the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF FISHERIES, OKHA.

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad 4, 1997
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 2, 1360
Parsi: Dehe 27, 1310
Hightide: 1-43, 14-24
Lowtide: 7-32, 20-21
Sunrise: 6h 4m
Sunset: 7h 20m

LECTURE ON VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY—Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on 'Vedanta Philosophy' (Brahma Sutra) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescott Road, Fort, to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

GITA CLASS—Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct the weekly class on 'Bhagawat Gita' at the Mission Library Hall, Khar Road to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m.

MOGAVEER UJAVASTHAPAK MANDALI—Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee will preside over 38th anniversary and prize distribution function of Free Night High School at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday) at C. J. Hall.

AMBARNATH WOMAN SATYAGRAHI'S RELEASE

Mrs. Kalyanidevi Puthrannarya, who has been convicted for the second time for offering Satyagraha in Thana District and undergoing imprisonment in Yeravda Central Prison, will be released after completion of term of imprisonment on the 30th instant and will be arriving at Ambernath on the same day at 4-30 p.m.

FORT KHADI BHANDAR—A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar Branch No. 2 (Readymoney Mansion, Churchgate Street, Fort) will remain closed for sales to-day (Saturday) on account of its annual stock-takings.

KHADI PRINTING & DYEING WORKS KHADI SHOP—Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works Khadi Shop (95A, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon) will remain closed to-morrow (Sunday) for sales on account of its annual stock-takings.

MANDVI KHADI BHANDAR—A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar Branch No. 1 (Azad Bhavan, Musjid Bunder Road, Mandvi) will remain closed to-morrow (Sunday) for sales on account of its annual stock-takings.

KANNADA SAHITYA STUDY CIRCLE MATUNGA—A discourse in Kannada on Sjt. Puttappa's "Kurukshetra" will be given by Mr. H. Srinivasan, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the premises of the Kannada School, Chandavarkar Road, Matunga, G.I.P.

BOMBAY INCORPORATED LAW SOCIETY—The examination of Articled Clerks will be held by the Bombay Incorporated Law Society in the High Court Building on September 22 next and the following days. Applications for leave to appear at the examination (with the necessary particulars) should be sent so as to reach Mr. Narayan H. Pandia, Honorary Secretary by August 31.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTIFICATION—Owing to imperfect telegraph communication with Karachi due to line disturbances, telegrams to and from Karachi are subject to delay.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE—A meeting of the Managing Council of the Girgaum District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the 'D' Ward Committee's Office to discuss and chalk out a plan in respect of the Electoral Roll of the Legislative Assembly and Council.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Argentine Nights". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Tobacco Road". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Sea Wolf" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Angels Over Broadway". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Topper Returns". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Narad-Naradi". Daily at 1, 4 and 7 p.m.
PATHE—"Asra". Daily at 1, 4 and 7 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar". Daily at 3-30 and 6-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 12-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Charanoki-Dasi". Daily at 1-30, 4 and 7 p.m.
MINERVA—"Lagan". Daily at 1, 4 and 7 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi". Daily at 1, 4 and 7 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Manthan". Daily at 1, 4 and 7 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Amrit". Daily at 1, 4 and 7 p.m.
APOLLO—"Sandesa". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Woman". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
PALACE—"Comrade X". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Holi". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.

BOMBAY SINDHI PRIMARY SCHOOL—Rai Bahadur Naraindas Pohoomal of Pohoomal Bros., will perform the opening ceremony of 'The Bombay Sindhi Primary School' at "Mani-Mahal", Badam-Jhar, Kalbadevi Road on Sunday at 10 a.m.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION—A musical concert will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge. Well-known Cinema and Radio Artistes will participate.

FLAG SALUTATION AT CONGRESS HOUSE

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Girgaum District Congress Committee, a monthly flag salutation ceremony will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. at Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4.

ARYA SAMAJ LECTURE—A public meeting will be held at Arya Samaj Mandir, Kakadwadi, Girgaon, on Sunday at 8 a.m. when Shri Pandit Yeshapalji Shastri will deliver a public lecture on "The Greatness of Vedas".

LECTURE ON KATHA UPANISHAD—Swami Sambuddhananda of Shree Ramakrishna Ashram, Dadar, will conduct the weekly class to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. in Merzellow Mansion, 64, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar.

BOMBAY BRAHMO SAMAJ—Prof. Prathapgiri Ramamurthi will conduct Divine Service to-morrow (Sunday) at the above Samaj, Mazagaon at 7-30 a.m.

"THE GATEWAY OF INDIA"

The Hon. Secretary of the Passengers' & Traffic Relief Association writes:—

The number of the copy of the publication (Bombay—The Gateway of India) of the Passengers' & Traffic Relief Association, Bombay, bearing the Lucky Prize Number is 585. Anybody who has purchased the copy of the above publication bearing this number may sell the copy to the Association for Rs. 50 at the office of the Association, Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

MARRIED TO A WOMAN

HE COULDN'T TOUCH WITHOUT HIS MOTHER'S ORDERS!

What a fun!

What a tragedy!!

ATRE PICTURES' Exposure of The Dictator in every Home

CHARANO-KI-DASI (Hindi)

PAYACHI DASI (Marathi)

Screen Play: PRINCIPAL ATRE.
Direction: G. JAGIRDAR.
Music: ANNASAHEB MAINKAR
Hindi Dialogues: PANDIT ANANDKUMAR

Starring: DURGA KHOTE, VANMALA, JAGIRDAR, KUSUM DESHPANDE, AVINASH, PARCHURE, and Y. SADASHIV.

A 'PEERLESS PICTURES' RELEASE

2ND WEEK OF Capacity Houses at NEW WEST END

HINDI: Daily 4 p.m.
MARATHI: Daily 1-30, 7 p.m.
SUNDAY, TUESDAY MORNING 10 A.M.

Mr. R. S. MAZAGAONKAR.

Mr. R. S. Mazagaonkar is the first student from Koli community to pass the B.Sc. examination in First Class. He is 20 years of age. The Mazagaon Koli Seva Sangh presented him with a prize at its second anniversary on Sunday last.

Let Each Lady In The City ASK HERSELF Am I A Voter?

FOR THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY?

To be a voter the qualification is simple.

You must be a literate, i.e., able to read and write in some language selected by you.

You must be of not less than 21 years of age.

You must apply to the Collector of Bombay, in the prescribed form.

Application forms available at the Congress House and all Ward Congress Committees.

Get yourself enrolled as an elector and help others do likewise.

Congress volunteers are visiting every house for enrolment. Help them to get as many of our women enrolled as possible.

Better still, let each house form a Committee and depute somebody on its behalf to get the necessary application forms and instructions from the Congress Offices in the City.

Remember that all this work must be completed by the 10th of July. So begin now, let there be no delay.

Remember also that our strength lies in our VOTE.

EDITORS' STANDING COMMITTEE

BOMBAY, June 27.

Mr. Sahni, convener of the All India Newspaper Editors' Conference announces that the next meeting of the Standing Committee of the Conference has been fixed by the President for the 23rd of July at Bombay to consider among other things the correspondence between the Government of India and the President on the question of Mahatma Gandhi's statements.—A. P

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC UNION

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Democratic Union will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. at the Servants of India Society's Hall, Sandhurst Road, Bombay to discuss the proposal of calling a citizen's meeting for organizing Defence Volunteer Corps and to consider the situation in the light of the invasion of Soviet Russia by Fascist Germany.

SHRI TATVADYNAN MANDAL—Under the auspices of Shri Tatvadynan Mandal, on Sunday at 8-15 a.m. at Shri Vithal Mandir, Vaidyawadi, Thakurdwar Road, Yogiraj Umeshchandraji (Shri Ramtirtha Yogashrama) will speak on 'Astang-Yoga.'

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION STUDENTS' HOME—Applications are invited from College Students preferably of junior classes for some seats in the Shree Ramakrishna Mission Students' Home at Khar, the model suburb of Bombay. The Home is fully equipped with all amenities. Applications to the Secretary, Shree Ramakrishna Mission Students' Home, Khar, Bombay 21, will be received till the 30th June.

SAWANTWADI STATE SUBJECTS' MEETING

A public meeting of the representatives of all the organisations of Sawantwadi State Subjects in Bombay will be held today (Saturday) at 6 p.m. at Dr. Dhuri's Bio-nature Cure Clinic 21 Currey Road (near the bridge) Bombay 13 to consider the annual joint celebration of the fourth anniversary of late H. H. Bapusaheb Maharaj of Sawantwadi.

'G' WARD DADAR D. C. C.—A meeting of the Congress Workers in our Ward will be held in the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee's Office on Sunday at 9 a.m. to start a perfect Roll Campaign with regard to the Electoral Roll to be prepared in connection with the Bombay Legislative Assembly Elections.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL BALKAN-JI-BARI—A meeting of the Library Committee will be held at 4 p.m. and of the Children's Tour Committee at 4-30 p.m. on Sunday at "Gulistan", 12th Road, Khar.

LAD YUVAK MANDAL—Under the auspices of Shree 'Lad Yuvak Mandal', a programme of Sjt. Vishnupant Pagnis (the well-known artiste of "Sant Tukaram" and "Narsi Bhagat") has been arranged on Sunday at 3 p.m. at Wellington Cinema Hall. Admission passes will be issued at "Lad Wadi", C. P. Tank between 8 a.m. and 9-30 a.m.

SARASWATI COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE—Under the auspices of the above Institute, there will be a public lecture on "Effects of War on Indian Industries" by Mr. K. N. Kamath, Agent, Canara Bank Ltd., Parel, Bombay on Sunday at 4 p.m. (S.T.) under the presidentship of Dr. K. B. Menon of Indian Civil Liberties' Union.

INDIA GOVT.

Will Not Allow Indians To Flood Burma

But Bajpai Has Agreed To Nothing Incompatible With Honour Of India

RANGOON, June 26 (Delayed).

It is learned that the Bajpai delegation may not leave for India to-day as originally arranged.

It is unlikely that the nature of the discussions between the two delegations will be disclosed until Sir G. S. Bajpai has returned to Simla and conferred with his colleagues.

The Government of India, it is recalled, have conceded that they are agreeable not to allow Indians to flood Burma, but feel that Indians permanently settled in Burma or having a stake here should be assured of equitable treatment.

The practical application of this formula may, however, entail considerations of detail in which Burmese proposals may be expected to demand greater stringency than Indian opinion may be prepared for.

COMPLICATED PROBLEM

Speaking at a tea party given by the Indian community, Sir G. S. Bajpai said that the problem with which his Delegation was entrusted was a complicated and intricate one. It could not be viewed in isolation from the status of Burma. The geographical proximity of Burma and India was inerasable fact. So also were the economic and cultural associations of the two countries. But Indians must adjust themselves to the far-reaching possibilities of the political separation of the two countries. They had spoken of the toleration and goodwill of the Burmese people in the past. They must strive to preserve these and if possible, improve the relations and friendship between the two countries.

He added that there was no country in the world which had not its minority problem. There were constitutional provisions and safeguards. But in his simple view the best security for the minority lay in the friendship and goodwill of the majority.

FOR INDIA'S HONOUR AND SELF-RESPECT

Referring to the negotiations, he said that he worked with one single purpose, that of securing the best interests and self-respect of the Indians in Burma. The result of the labours of the two Delegations would not be available for some time. They must hold themselves in patience, until they had that authoritative report.

He could at present only tell them that he had agreed on nothing which, according to his light, might be incompatible with the honour of India or unjust and inequitable for the Indians in Burma.—A. P.

DEED OF SEPARATION MUST BE GIVEN FULL LEGAL EFFECT

English Matrimonial Court Sitting

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice)

Mary Do Rozario ..... Petitioner

Versus

Ernest Do Rozario ..... Respondent

The petitioner was married to the respondent on 5th September 1932 at Vienna in Austria. They lived and cohabited at Vienna, Bombay and Santa Cruz. The relations between them became strained owing to the alleged hostile attitude of the respondent's sisters towards their brother's European wife. The petitioner went to Vienna in November 1933 for a change but alleged that she was obliged to return in April 1934 because the respondent did not make the remittances he had promised. Ultimately, on 25th September 1934, a Deed of Separation was executed between the husband and wife whereby the respondent was to pay the petitioner a lump sum of Rs. 6,500 together with a passage back to Trieste as well as the costs of her solicitors and the parties were to live apart unrestrained as if they were unmarried. By this document the parties further agreed not to take any matrimonial proceedings for restitution of conjugal rights or for alimony each against the other.

The petitioner now contended that this Deed of Separation was not binding upon her because it was signed under coercion when she was destitute and distressed, that the respondent was, at the instigation of his sisters, guilty of cruelty towards the petitioner, and lastly that, by reason of his wilful neglect to maintain the petitioner for the last two years in spite of his having the means to do so, the respondent was guilty of desertion without reasonable cause. The petitioner therefore filed the petition under the Indian Divorce Act of 1869 for Judicial Separation and for permanent alimony.

Counsel for the respondent contended that, even assuming there was coercion, the Matrimonial Court had no jurisdiction to go behind the Deed of Separation until it had first been set aside by the ordinary civil courts as an ordinary voidable contract would require to be set aside under the Indian Contract Act. He, therefore, contended that the Deed of Separation was a complete answer to the petitioner's plea of desertion by the respondent.

His Lordship accepted these arguments advanced by counsel for the respondent. His Lordship observed that living apart under the terms of a Deed of Separation did not constitute desertion without reasonable cause on the part of the respondent. The fact of the Deed was itself "reasonable cause." His Lordship agreed with the observations in the English case of Hymen v. Hymen, that though formerly discarded by Ecclesiastical Courts and disapproved by Courts of Equity, Courts of Law must now give full effect to Deeds of Separation between husband and wife. His Lordship therefore dismissed the petition but passed orders directing the respondent to pay the taxed costs of his wife, the petitioner.

Mr. J. C. Forbes instructed by Messrs. Charles Eastley and Co. appeared for the petitioner.

Mr. D. B. Desai with Mr. P. P. Khambatta instructed by Messrs. S. F. B. Tyabji and Co. appeared for the respondent.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

A running still, nearly 1,200 gallons of wash, contained in 70 kerosene oil tins, four big China jars, two wooden barrels and nearly 10 gallons of illicit liquor was found by the Bandra Police, who raided a house at Chapel Road, Bandra on Thursday night.

The Police headed by Sub-Inspector Mouvi, suddenly surrounded the house and as the doors and windows were immediately closed entrance was forced open by breaking the door.

Seven persons were arrested in this connection.

Mrs. Naidu In Bombay

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu arrived in Bombay from Wardha by the Calcutta Mail ('via' Nagpur) on Friday. She will be staying in Bombay for a few days.

HINDUS ORGANISE FOR SELF-DEFENCE

Conference At Benares On July 1

BENARES, June 27.

The "United Press" learns that a private conference of the prominent Hindus all over the country will be held on July 1, in the Benares Hindu University Hall to consider the present situation with special reference to the Hindu-Muslim relations.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Working President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, Dr. B. S. Moonje and Bhai Paramanand will, among others, attend the conference.

MUNSHI'S QUEST FOR COMMUNAL PEACE

No Decision Yet On His Future Course Of Action

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. K. M. Munshi has not yet decided as to what course of action he should take next. "I am in search of some way by which the law-abiding can be induced to resist goondaism and by which the dangers of loose talk of dividing India can be averted at least during the period of international uncertainty", he told pressmen on Friday.

MR. MUNSHI'S RESIGNATION

Opinion In Poona

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, June 26.

Poona received the news of Mr. K. M. Munshi's exit from Congress fold with mixed feelings. 'A realistic approach to the present regrettable communal situation' is the view expressed by some responsible Congress and Hindu Mahasabha workers. Others doubt the advisability of an open breach with the Congress which might lead to disintegration in an organisation, especially when it is engaged in a non-violent struggle for freedom.

Although it was hinted last week that such a possibility was not altogether out of imagination, the news caused tremendous surprise in the political circles here. Only six days ago Mr. Munshi had an important consultation with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in Yeravda Central Jail and after that Mr. Munshi proceeded to Wardha. What transpired behind the prison-bars is, of course, not known. Even then, it is suggested that Sardar Patel advised Mr. Munshi to follow his own conscience. At the same time, it is said, the Sardar expressed grave doubts as to the practicability of the proposition and asked for a clearer elucidation of Mr. Munshi's immediate practical programme, to which it is said that Mr. Munshi could offer no satisfactory explanation.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1941.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITIES

The reports on the administration of Municipalities in the three Divisions of the Province of Bombay for the year 1939-40 are not very complimentary to the Municipalities. Our local bodies are still far from what they should be and can be, and the Commissioners, who frame the reports, are far more critical in commenting on the work of these bodies than they are in dealing with Government departments. The Commissioner for the Northern Division says: "With a few notable exceptions the administration of the Municipalities cannot be said to have improved. Petty jealousies and the lack of broad outlook, well defined policies and civic sense of duty on the part of councillors of many of the boards were responsible for this." Another defect pointed out by the Commissioner is "the absence of co-ordination between the majority and the minority parties on the boards with the result that the minority members were in some places systematically excluded from the executive and other committees." There may be much exaggeration in such comments. But the defects noted exist to a more or less extent in all Divisions. Similar defects exist in Government Departments, too, and they are due in no small measure to the demoralising effects of bureaucratic administration. Partial Provincial Autonomy effected many improvements though it also created some fresh problems almost inevitable on a long-delayed constitutional change. When Autonomy becomes complete it may be trusted to effect many more improvements.

Facilities For Harijans

Notable among the improvements effected under Congress influence was the provision of better facilities for Harijans. The report for the Northern Division states: "Equal facilities were accorded to the Harijans in matters of education, water supply and other amenities obtaining in municipal areas. No instance of disregard of the rights of these classes has been brought to notice. The Municipalities are generally alive, but not to the full extent as desired by Government, to the wants of their Harijan employees in the matter of permanency of service, benefits of leave, provident fund etc. Major Municipalities are beginning to provide housing accommodation for this class of their employees." This is fairly true of other Divisions, though much improvement is yet needed in this important sphere of civic service. The Municipalities of Ahmedabad and Sholapur are fair models in the care of Harijans. The former has constructed 116 storied tenements for its Harijan employees and in order to provide amenities to the Harijan localities it has constructed some five new roads in and about these localities. About the Sholapur Municipality the report for the Central Division says: "Suitable and sanitary housing accommodation for the Scheduled Classes in different parts of the municipal area is a scheme which specially deserves to be noted. The example furnished by this Municipality is worthy of emulation by other bodies with sound finances. An area of 38 acres has been acquired by the Municipality for the above scheme and steps to provide civic amenities to the Harijan areas are being taken."

Lack Of Adequate Funds

A serious handicap to the Municipalities in the due discharge of their responsibilities is their lack of adequate funds. This is due to extremely limited sources of income, reluctance on the part of many Municipalities to make full use of their taxing powers, and laxity in the collection of arrears of taxes. The last defect, though very common, is slowly being remedied, and the position will be better if in making their grants Government insist in a regular collection of arrears. As regards the reluctance of Municipalities to impose fresh taxes, it is quite natural when the taxable capacity of the people is very low and much of it is exhausted by Central and Provincial taxation. It will be a great benefit to all concerned if Municipal sources of revenue are duly enlarged on the lines of the recommendations of the Kale Committee. Local Self-Government is an excellent preparation for national self-government and it is neither fair nor wise to starve it while its responsibilities are fast growing.

Well Matched

It was, of course, expected that the Germans would continue to press forward in their campaign against Russia. But what was not expected is the speed of their advance. In just five days they have crossed Russian occupied Poland and are now operating, at least at one point, inside the old Russian frontier in the vicinity of Minsk. There are also unconfirmed reports—but by pro-German sources—that they have captured the Latvian capital, Riga, as also Lwow in southern Poland. All this does raise the question: have they found the Forest of Ardennes in Russia? But in spite of their break-through there is still no reason to believe that the Nazis will necessarily succeed in repeating their French triumph against Russia, too.

On the contrary, it is only now that the invaders will begin to face the real defence line of Russia. Then, again, the Russian military machine is quantitatively at least equal to the German. In this connection a Washington estimate of the relative strength of the "European giants" is interesting. The Russians are weaker in the air—but by no means as weak as were Britain, France, Belgium and Holland combined last year—and at the present in the number of the divisions opposing Germany and her supporters. But it is noteworthy that the Russians have in action twice as many tanks as their enemies. Therefore, since it was the literally overwhelming superiority in tanks and aircraft that brought victory to the Germans in the west and since Russian leaders have, as we hope, learnt from the lessons of the French disaster, it may be expected that they will not let the Nazis repeat the triumphs of last summer. Meanwhile, the Russian airforce is doing well in going for Ploesti, the nerve centre of the Rumanian oil industry. If Ploesti is effectively blasted out the reverses of the last five or six days will have been compensated for. The Germans have attacked Russia to help themselves to the latter's wheat and oil. Should their present source of oil be destroyed in the meantime, their oil problem already pressing would become desperately acute. And it is still a long long way to Baku.

Frankly Speaking

R. A. F. Offensive

Mr. Churchill's assurance to Russia that the British would bomb Germany by night and by day in ever-increasing measure is being certainly implemented. Night bombers are hammering western Germany and non-stop and day light sweeps over German-occupied territory have now become a regular twice-a-day feature. Reports relating to the weight and strength of these raids more or less corroborate the claim that they constitute the beginning of the most gigantic air offensive in the history of the war. Particularly gratifying is the fact that R. A. F. fighters are scoring unexpected successes over the Luftwaffe—but it must be mentioned that perhaps the better class Nazi fighters are concentrated in the East. In any case if the Russians hold out for six months the British air offensive may quite probably become decisive. This is one of the reasons why the Nazis, as admitted by their own spokesman, are going all out to smash, if they can, the Red Army in "the shortest possible time."

Sweden's Policy

It is possible not to denounce but only to regret Finland's attitude. But there is not the slightest justification for the policy of indirect assistance to Germany which Sweden has adopted. Sweden has allowed a German division to pass through from Norway to Finland and the excuse offered is that it was to help Finland which urgently needed the division for her defence. This excuse is ridiculous. Moreover, it comes with ill grace from a Government which, only last year, had left Finland to her fate when that country was really fighting for her independence and territorial integrity. Still worse, Sweden's action in helping, as it does, Germany's war effort, constitutes to that extent an act of indirect treachery towards Norway.

Intriguing

It is an intriguing ordinance that the Government of India have issued about insane detenus. Its main clause runs as follows: "Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Lunacy Act 1912 a warrant of commitment issued under Section Two of the Bengal State Prisoners Regulation 1818 directing the detention in an asylum of an individual placed under personal restraint in persuance of that Section, who is, in the opinion of the authority issuing that warrant insane, shall be and shall be deemed to have been from the time such warrant was issued sufficient authority for the reception and detention of that individual in that asylum or in any other asylum to which he may be lawfully transferred." This means, we believe, that if a detenu shows signs of insanity—not an unlikely contingency under the present conditions of detention—he may not be released, but may be straightway sent to a lunatic asylum on the strength of a doctor's certificate which may not be challenged by the poor man's relatives. If a man is lunatic before arrest, it is obvious lunacy to arrest him and detain him as a political prisoner. Is the position different when a detenu becomes insane? Common humanity demands that he must be released straightway.

Spurned

The Muslim League, like the Congress, refuses to play the second fiddle Mr. Jinnah declines to nominate a member of the League Party in the Central Legislative Assembly to the proposed Defence Committee because he does not believe in merely offering advice when his party is denied real power and responsibility. The Congress Party also will remain unrepresented on the Committee till the much wider demands of the Congress are satisfactorily conceded. In all probability Mr. Aney's Party will be "willing". For prsetige sake Government will some how get up some sort of Committee nor does it much matter to the public what its composition is as it is only an advisory body. Twenty years ago such a body might have been something. Now it is not worth looking at.

English And Democracy

The Rt. Hon. Dr. M. R. Jayakar, himself a polished English scholar, needlessly fears that nationalist India may neglect the study of English. Nationalist India wishes to play an important part in international politics and, if only for that reason will duly cultivate that language. In his address to the Patdar College of Commerce, Dr. Jayakar also emphasized the point that "the British ideal of democracy, which India had learnt through English education, had to be kept constantly in mind and nurtured". We do not think it is suggested that the ideal of democracy is the monopoly of the British and that it can be learnt only through English education. But India is certainly cherishing the ideal every moment of her national existence. It is rather England herself that is compromising the ideal in India.

Those Maddening French—

A Talk broadcast from All-India Radio, Simla, on June 22

by JOSSLEYN HENNESSY

A year ago to-day the Petain Government signed an armistice with Germany. The collapse of a nation with the civilisation, history and traditions of France cannot be dismissed with a shrug of the shoulders. It cannot be ignored. It is an event in world history.

What caused the French tragedy?

What lessons can we learn from it?

What should be our feelings towards the French?

Would the disappearance of French civilisation matter to the world?

To answer these questions adequately a book of the size of "Gone With The Wind" would be no more than a succinct essay; in the course of a brief talk, I can only offer the broadest generalisations and if I sound dogmatic, it is because I have no time to qualify and to elaborate.

The long term causes of France's collapse arise out of the history and character of a keenly intelligent, vivid and turbulent people.

The protagonists of reaction paid dearly in the French revolution of 1789 for their repressive policies, but France (and indirectly the world) has also been paying for them ever since. The French revolution really rammed home the lesson for the first time that the unprivileged of this world must be taken into serious account by rulers. This lesson was of vital and lasting importance and trade unionists in Britain and India have reason to be grateful to the French revolutionaries of 1789. But 1789 seems to have taught, at least to Frenchmen, another and less constructive lesson, namely, that barriers against social progress can only be removed by violent upheavals and by bloodshed. Since 1789 France has been through some eight revolutions accompanied by varying degrees of slaughter, so that there can be few families in France today who have not memories of a grandfather or an uncle or father or a cousin murdered by political opponents.

★

Violence provokes resistance. The greater the violence, the greater the resistance and the greater the cleavage. Hence the paradox of France—at one and the same time the most radical and the most conservative country in the pre-war world. Progressive ideas existed side by side with antiquated ideas. British Conservatives were dangerous radicals compared to the French Right, while the British Left were Die-hard Tories compared to the French Left, but then the last very mild shedding of blood in the cause of English political reform was in 1688 and you will remember that so horrified were English Whigs at the idea that they had actually had a revolution that they turned their finest brains to the task of proving that there had been none. You may laugh at this as typical English hypocrisy and acclaim the French glorification of their revolution as sincerity, but judged by 'results' the mild, unheroic English way of legality and compromise has in fact bettered the lot of the people of England infinitely more than the more logical, more realistic, more heroic French way of violence. In England, workers are protected by powerful trade unions, women are mistresses of their own property, the rich are "soaked" as in no other country in the world and Englishmen of different classes and political parties do not regard each other as public enemies and traitors. In France, workers were exploited, women were legal chattels, the rich evaded taxation and Frenchmen of the Left and Right regarded each other almost as belonging to enemy countries. French history has been characterised by stresses and strains, working to violent breaking points; English history has been characterised by stresses and strains easing themselves by the pushing and shoving of compromise.

I have only time to pick out from among scores one example of what I mean.

★

It is unfortunately true of all countries that unorganised individuals are exploited by the strong. In France, employers were suspicious of trade unionism and succeeded in arresting its normal development, so that when for the first time in French history, a Socialist Government came into office in 1936, an inexperienced trade unionist movement numbered only 800,000 workers. Within a fortnight this number was expanded to something like 5,000,000 who thought that heaven on earth had arrived, that they had only to demand vastly higher wages and shortened working hours to be granted them. A nation-wide series of strikes in every industry arrested France's industrial production at the very moment when Hitler was raising Germany's industrial production to heights never reached before.

Like everything else, the successful practice of collective bargaining between employers and men has to be learnt on both sides over a period of years by trial and error. From the middle of the nineteenth century British employers and men had been teaching each other what bargains could be struck without wrecking industry or inflicting unnecessary hardships on the workers. British trade-unionists have for years now been familiar with the economics of their industry: they know how much of the profits of industry it is possible for the workers to insist upon without smashing up the sources of their wages; they are familiar with the machinery of electing their own representa-

(Continued on page 9.)

Japan Over Netherlands Indies

By: 'STRATEGICUS'

The clear and categorical statement of the Governor-General of the Dutch East Indies reported by 'Reuter' in its message dated June 16 from Batavia brings into relief not merely the attitude of the Dutch Colonial Government that has throughout adhered loyally to the aims and policy of Free Holland but the strategic picture as well as it is presented at a moment when the Dutch Indies situation has undergone rapid changes *vis-a-vis* the reorientation in American policy in this its vital sphere.

* * * *

The fact that Japan has preferred to send Yoshizawa to negotiate supplies of essential war and industrial raw materials instead of carrying out the threats that have been held of direct seizure through military action indicates realistic appreciation of the situation that still continues to exist in this region.

It may be assumed that Axis partnership by Japan has dissolved any difficulties that may have existed in regard to Nazi hegemony over what has been claimed to be a colony of a 'conquered' home-country and it is quite clear that the Japanese would secure collaboration of the Nazis in any action that they might choose to take in the handling of the Dutch Indies.

As a matter of fact, the free functioning Indies themselves have taken a decision in regard to the attitude they should take up in the event of the Japanese pressure being exerted and, as would appear from the difficulties Yoshizawa is encountering, *they are determined to blow up the oil-wells if there were any possibility of their falling into Japanese hanas.*

* * * *

The U. S. policy formulated clearly perhaps for the first time in the historic statement of the American President in which the role assigned to Free China has been defined and stressed by Mr. Roosevelt must have carried the first shock of considerable intensity and upset the calculations and plans of the Japanese.

The Japanese till recently fondly believed that the possibility of American naval intervention could be safely exluded and the entire Japanese press has throughout taken it for granted that the U. S would keep out of active naval conflict under any conditions. This hope has been shattered for them by the American leadership and it is perhaps this factor more than any other that makes Japan halt and hesitate.

* * * *

Fully to appreciate the significance of this aspect of Japanese plans the following view of the Batavia correspondent of the Japanese paper *Tokyo Asahi* published at a time when the threat of Japanese swoop was crystallizing may be reproduced:

The United States abrogation of the 1911 Treaty of Commerce and Navigation with Japan has accentuated the Dutch Japanophobia, because the Dutch people now fear that Japan's southward push will gain further momentum. Incidentally however it is interesting to note that *the Dutch do not expect any naval assistance from the United States, who will certainly secure and even supply rubber and tin by the westward route from Singapore instead of escorting American merchant vessels with warships in case Japan should drive south in search of oil which she could not get from America.* In the event of the European War spreading to the Far East, the Dutch conclude that *the United States Government would never give Great Britain and France a blank cheque regarding the disposal of the American fleet and therefore that Japan would seize the occasion as a golden opportunity to push south* (italics present writer's)

* * * *

The situation that has since developed has brought both advantages and disadvantages to Japan and on balance and, when the complete picture of Japanese position is taken in, it must be stated that Japan has not been able to put under way any of the plans that seemed so easy to carry out on paper. The position, in other words, is that even if Japan chose, despite the difficulties which confront her, to adopt a strong hand is this region the complications that will have been created must prove highly disconcerting.

With the supplies of oil and steel that Japan so far received from both Great Britain and her colonies and the States crippled and curbed (with the consequent pressure on the only remaining and really useful supply depot—the Dutch Indies) Japan would be called upon to maintain intact her communications and trade routes to the Indies. This involves convoying and to that extent weakens the Japanese naval unit for home defence. The Anglo American collaboration and concerted naval action against the common enemy—and a glance at the respective naval strength of the two countries in these waters would clearly show that despite any demands that may exist in other regions the combative superiority is maintained—is a factor that Japan must reckon with. And here, despite assurances that may be exchanged between the Axis partners, neither Hitler nor Mussolini can prove himself of much use to the yellow partner in the organized international blackmail.

* * * *

Yosuke Matsuoka to-day fully realizes the folly of precipitate action that Japan might be led into adopting and it is evidently his ambition to resort with pacifist professions on his lips to diplomatic action that could lead to realization of Japanese plans.

We must remember that the Washington Conference of 1922 that brought into existence the *status quo* zone and what is known as Balfour parallelogram is to-day a dead letter. The restrictions on fortification that had been imposed under the provisions of the accord have disappeared and the natural repercussion of this has been that both Hawaii and Singapore to-day have not only been fortified but strengthened to an extent that must upset the most confident and audacious Japanese strategist.

* * * *

The events of the last few weeks have also not failed to produce their reaction on the political situation. For instance, Japan, like all the other totalitarian fascist Powers, has been engaged in organizing subversive intrigue amongst the colonial population of the Dutch Indies and has always relied on the 'apathy' of the people of the Indies towards any plan of defence. The Japanese press gloatingly called attention to this phenomenon—at least as it struck Japanese eyes.

But the happenings that are taking place in Syria at this moment change the scene entirely. The possibility, indeed certainly, of the Muslim population of this Dutch colony where the nationalist movement has been active for some years making a common cause with international democracy must be faced even by the too optimistic Japanese. It makes a tremendous difference to-day when the final show-down between the forces of fascism and the forces of international democracy is every day drawing nearer and nearer. Japan clearly is down-grade in what she has pretended to believe as its exclusive zone of influence and expansion.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Meantime there is a most fearful situation brewing in Europe, where the Germans are sitting upon a seething cauldron of hate. Most certainly it cannot add to the comfort and complaisance of the Fuhrer, his colleagues and the German military command. Perhaps Russia will prove the turning point. The possibility is there beyond doubt, and all the world is hoping to-day that it will materialise."

—Anglo-India.

* * * *

Apropos of Hitler's New Order, Mr. Duff Cooper's Parliamentary Under-Secretary declares: "Britain offers us a new liberalism so new that it may seem a dream. But it is a dream that in the next three years will be fulfilled."

Yes, go to sleep for three years if you like. But you'd much better remain awake and enjoy Duff Cooper's own Hints.

* * * *

According to Mr. Gallacher—Britain's only Communist M. P.—"the situation has now so changed that it is unnecessary to put a campaign for a people's peace in the forefront."

We hope, for the sake of our own peace, that Comrade Gallachr's remark escapes the Junior Colleague's attention.

* * * *

By the way, Mr. Gallacher now wants the Indian National Congress to call a special session "to review the situation in the light of the latest international developments. ....."

And yet they say that Herr Hitler is not a miracle worker! If it weren't for the fact that it has already been eaten by a colleague, we would take our hat off to the Fuhrer.

* * * *

It is reported that German aircraft which raided Damascus badly damaged the Ommayad Mosque and also the historic tomb of—as the west spells his name—Saladin.

Probably, the raiders confused the crusade against Communism with the ancient one.

* * * *

On Sunday His Holiness the Pope, will broadcast a message on "Divine Providence in Human Events."

The only question is whether the reference to the war between Germany—and Italy—on the one hand and Russia on the other will be open or veiled.

* * * *

A Japanese newspaper (!) points out that Herr Hitler's "bullet diplomacy" has reduced all treaties to scraps of paper.

Japan, too, has been attempting it—for the last four years in fact. But so far it has proved no better than bullet-headed diplomacy.

* * * *

Talking of bullet-headed diplomacy, the report that M. Matsuoka is about to resign has been officially denied.

We are not surprised M. Matsuoka's exit would be too good to be true.

* * * *

Il Duce has inspected an Italian army division which is preparing to leave for the Russian front.

It is suggested that Il Duce is sending only one division because of an urgent plea by Herr Hitler that he hasn't got enough forces to fight the Red Army at the same time to protect the Italian "crusaders."

* * * *

In his farewell address to this division—we fear, it is farewell—Signor Mussolini denounced Soviet Russia as "the mortal enemy of civilisation."

The exchange of mutual compliments which has been restored after a lapse of well nigh two year is extremely exhilarating.

The world may not yet be a better place to live in, but it is already becoming brighter.

We Thank The Fuhrer.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A clise friend is all right—until he declines to lend you money.

* * * *

It is reasonably safe to judge a man by the friends that he hasn't.

* * * *

Possession is nine points of the law and the attorney's fee is the tenth.

* * * *

Nothing makes a bride so angry as to be told that she might have done better.

* * * *

After a man gets married he has less to say about what he can or cannot afford.

* * * *

If you imagine that this is a cold, unsympathetic world, tell people that you have a cold and listen to their suggestions.

INDUSTRIALIST

Australians Want Lebensraum?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
SIMLA, June 27.

Efforts of leading Australian industrialists to extend their activities beyond their own country and open large factories in other parts of the Empire are mentioned in reports from Singapore.

FIRST MOVE

A big factory, with automatic plant proposed to be opened at Singapore for manufacturing complete range of glass products, is Australian Glass Manufacturers Limited. Both plant and skilled operators are to be brought from Australia for working of factory, which is expected to complete this year.

SCATHING ATTACK ON LINDBERGH

If We Don't Render Full Aid To Britain, America Will Be Left Alone To Fight Hitler, Warns Ickes

HARTFORD (Connecticut), June 27.

"We must offer in full measure sweat, blood and tears that the heroic British have been yielding at the call of Churchill", declared Mr. Harold Ickes, United States Secretary of the Interior, at a meeting at Hartford on Thursday of "the Fight for Freedom Committee" and "the Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies".

Mr. Ickes continued: "Make no mistake. The situation is so serious that if America does not go all out for Britain, America may find herself in it without Britain".

Mr. Ickes declared that the people of the United States must choose "whether we are willing to buy a craven's truce or to work, Sacrifice, fight and die, if need be, for liberty".

He made a fierce attack on ex-Colonel Lindbergh. "As Hitler's designs in America are becoming clearer, so is the role which Lindbergh has cast for himself. The understanding between the dictator, who bestowed a medal, and he upon whose breast it was pinned is not accidental".

Mr. Ickes added that Russia should be aided in order to help her to weaken Hitler.—Reuter.

LONDON, June 27.

General de Gaulle has sent a thousand sterling to the Syrian authorities for the relief of victims of the German air raid on Damascus says the Independent French Agency—Reuter

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ALLIES ATTACKING SAIDNAYA, STRATEGIC CENTRE

Consolidation Of Recent Gains Continues

JERUSALEM, June 27.

Pressing forward north of Damascus Allied troops are attacking Saidnaya, 15 miles from the capital, slightly west of the main road from Damascus to Homs. The latter is an important strategic centre which is evidently the objective of the Allied drive.

While an artillery duel is taking place in the coastal sector with out appreciable change of positions in the ground forces, the Allies are consolidating the recently gained successes in the Merjyoum sectors including the occupation of El Aichiye, three miles north of Judeide.

A general clearing up is taking pace in this sector where according to a military commentator the Allied position is now regarded as secure.

A local counter-attack at Jezzine about 15 miles north of Judeide, was repulsed.

NEW ZEALAND JOURNALIST MISSING

LONDON, June 26.

Mr. Hall, the well-known New Zealand Journalist, has been missing since the Greek campaign

He was appointed New Zealand's war correspondent to the Dominions Expeditionary Force and not long ago was made Public Relations Officer with the rank of captain. The New Zealand command presume that he is a prisoner of war.—Reuter.

SIMOVITCH SEES CHURCHILL

LONDON, June 26.

Mr. Churchill received this afternoon general Simovitch, Prime Minister of Yugoslavia, who has just reached London 'via' Egypt and took the first opportunity to meet the British Prime Minister, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent. —Reuter.

CANADA'S 'TORCH OF VICTORY'

LONDON, June 27.

The Canadian Minister of Pensions and National Health, Mr. Ian Mackenzie, who arrived in Britain by air to-day brought with him Canada's "torch of victory" which has passed through the Dominion's chief cities to arouse interest in the Canadian War Loan.

The torch will be presented to Mr. Churchill next week. Mr. Mackenzie, who is to consult with the British authorities on air raid precautions and other matters stated that Canada had 70,000 A. R. P. personnel and although no shelters had been started, the A. R. P. system including auxiliary fire services had been modelled on the British pattern.—Reuter.

Washington Conference On Wheat Trade

OTTAWA, June 27.

Mr. Mackinnon, the Canadian Minister for Trade announced on Thursday that representatives of the four major wheat exporting countries, Canada, United States, Argentina and Australia as also of the United Kingdom as the chief country, will meet in Washington, on July 10, to discuss questions relating to the post-war International Trade in wheat.—Reuter.

PASSAGE TO NAZI TROOPS

London Deplores Decision To Surrender To Berlin Demand

LONDON, June 27.

The British Minister in Stockholm, Mr. Victor Mallet, was informed of the Swedish Government's decision to permit transit of a German division across Sweden to Finland only a few hours before it was public through the press, learns Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Mr. Mallet expressed himself in strong terms the condemnation of the Swedish Government's decision and he informed the Swedish Foreign Minister that the decision was likely to be received with strong disapproval by the British Government.

In London it is considered deplorable that the Swedish Government should have consented so readily to the Nazi request as it would make it increasingly difficult for her to resist German pressure in future.

There can be little doubt that the Germans will take full advantage of this latest act of weakness on the part of Sweden and will exploit it for the purpose of taking further measures calculated to reduce the capacity of Sweden to maintain her independence and neutrality.

It seems probable that the Germans will shortly be demanding of Sweden that she should proclaim herself in agreement with Germany and become a member of Hitler's "New Order" in Europe.

UNANIMOUS DECISION

Various factors contributed to the speed with which the German request to Sweden to allow passage of a German division was made and accepted, says Stockholm's correspondent of the Free French Agency.

Firstly, there was the hesitation of Finland;

Secondly, lack of German ships for transport and

Thirdly the possible danger to navigation in the Baltic, mined and countermined and not perhaps as free of submarines as the Germans have given it to be understood.

The Swedish press emphasises the unanimity with which the Swedish Government's decision was taken. The Swedish Government spokesman says that trains will take about two days to pass through the Swedish territory.—Reuter.

Belfast Prepares Against Enemy Attack

BELFAST, June 26.

Nothern Ireland is alert to the possibilities of an attack, acutely mindful of the fact that next to an invasion of the British mainland there is no enemy operation that could bring a closer threat to the "Ireland Fortress" than a successful onslaught on Ulster. Lieutenant General Franklin Commander-in-Chief of the British Forces in Northern Ireland who served with distinction in France, and Belgium during the hectic operations early last year and is an authority on German methods of fighting is conducting at present realistic manoeuvres which began to-day and are expected to last for several more days. Lieut-Gen. Franklin is particularly concerned with developing qualities of discipline, high physical and mental fitness and need to be constantly on the lookout for the unexpected. He says "there is now a real desire to get to grips with the enemy who as ever shows unwillingness to face the bayonet. Here is a trump card we must be fully prepared to play." —Reuter.

Menzies On Decision To Divide Cabinet

CANBERRA, June 27.

"The new system will relieve me from attending to a large number of matters and will greatly facilitate Cabinet business," said the Prime Minister Mr. Menzies, commenting on the decision to divide the Federal Cabinet into two committees, namely the War Cabinet and the Economic Cabinet.

"It will also substantially reduce the amount of travelling to be done by ministers which has hitherto militated against complete efficiency."

Vital matters of policy only will be dealt with by the full cabinet which will meet comparatively rarely. Another feature of the administrative reorganisation is the appointment of seven all-party Parliamentary Committees.

They will deal with firstly, war expenditure, secondly social security, thirdly profits, fourthly manpower and resources, fifthly broadcasting, sixthly taxation and seventhly rural industries. The chairman of each will be a member of the Government.—Reuter.

Free French Prisoners On Vichy Ship

ISTANBUL, June 27.

Free French prisoners are aboard a hospital ship shortly to leave Beirut on the orders of the Vichy Government, according to a message to the Free French Agency.

It is believed that the ship will not attempt to land the prisoners at Marseilles but will make for the Italian Dodecanese Islands.

The 8,000 ton Messageries Maritime liner "Theophile Gautier" has also left Beirut in the same direction.—Reuter.

German Peace Offer

"GENEROUS TREATMENT" FOR BRITAIN

What Papen Told Turkish Foreign Minister

LONDON, June 27.

According to the Official German News Agency, the Foreign Office has denied rumours circulating in Ankara that the German Ambassador, von Papen, made peace proposals to the British Ambassador through the Turkish Foreign Minister shortly after the German assault on Russia.

In fact, according to Ankara reports, von Papen approached the Turkish Foreign Minister on Sunday and said that if Britain allowed the Germans to carry out their attack on Russia unhindered, Britain will be dealt with generously in the final Peace Conference.

The British Ambassador flatly rejected the proposals.

The whole story is regarded in London as indicating how hopelessly misinformed the Nazi leaders remain on the real feelings of the British and American people.—Reuter.

TORONTO "RECAPTURED" FROM FIFTH COLUMNISTS

Canadian Armoured Division Occupies Vital Points In Half-an-Hour

TORONTO, June 27.

In a dramatic exercise which bewildered many citizens owing to the speed and secrecy with which the preliminaries were carried out, the first Canadian armoured division took over Toronto on Thursday from an imaginary "Fifth Column" Government established by a hypothetical "Colonel Quisling."

The civic authorities and even the police had not been warned and the city was taken completely by surprise when mobile columns racing over sixty miles from the camp entered by four different routes and within half an hour had seized control of vital points.

The Attorney-General, who was allowed to enter the building on showing a card, described the exercise as the first comprehensive check-up since national registration was introduced.—Reuter

IDENTITY OF SUBMARINE THAT SUNK TURKISH SHIP

LONDON, June 27.

Under instructions from Whitehall the British Ambassador in Ankara will express to the Turkish Government Britain's great concern and deep sympathy for Turkey's loss in the outrageous sinking by a submarine of the Turkish steamer "Refah" with serious loss of life, states Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Identity Of Submarine

ANKARA: The submarine which sank the Turkish steamer 'Refah' between Turkey and Cyprus is reported to be Italian, but there is no confirmation at present.

Twenty survivors have been landed in Turkey and others in Crete. Special arrangements had been made with the Germans and Italians for safe passage for the ship.

Free French Submarines Which Sank Several Enemy Ships

LONDON, June 27.

Admiral Muselier, Commander of the Free French naval forces, has returned from an inspection of the Free French submarines "Rubia" and "Minerva" which distinguished themselves in recent operations.

Admiral Muselier decorated the crews with the Croix de Guerre. The "Rubia" laid mines which resulted in the destruction of several enemy ships and the "Minerva" sank a German tanker in spite of vigorous defence from its escort.—Reuter.

CABLE ITEMS

VICHY, June 27.

An official disclaimer that any Italian warship was in the part of the Atlantic where the Portuguese ships 'Exportador' and 'Ganda' were sunk was issued to the Portuguese press by the Italian Legation to-day, says a Lisbon telegram.

This follows a similar official denial by the British Embassy in Lisbon.—Reuter.

WAR FRUGALITY IN COLONIES

Secretary Of State Urges Them To Follow United Kingdom

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, June 27.

National frugality is the subject of important communication which the Secretary of State for Colonies is reported to have addressed to all Colonial Governments.

It is emphasised in this letter that every effort should be made to reduce importation and consumption of commodities, which are not essential, particularly goods used by those classes of the community who enjoy a considerably high standard of living. Both import licensing and taxation with this end in view are suggested by the Secretary of State. This is in accordance with the measures already taken in the United Kingdom.

No official information is available whether a copy of the letter has been addressed to the Government of India also, but it may be remembered that the question of war frugality was urged in the Central Legislature in March last, though at that time the Finance Member did not give any definite undertaking in reply to suggestions made.

GERMAN REPRISAL AGAINST U. S. A.

American Citizens Must Dispose Of Assets In Reich Only

As a reprisal for freezing the German assets in the United States, the German Economic Minister Dr. Funk has decreed that American citizens in Germany may dispose of their assets in the Reich only with the permission of the local Foreign Exchange Offices, says the official German News Agency. The decree comes into force immediately.—Reuter.

Cholera Epidemic In C. P.

NAGPUR, June 27.

1,800 persons died of Cholera in the C. P. during the three weeks ended June 21. Cholera which is a normal feature in some districts of C. P. during this part of the year due to difficulties of pure water-supply is spreading in a virulent form in the districts of Drug and Raipur.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

'QUAKE TREMORS

CHANDERNAGORE, June 26.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt here at 5-50 p.m. to-day, lasting for several seconds. Apparently, there was a succession of tremors, one in the direction north-east to south-west and the other from north to south. The ceiling lamps had a rotary motion.—A. P.

IN SYRIA

CAIRO, June 27.

Free French forces moving up the road from Damascus towards Homs reached a point twenty to thirty miles north of Damascus, according to military authoritative sources here

Fighting is going on round and about Palmyra, according to the latest reports reaching Cairo, mainly north-west of the town.

Unrelaxing heavy hammering by R. A. F. of Axis bases is the only fact reported from Cyrenaica.—Reuter.

TRANSPORT PLANES FOR BRITAIN

NEW YORK, June 27.

Mr. Edgar Gorrell, President of the Air Transport Association of America, has told the United States Air Lines Chiefs that they will have to transfer twelve transport planes to Britain within the next four days and another twelve on August first Britain, he said, needs planes for troop transports in the Near East and elsewhere.

Mr. Gorrell conferred secretly with the Air Line Chiefs last night.—Reuter.

LONDON, June 27.

Formations of British planes roared out over the Channel towards Northern France early to-night. It is believed that their objective was Boulogne region. The planes returned in less than an hour.—Reuter.

"PURE INVENTION"

BERLIN, June 27.

A statement issued by the Official German News Agency states that the report in which von Papen is said to have made a peace offer to the British Ambassador in Ankara is a pure invention, according to Wilhelmstrasse. —Reuter.

LONDON, June 27.

The first bomb dropped by a Blenheim bomber of the British Coastal Command on a German supply ship in the Channel this afternoon struck her plumb on the stern.—Reuter.

Bombay Telephone Company's Meeting

Shareholders And Govt.'s Offer To Purchase Undertaking

The Nineteenth Ordinary General Meeting of the Bombay Telephone Company, Limited, was held in the Conference Hall, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, on Friday, the 27th June, with the Hon'ble Mr. R. H. Parker in the Chair. Moving the adoption of the Director's Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1940, the Chairman said:—

GENTLEMEN,

I rise to move the adoption of the Directors' Report and Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1940, which have been in your hands for some days and which with your permission I will take as read.

During the year your Directors accepted with regret the resignation of Mr. A. K. G. Hogg on his transfer to Calcutta. We welcome here at our Annual General Meeting Mr. J. M. B. Gibbons who has been appointed to fill the vacancy thus created.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

The net profit amounted to Rs. 30,46,572/- as against Rs. 28,56,449 in respect of the year 1939

The percentage of working expenses for 1940 was 27.4 as against 26.37 in 1939.

The increase in profits must be regarded as highly satisfactory but it is overshadowed by the necessity of increasing our Reserve for Income-tax, Super-tax and Excess Profits-tax from Rs 6,00,000/- to Rs. 8,50,000/- involving an appropriation under this head out of the year's profit of a sum of Rs. 2,50,000/-

EXPANSION

Expansion continued during the year but as you will see from the Directors' Report, it was less than in the previous year.

Our new alternative Message Rate scale of charges for Residential Lines has been found useful by a number of subscribers, the increase in the number of lines working between the 1st January 1940 and the 31st December 1940, being 477 lines. I may remind you that the scale is an installation fee of Rs 10/- a monthly rental of Rs. 8/- and a charge of one anna per call there being no charge for calls received This, for any one who does not want to make as many as four calls per day, is cheaper than the flat rate basis of charges of Rs 45/- a quarter.

APPROPRIATION OF PROFIT

We have made the usual provision for bonus to staff. An Interim Dividend has already been paid and there remains a balance available of Rs. 13,24,179/-

As you are aware, your Directors do not propose to recommend the payment of any further dividend pending the final disposal of the offer to purchase the shares by The Government Telephones Board Limited.

GOVERNMENT'S OPTION TO PURCHASE

You will remember that I told you at the last Annual General Meeting that Government were actively considering the question of making an offer to purchase the undertaking before the year 1943 when their first option under the License arises. Instead of offering to purchase the undertaking Government have, as you are aware, made an offer to buy the shares and that offer has been communicated to all shareholders.

A Meeting of Shareholders was held on the 27th of May, when I laid before the Meeting a Statement relating to this offer. At that Meeting the President and Secretary of the Bombay Shareholders' Association were present by invitation and they informed the Shareholders that they had come to the conclusion that the offer was one which ought to be accepted. The Association have since issued a Statement in the Press in which they say:—

> "The Committee of the Association have since carefully considered all aspects of the case and the correspondence which passed between the Company and the Association as well as what transpired at the interview between the representatives of the Association and the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company and have come to the decision that, having regard to all the circumstances of the case the offer is one which it is in the interest of Shareholders to accept."

As you know, your Directors concur with that opinion and I think we as Shareholders ought to express our gratitude to the Committee of the Bombay Shareholders' Association for the trouble they have taken to examine the matter.

So far the holders of 65.1 per cent. of the shares have sent their acceptances. A further 9.9 per cent is required to make the offer effective and I suggest that those of us who have accepted should urge other Shareholders to send in their acceptances quickly so that we may all receive the purchase price and be able to reinvest it instead of losing interest as we are doing now

STAFF

I feel sure you will join with me in an expression of our appreciation of the work done by the staff during the last year

I referred at the last Annual General Meeting to the special problems which the War had brought. These continued in a more active form and I think we can congratulate Mr. Bromham, our Secretary and Chief Engineer and the Engineering Staff for the successful way they have dealt with them.

Our Joint Secretary Mr Iyer and all the Secretarial staff have had a very great deal of extra work to do in connection with the offer to Shareholders

I now formally move:—

> "That the Directors' Report and the Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1940, be and the same are hereby received and adopted"

After the motion has been seconded, I will endeavour to answer any questions which Shareholders may care to ask relating to the Report and Accounts

The resolution having been duly seconded the Chairman put it to the Meeting and declared it carried upon a show of hands

A poll was demanded and the Chairman declared it carried on the poll.

Mr. Tricumdas Gordhandas Khattau, Mr. Vithaldas Damodher Govindjee and Mr. J. M. B Gibbons were re-elected Directors and Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Co. and Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Co. were re-appointed Auditors of the Company

PARIS RADIO ANGRY

Because Foreigners In Vichy Demand B. B. C. News

LONDON, June 27.

The German controlled Paris Radio indignantly informed the listeners on Friday morning that every night at about ten o'clock a crowd of foreigners congregates outside the house of the American Ambassador, Admiral Leahy in Vichy when the wireless set in the house is turned on fullblast and B. B. C. news is given.

According to the announcer Admiral Leahy's wireless is listened to by Jews and also by some 550 Russians, 60 British and 100 Americans in Vichy.—Reuter.

Meat Rationing In Britain

LONDON, June 27.

Meat ration in Britain will be increased from July 7th to 14d. weekly for adults, and seven pence for children, according to an announcement by the Ministry of Food. The meat ration allowance has been a shilling and six pence respectively since the end of March. —Reuter.

LONDON, June 27.

There is no confirmation in London of the Ankara report that the evacuation of 20,000 Vichy troops via Turkey is on the point of being arranged. The Ankara report is given with all reserve.—Reuter.

GERMAN PRESSURE ON FINLAND

Being Dragged Into War Against Democracies

LONDON, June 27.

The actual terms of the Finnish President's overnight broadcast, have not yet reached the British Foreign Office, states Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent. Apparently it was made after the Finnish Minister had visited. Mr Eden on Thursday.

Considerable concern for Finland's ultimate fate has been caused in London by reports of the broadcast because there is little doubt that the Germans are doing their utmost for dragging Finland into war and there are many signs that Finland is allowing herself to become the dupe of Germany, with the result that she will find herself associated against the democracies with whose interests her true welfare is so closely bound up.—Reuter.

If Hitler Attacks Australasia?

SYDNEY, June 27.

If the Netherlands East Indies, Malaya and Australasia were attacked, they would stand together and co-operate in all necessary defence measures, it was stated today by the Leader of Dutch Mission to Australia, Major H. Poorten, Chief of the General Staff.—Reuter.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

There have been repeated complaints in this country about the way in which news of our gallant soldiers who have been fighting so bravely, is brought to our notice. Sometime ago there was an open letter in this paper to the Editor of the "Times of India" in which the writer of the letter referred to the way that paper had relegated to the back pages the story of gallantry of a young Maratha soldier, who later won the Military Cross. One does not know whether it was just a coincidence but two days later there appeared in the same "Times of India" a leader on "Indian Heroism" and a special article on Maratha gallantry also appeared on the editorial page on the same day. The date of this editorial was June the 10th. Note the date with care. The subject matter of the editorial was the bravery of that Indian officer, Lt. Bhagat, who eventually got the Victoria Cross Note the date of this, I repeat—June the 10th. Because reading through the American magazine 'Life', in its issue of May 5th (i.e. one month and five days before the editorial in the "Times of India" appeared) I find an article by John S. Martin, its Alexandria correspondent. I will only quote one extract from this article which appeared in America on May the 5th and was therefore reading matter for the American reading public on that day.

* * * *

John S. Martin says: "...Then there is an Indian officer who worked 96 hours with only one rest period, delousing 14 Italian mine fields of 300 mines each along the road in Eritrea. He had five cars blown out from under him and five crews wiped out, but he kept going and finally arrived back at the Khartum hospital with both eardrums blasted and many other injuries. He will be deaf for life. When he was offered relief during his 96-hour stretch, he refused saying: 'I understand the Italian mine-laying technique better than anyone else could learn it in many days'..." Note the date again—May the 5th

* * * *

From which I want to ask the Publicity Department of the Government of India and for that matter all journalists interested in journalism: "Are you content to give to the people of this country news of this kind one month and five days later than the American people get it?" Who is responsible for the withholding of this news? And what is the point of the delay? Are we to assume that much of what we read to-day is already dished out to the American people a month and five days before it gets to us.

ITALIAN HIGH OFFICIALS AS PRISONERS IN INDIA

SIMLA, June 27.

A Press Note states: The following high Italian officers have arrived in India, where they will be held as prisoners of war:

H. E. Gen. Trezzani, Chief of Staff to H. R. H. the Duke of Aosta; H. E. Gen. Pinna, Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Italian East Africa; H. E. Gen. Frusci Governor-General of Eritrea; Gen. Montezemolo, Deputy Chief of Staff; Gen. Carnimeo, Military Governor of Keren and a Divisional Commander; Gen. Valletti; and fifteen other staff officers and A.D.C.'s.—A. P.

Arms Find And Arrest

LAHORE, June 27.

A country-made revolver and a few cartridges are alleged to have been recoverd by the police following a raid at a house in Gowalmandi. One arrest has been made in this connection.—A. P.

'HOLI' ACCUSED RELEASED

PESHAWAR, June 26.

Orders have been issued for the withdrawal of the cases against those who had been arrested by the police in connection with the Holi incident in Peshawar, when there was a mild scuffle between the police and some of the processionists.

A deputation of Hindus led by Rai Bahadur Mehrchand Khanna, M.L.A., met the Superintendent of Police recently and urged for the withdrawal of the cases.—A. P.

CYCLONE HAVOC IN MALABAR Palatial building in Kunnamkulam which was completely damaged.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, June 27

All-India Weather upto 8 hours on Friday with shade temperature and maximum and minimum, rainfall for the past 24 hrs., since 1st June and departure from the normal is as under :—

Stations.	Maximum	Minimum	For past 24 hrs.	Since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	87	71	1.3	24.8	+6.0
Calcutta	93	82	—	17.4	−5.9
Cuttack	93	76	0.9	9.5	+1.0
Ranchi	87	75	0.5	7.1	−1.2
Patna	82	75	0.9	3.6	−3.5
Gorakhpur	85	78	T	6.7	+0.8
Benares	94	80	0.1	4.3	+0.5
Allahabad	102	64	—	2.1	
Cawnpore	107	82	—	1.7	−0.6
Lucknow	98	81	0.1	2.7	−0.9
Agra	103	88	—	1.0	−0.8
Bareilly	102	80	—	4.4	+0.3
Dehra Dun	96	74	0.1	8.8	+1.9
Delhi	100	85	—	3.1	+0.8
Ludhiana	109	79	0.2	4.2	+2.4
Rawalpindi	113	91	—	1.3	−0.6
Srinagar	96	72	—	0.2	−1.1
Dehra Ismail Khan	111	83	—	0.2	−0.4
Fort Sandeman	106	81	—	—	−0.5
Rangoon	83	67	—	21.5	+5.5
Khandwa	102	81	—	5.0	+0.2
Jubbulpore	104	82	—	3.7	−2.4
Nagpur	99	81	—	2.3	−5.5
BOMBAY	92	79	1.1	7.0	−9.2
Ratnagiri	88	75	0.6	0.2	−5.7
Ahmedabad	97	73	—	—	−4.7
Poona	92	75	—	2.1	−2.3
Sholapur	98	77	—	2.2	−2.0
Hyderabad (Deccan)	87	73	0.1	1.8	+2.6
Bangalore	82	67	0.1	3.8	+1.1
Mysore	81	68	—	4.1	+1.3
Calicut	81	74	2.0	37.7	+6.2
Madras	95	76	0.1	3.8	+2.1
Darjeeling	66	59	0.3	13.3	−8.8
Shillong	76	55	2.1	25.4	+10.2
Simla	79	56	1.2	6.3	+0.6
Panchmarhi	88	74	—	1.9	−6.3
Kodaikanal	65	54	T	4.2	+0.5
Colombo	85	76	0.2	6.6	−1.0
Bhavnagar	99	80	—	—	−3.8
Hyderabad (Sind)	102	82	—	—	−0.4
Karachi	99	83	—	—	−0.3
Jaipur	104	83	—	1.9	+0.2
Ajmer	101	85	—	0.5	−1.5
Deesa	102	83	—	—	−1.6
Rajkot	96	79	—	—	−0.7
Ahmedabad	97	81	—	0.3	−3.5
Bhopal	99	82	—	0.7	
Akola	103	78	0.1	0.7	−4.0
Amraoti	101	82	T	0.3	−9.4
Indore	98	77	—	—	−5.0
Marmagoa	86	77	0.3	22.1	
Malegaon	100	78	—	0.5	−3.5
Mussoorie	66	60	0.1	6.3	+2.7
Mahableshwar	69	62	1.0	19.5	−19.4
Baroda	99	80	—	0.2	
Bahawalphur	107	88	—	1.2	+0.7
Belgaum	85	68	0.1	5.2	−2.1
Murree	86	68	—	3.3	+0.1
Cherrapunji	72	65	5.9	104.5	+16.9
Bijapur	96	73	—	0.8	−2.3
Khandala	—	—	1.5	15.3	
Mount Abu	82	68	T	0.1	−3.5
Ootacamund	65	58	0.1	11.5	+5.5
Jodhpur	82	85	—	—	−1.3
Gwalior	111	92	—	1.8	

T Indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 27th June 1941 :—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs —.087 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.9 deg
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 91.6 deg. (5.6 above normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 79.1 deg. (2.0 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 23 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 179 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours, 33 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10.
Rain in 24 hours 1.10 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 7.02".
Total rainfall during the year 7.09".
Weather Remark : Rain.

CYCLONE RELIEF WORK

Ramakrishna Mission's Activity In Bengal, Malabar And Cochin

Swami Sambuddhananda, President, Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Bombay, writes:—

The latest report received just a day before dated from Barisal, Bengal, on the 21st instant, informs that both the centres of Ramakrishna Mission have been extending their activities further into the interior villages at a great risk and trouble as many of the villages are still unapproachable owing to the extremely insanitary condition of those places.

With a view to bring the area over which relief is distributed to normal condition the workers of the Mission have had to remove as many as 800 dead bodies to clean roads and tanks etc., and properly disinfect them to make the quarters fit for human habitation. The Mission has distributed 205 bags of rice till the time of its despatch and requires substantial help from the public to feed the unfed, to cloth the naked and to house the homeless people, the number of which is legioned

The Mission workers meet hundreds of men and women absolutely naked and living upon the leaves of trees. The report adds, it will not be possible to save the surviving souls unless sufficient relief on an extensive scale be organised at once for the sufferers. The entire necessity of cloths for the cyclone-stricken people in Malabar and Cochin have also reached here the other day.

We, therefore, appeal not only to the generous public but particularly to the millionaires and their agents to supply us with bale of cloth by them.

Any contribution in cash, cloth or kind will be most thankfully acknowledged by the Secretary, Sri Ramakrishna Mission Ashram, Khar, Bombay 21, or the General Secretary, South Indian Association, Telang Road, Matunga (G.I.P.), Bombay.

WEATHER REPORT
Bombay Records Quake Shock

Poona, June 27

Monsoon has been active generally in north-east India over and near Kumaon Hills, in Malabar, Konkan, south Hyderabad and north Madras coast. Rainfall also occurred locally in east United Provinces, east Central Provinces, Madras Deccan and a few stations in west Central Provinces, Berar, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan and south-east Madras.

Heavy rainfall warning : Locally heavy rain is likely in Assam, south-west Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Orissa during next 48 hours.

Earthquake report : An earthquake shock of very great intensity at its origin about 1,470 miles away was recorded by the Bombay Seismograph at 17.27 minutes I.S.T. on Thursday, June 26.—A.P.

What Colombo Recorded

Colombo, June 27

An approximate computation by the Colombo Observatory places the distance of the epicentre of last evening's earthquake at 1,500 miles from Colombo. Several people here report that they felt slight tremors for a few seconds at about 17/28 which however, were too mild to be noticed generally. —A.P.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 27/6/1941

At 8.7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.4 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.84 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.62 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Under-Secretary Defence Department

MADRAS, June 27.

The services of Mr. S. R. Kaiwar, I.C.S., have been lent by the Madras Government to the Government of India. He has been appointed Under-Secretary in the Defence Department of the Government of India. Mr. Kaiwar will be proceeding to Simla shortly to take charge of his new office.—A. P.

Three Arrested For Stabbing

NAGPUR, June 27.

Three persons have been arrested in connection with the stabbing incident which took place in the court premises yesterday afternoon.

One of the injured has since succumbed to his injuries in hospital.—United Press.

STABBINGS AT NAGPUR

NAGPUR, June 27.

Three stabbing incidents occurred in Nagpur within two days. These cases are not connected with each other and are not communal in character.

On the night of June 25 in a business locality a youth was stabbed to death, the assassin having escaped. Yesterday afternoon a worker of a local textile mill is alleged to have stabbed two co-workers with knife in the mill area. The management of the mill handed the alleged assailant to the police. A third incident occurred in the District Court, where two parties of litigants belonging to two rival 'Akhadas' quarrelled, in the course of which two persons received knife-wounds and one of them succumbed to the injuries in hospital early in the morning. The police arrested three persons. The two 'Akhadas' are Hindu Institutions.—A. P.

CALCUTTA, June 27.

Besides 120 persons arrested yesterday to prevent crime in the City more hooligans were rounded up last night, of which 129 were externed from Calcutta and Suburbs to-day under the Defence of India Rules. This brings the total number of externees since light restrictions were imposed to 139.—United Press.

PEACEFUL DAY IN CITY

More Shops Open

BOMBAY, Friday.

There was appreciable improvement in the riot situation to-day The shops which were closed last Friday were all open to-day. But some of the shops in mixed localities are still closed. No incidents of any kind were reported.

City Congressmen On Peace Propaganda

Propaganda in all the wards affected by communal disturbances with a view to restoring normal conditions is being carried on by several Congressmen headed by Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, President of the B.P.C.C. Mr Dhirubhai has also been visiting the labour area in the same connection.

Fines For Breach Of Curfew

Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, convicted today ten persons for breach of the Curfew order. Fines ranging from Rs. 10 to Rs 35 were imposed on them.

Six men convicted for carrying knives were each given one month's R.I. and a fine of Rs. 100, another man one month's R.I. for a similar offence.

Ten persons who were arrested in connection with the city disturbances were ordered to be remanded by the same Magistrate

RIOTS AGAIN AT DACCA
Six Dead And Seventeen Injured: Educational Institutions Close

DACCA, June 27.

One person was killed and eleven others injured in last night's communal clash at Rai Saheb Bazar.

Another person was killed and five others received stab wounds in clashes which occurred in different localities again this morning.

It is reported that the first clash occurred last night near Rai Saheb Bazar following the arrest of a pick-pocket during Ratha Jatra mela at the junction of Rai Saheb Bazar at Madan Basack Road.

Thereafter cases of stray assault were reported from Rai Saheb Bazar, Nawabpur and Polton.

It is stated that one house at Nabadwip-Basack Lane was raided and three of the inmates were seriously injured, one having died subsequently, while being removed to hospital. Altogether 50 arrests have so far been made in this connection.

The police fired one round in order to scare away a riotous mob on the Nawabpur Road this morning. No one was injured.

The B. T. Examination of Dacca University, fixed for to-morrow, has been postponed and the University classes have been closed for to-day and to-morrow. Almost all other educational institutions, which reopened recently, closed again to-day.

BAN AND CURFEW

An order under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated by the District Magistrate, prohibiting assemblage of more than four persons and enforcing Curfew from 7 p.m. to 5-30 a.m.

In view of recrudescence of the trouble, the Riots Enquiry Committee did not sit this morning.

SCHOOL TEACHER STABBED

One school teacher was stabbed to-day at Chawkbazar, bringing the total number of casualties till 5 p.m. to six dead and 17 injured, in hospital.

Stray cases of assault continue to be reported from various parts of the city and some sensation was caused during the court time when one man was stabbed near the bar library and another struck with an iron rod in the compound of the registration office.

Mr. Justice McNair and Mr. M. MacSharpe of the Dacca Riots Enquiry Committee, accompanied by the District Magistrate visited the Mitford Hospital to see the wounded persons.—A. P.

Special Police At Bhiwani

LAHORE, June 27.

Owing to the "misconduct" of the inhabitants of Bhiwani city in the Hissar district, additional police have been posted there for one year, states a notification in the Punjab Gazette.

It will remembered that Bhiwani was recently the scene of a communal clash.

The police strength has been similarly increased in Alipore, a village in the same district.—A. P.

KNOW THYSELF !

Why you suffer from Indigestion!

* * *

THE CAUSES OF INDIGESTION

The gastric juices of the stomach will only digest food in the presence of a certain amount of hydrochloric acid The presence of too much acid delays the process of digestion. This condition — commonly known as acid-stomach, causes pain, flatulence and digestive trouble Instead of the food being properly digested, and poured out of the stomach, it remains there, and becomes a sour, fermenting mass, generating large volumes of gas.

THE REMEDY—"DIGESTIF RENNIES"

To obtain relief, the acid content must be reduced. This is what Digestif Rennie does. It is easily taken in pastille form, and slowly sucked in the mouth like a sweet. Digestif Rennie ensures that the correct balance between the acids and digestive secretion in the stomach is maintained.

If a Rennie pastille is regularly taken after meals, the digestion system is kept in perfect order. All chemists and stores in the Bombay Presidency stock Digestif Rennie.

COSTS LESS THAN HALF ANNA PER DOSE

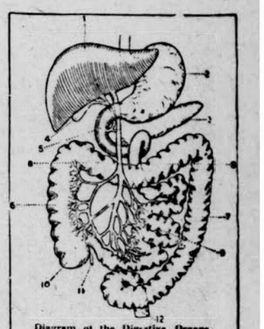


Diagram of the Digestive Organs.
1. Liver. 2. Stomach. 3. Pancreas. 4. Gall Bladder. 5. Duodenum. 6. Ascending Colon. 7. Descending Colon. 8. Transverse Colon. 9. Small Intestine. 10. Cæcum. 11. Appendix. 12. Rectum.

THE PROCESS OF DIGESTION

Digestion begins in the mouth where the food is masticated and mixed with saliva which lubricates it and partially digests starchy substances.
The food then passes into the stomach (2) where it is further acted upon by ferments such as pepsin, rennin, etc., contained in the gastric juice. These work in an acid medium, and break down proteids, fats, etc.
The resultant mass, now known as "chyme," then passes, a little at a time, into the duodenum (5). Here it is acted upon by secretions from the pancreas (3), gall bladder (4), etc., working in an alkaline medium This is the final digestive process
From the duodenum the fully digested food passes into the small intestine (9), where the nourishing portion is absorbed or passed on to the liver (1) The remainder — waste matter — continues to the large intestine (6, 7 and 8) for elimination

TO WOMEN WHO DO THEIR OWN COOKING—

use DESICCATED COCONUT because,

IT PUTS AN END TO DRUDGERY

Gone are the days when you were a slave to your grater. You can now buy Desiccated Coconut, already grated, which saves an aching back, cut hands and extra plates to wash.

1 lb. DESICCATED COCONUT

GIVES BETTER QUALITY AT NO EXTRA COST

This coconut is of the best quality because selected fresh and ripe nuts are used in the manufacture of Desiccated Coconut. Each pound contains 3—4 full-grown nuts, and you can't waste it. Think of the saving you can make over a year!

Would you like to receive FREE SAMPLES AND RECIPES

REPUTATION

The manufacture of Desiccated Coconut has been carried on for over fifty years.

CONSUMPTION

More than seventy million pounds of Ceylon Desiccated Coconut are used yearly throughout the world.

For addresses of wholesale dealers and stockists in Bombay and elsewhere in India or for full information and samples apply to

THE CEYLON TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR INDIA,
Ceylon House, Hornby Road, BOMBAY

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Didn't Play Left End on His Kindergarten Team for Nothing By BUD FISHER

THOSE MADDENING FRENCH

(Continued from page 6)

tives to bargain with their employers; they trust their representatives to do the best possible for them and if they are dissatisfied they know that the ballot box will enable them to change their representatives; cases in which the workers refuse to carry out the bargains negotiated for them by their leaders are the exception. Organised progress is possible.

In France in 1936 the workers had no such experience; their leaders met the employers not in search of workable bargains but to dictate a new era; employers were not negotiating to establish a workable division of profits but to resist all change and to maintain their unfettered despotism. Both sides met to fight and not to negotiate. The workers knew nothing of the economics of their industries and when their leaders presented them with bargains which seemed ridiculous in contrast to their fantastic expectations, they distrusted their own leaders and repudiated agreements reached. Organised progress was impossible.

In other times this first lesson for both employers and men in practical trade unionism would undoubtedly have been learnt, as they had been slowly and painfully learnt in Britain throughout the nineteenth century. But in the twentieth century with a barbaric and acquisitive Hitler for a neighbour, France had no time to acquire social wisdom by trial and error. Within two years French working hours had to be restored to normal, but efficiency had been vastly decreased and industrial production was ridiculously low compared with that of Germany. No modern army can fire a shot without a highly efficient and productive industry behind it.

★

The successive revolutions of France have sectionalised French life. The strife and bitterness between communities with which we are familiar in India found their counterparts in France. Every Indian to-day can think of some political leader to whose following he does not belong whom he regards as utterly unreasonable, with whom all negotiations and compromise are impossible and whose existence he regards as a danger to the unity of India: every Frenchman before this war knew of a similar person in France. The 1936-37 reforms of the French Popular Front Government, reasonable enough in themselves in essentials, were carried through amidst such political and social strife as to heighten what might reasonably be called French communal tension. Thus when war came, France went into it a house divided against itself with its armies served by industries turning out war material in insufficient quantities.

Apart from the material difficulties which it added to the British Commonwealth in its war against Nazidom does France's collapse matter at all in the world's general scheme? If French values were permanently subdued by Germany would the world have lost something?

Each nation has some contribution particularly its own to make towards civilisation's progress. The French are the ancient Athenians of the modern world. Classical Athens presents extraordinary resemblances to modern France. Existence in Athens must have been uncertain and uncomfortable for anyone in public life. Party feuds were bitter. The cry of treason and betrayal was frequent. Eminent statesmen found themselves banished overnight. Through out Greece the spirit of faction prevailed. As against this, the minds of the Greeks were keen and alert; intelligence sparkled, the whole of Western civilisation and culture which has dominated the Continents of Europe, North and South America and Australia, which has pervaded Russia and which has profoundly influenced India, China and Japan, originated from the intellectual curiosity, the urge to ask why and the refusal to be put off by a superstitious answer, of the classical Greeks in general and of the Athenians in particular. Politics, tyranny and democracy are Greek words and the foundation of all serious attempts to solve the problems which arise from living in organised communities are to be found in the studies made by the Greeks in the fourth century B.C. We assume to day that a qualified medical doctor seeks first and foremost to do his best for his patients and that he will disclose no secrets that he learns about the private life of his patients; we assume that a scientist is by his experiments endeavouring to ascertain the truth; that he is not trying to "prove" that the earth is round or flat, but that by carefully weighing the evidence he "discovers" its shape. But do we realise that every time the Muslim League holds a political meeting, every time Congress canvasses the electorate, every time a doctor maintains the confidences of his patients, every time a scientist presents us with a new discovery such as that a dark room can be illuminated by turning on an electric switch, we are doing something either first thought of by the Greeks or first discovered by them, or something which can only be done by applying the Greek scientific state of mind? Doctors to-day are still governed by the oath which the Greek medical profession first enjoined on the practitioners of its day. The world would be, relatively speaking, without intellectual equipment to-day, had not the pioneer Greek intelligence laid down the principles or pointed the way.

★

The spirit of intellectual curiosity, the appreciation of the value of things of the mind, is not the exclusive possession of any one race, but I am prepared to argue that it was nowhere more highly developed or more highly prized than in pre-war France and if the modern French spirit is permanently subdued to Germany, the world as a whole will have lost an intellectual spur and stimulant, the exact like of which no other race can offer in exactly the same way. The French are maddening, exasperating, perverse; in some senses no pejorative adjective is too strong for them, but do not let us forget that in most cases they have exasperated us because the intellectual truth which they have advanced disturbed our complacent acceptance that what was good enough for our fathers was good enough for us.

Can you imagine the glaring gaps in philosophy and political science if Descartes and Rousseau had never thought?

Can you imagine the world's literature deprived of the dramatic genius of Racine, the fantastic realism of Balzac's novels? Have you ever reflected that Henry James, Joseph Conrad, Somerset Maugham and the most significant school of modern novelists owe their whole method of story telling to the Frenchman Gustave Flaubert?

Who but the French Impressionists first convinced an incredulous world that shadows were not dull black but were full of colours?

Can you imagine modern medicine deprived of Pasteur's discoveries?

What colour and strength would be missing from music without Debussy and Ravel!

Of course, other races have produced as great, or greater, thinkers and artists as these, but the particular quality which all these Frenchmen have in common and which has acted as a leaven on the thinkers of other races, is their disciplined intellectual approach to their work. Shakespeare flourishes with the rich variety of a tropical jungle; Racine prefers direct statements to metaphors and cuts away every superfluous word until his ideas are expressed with a clarity as starkly brilliant as a cut diamond. This is the essence of France's contribution to the world.

Finally, do not let us confuse France and the French with that microscopic section of it which forms the Vichy Government. They are about as representative of France as Oswald Mosley is of England, or as an orthodox Brahmin who was also a Communist would be of Hinduism. France's national disunity was that of a race of intellectual termagants and not single-minded robots. Petain and Darlan are going against the main stream of France's intellectual development up to 1789 and the entire stream since that date. We may condemn them as much as we like; but in doing so we should remember that our condemnation is joined in by the overwhelming majority of the French people, to whom we should be doing a terrible injustice by identifying them with Vichy. We do not condemn a man suffering from measles; we sympathise with him and pray for his recovery.

Neither Western nor Asiatic civilisation can afford to be without our modern Athenians—the French.

KILL YOUR INDIGESTION THIS EASY WAY

DIGESTIF RENNIES

AN ANNA WISE AND A RUPEE FOOLISH—

"An Anna wise and a Rupee foolish," means simply this:—

Buy a cheap article and it won't last long. Pay a little more and you get your money's *real* worth.

Take a simple thing like pencils. A Venus pencil costs an Anna more, but it lasts a long, long time. You get good lead and experienced workmanship, and a fine pencil that will express your message clearly and cleanly.

A cheap pencil has a poor lead and breaks. You waste your money by constant sharpening.

Be wise and buy a quality pencil!

वीनस पेन्सिल्स — लोकप्रिय — सर्वसाधारण — வீனஸ் பென்சில்ஸ்

LATE PROF. J. C. SWAMINARAYAN

An Appreciation

(BY H. M. SWAMINARAYAN.)

Prof. J. C. Swaminarayan, a well-known citizen of Ahmedabad, died on the night of 24th June at his residence after a short illness.

Born 53 years ago he attained brilliant mathematical ability from the very early years of his life. He got his M. A. in first class. There are stories current about his wonderful mathematical attainments of which the one that brought him temporary mental illness is the best known. Those students of mathematics who took their lessons under him do still declare that his mathematical capabilities were recognised throughout India besides the unique praise that was bestowed on him as a great mathematics professor in the Gujerat College, Ahmedabad. His career as a professor of the above Government College came to an end when he decided to accede to the call of national struggle and he courted imprisonment in the first Non-co-operation Movement.

He joined Mahatma Gandhi's institution, the Gujerat Vidyapith, to teach mathematics for a short time, and later took to public life. He had been a member of the Bombay Legislative Council and a prominent member of the Ahmedabad Municipality for a number of years. He associated himself with the various activities of the town—educational, political, social and religious. He was also a member of the University Senate. At the time of his death, he was the professor of Mathematics at the Ahmedabad Education Society's S. L. D. Arts College.

His serious illness in the later years of his life marked a big change in the field of his activities. After this illness, he assumed a quiet life in which devotion to the Lord Swaminarayan was the only important activity. Under the inspiration of a great saint, he set himself a big task of compiling a Sanskrit book on the life of Lord Swaminarayan containing a hundred thousand slokas. Unfortunately, he died all of a sudden when he had hardly covered half ground.

He leaves behind a big family and a bigger circle of friends to bemoan his death.

HINDU WOMEN'S RIGHTS

India Govt. Widens Rau Committee's Terms Of Reference

SIMLA, June 26.

It is understood that the Government of India have agreed to the recommendation of the Hindu Women's Rights Committee presided over by Sir B. N. Rau to widen the terms of reference so as to enable them to examine the whole 'corpus' of Hindu Law.

The Committee is accordingly expected to resume its deliberations in July in Simla.—A. P.

RUMANIAN GOVT. FLEES FROM CAPITAL

(Continued from Page 14.)

regiment because the German High Command does not trust the Rumanian soldiers. German artillery has been placed in the rear of the Rumanian forces.

The Germans are forcing the Rumanians to fight because the Rumanian soldiers are against the war and the Germans.

Military objective of the Rumanian town of Yassy was the object of a raid by our aircraft. Great destruction was caused.

The Commander of an artillery division, Comrade Manjin ably helped our infantry to beat back an attempt of the enemy to ford the River Pruth at one point. Having organised selected observation points and having carefully found the most vulnerable points of the enemy, Manjin opened a devastating fire suddenly at the very moment when the enemy began to cross the River.

Soviet Scouts Active

Gunners destroyed three enemy pontoons in this battle and damaged six guns. The enemy did not cross into Soviet territory.

In one of the sectors on the Soviet frontier a large group of our scouts crossed the River Pruth and raided enemy territory. The warriors took prisoners and brought back ten enemy soldiers and seized a machine-gun and eight rifles.

All the scouts returned safely to their units.

On some sectors of the front in White Russia the appearance of active enemy groups in the Red Army uniform had been established. Owing to the watchfulness of our Red Army the deception of the perfidious face was unmasked in good time and groups of the enemy were destroyed or captured.

On White Russian territory the enemy for the purpose of espionage landed several groups of parachutists of four to six men in various places. These parachutists were captured and handed over to the military authorities.

They each carried a radio transmission set. Every attempt to use parachutists is being met with the most energetic measures.

Thus during an attempt to land forces by air at a point in the Ukraine a unit of Red Cavalry, which was near immediately attacked and destroyed the whole flight as soon as it appeared.

In the region of Kulei a Soviet regiment was surrounded by enemy forces. The Commander very ably broke through the enemy ring and managed to extricate the whole regiment, losing neither materials nor men.

A German soldier, Alfred Liskov, not wishing to fight against the Soviet people went over to our side. Loskov made an appeal to the German soldiers to overthrow the Hitler regime.

The Soviet Air Force bombed Bucharest and Ploesti on Thursday, states the Soviet Information Board adding that factories near Ploesti are in flames.

The Moscow announcement which was contained in a broadcast from the Moscow Radio adds that Russian aeroplanes sank two enemy submarines in the Baltic.

Budapest Raided

The German claim to the capture of the former Polish city of Lwow (Lemberg) was circulated through an Axis controlled source in Budapest on Thursday, but hitherto lacks confirmation from other channels.

The official German News Agency announces that "extremely violent" air attacks have been made on industrial targets in Leningrad in the past two days.

The German radio reports the first Russian air raid on Hungary which caused a ten minutes alert in Budapest and "fairly heavy damage" at two points in the country.

Another raid, reported by the Swiss radio, caused "considerable damage" to the former Czechoslovak town of Kosice, now in Hungary.—

Riga Captured

German troops are reported to have captured Riga, Capital of Latvia, on Thursday morning according to a Stockholm despatch. —Reuter.

PEACEFUL RATHJATRA PROCESSION AT CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, June 26.

As a result of the efforts made by the peace committee under the direction of Mr. Wahid Ahmad and Mr. Gorak H. Nath, Rathjatra procession passed off peacefully this year. The police arrangement was adequate. Mr. T. B. Crossley, District Magistrate, Mr. E. F. G. Chapman, Superintendent of police and Mr. Bashir Ahmad Khan, Dy. S. P. supervised the procession.—A. P.

Plea For Release Of Ahrar Leader

LAHORE, June 25.

Seikh Hissamuddin, President of the All-India Ahrar Committee, has sent the following telegram to H E. the Governor of the United Provinces and the District Magistrate of Lucknow:—

"Distressing press reports regarding health of Maulana Abdul Qaiyum Cawnpori at present lodged in Lucknow jail. Kindly intervene and direct unconditional release forthwith."—United Press.

BANGALORE, June 26

The Civil and Military Station Municipal Commission adopted a proposition at its meeting this morning sanctioning a sum of Rs. 2,000 to the Bangalore War Fund. A. P.

BERLINERS "BEWILDERED"

NEW YORK, June 26.

"From a few tepid observations I could gather that Berliners are bewildered." states the Berlin correspondent of the "Chicago Tribune" in a dispatch describing the feeling of the German people about the Russo-German war.

"They have read, if they did not hear on the radio, Hitler's message and the Foreign Office note but clearly these are too much for them," he says. The average citizen is wondering when he was bunked and when he was debunked and which one is happening to him now. He is being asked to endorse and give tacit approval to the course of tortuous statecraft, which only Metternich or Talleyrand could understand. Even those people who pride themselves on their enlightenment and intelligence are disconcerted by the recent events. They cannot see what the game is or who has the ball. They, like the average Berliner, feel sure of only one thing—that the game will be full of blood and horror.—Reuter.

BRITISH AIRWAYS

DESPITE THE WAR

British Airways maintain their reputation in pilotage, navigation and engineering. The long and tried experience of their Commanders, many of whom have by now flown over a million miles, enables British Airways to offer passengers the maximum comfort and attention even during hostilities

The majority of our accommodation is being used by Government, but we are doing our best to meet your requirements.

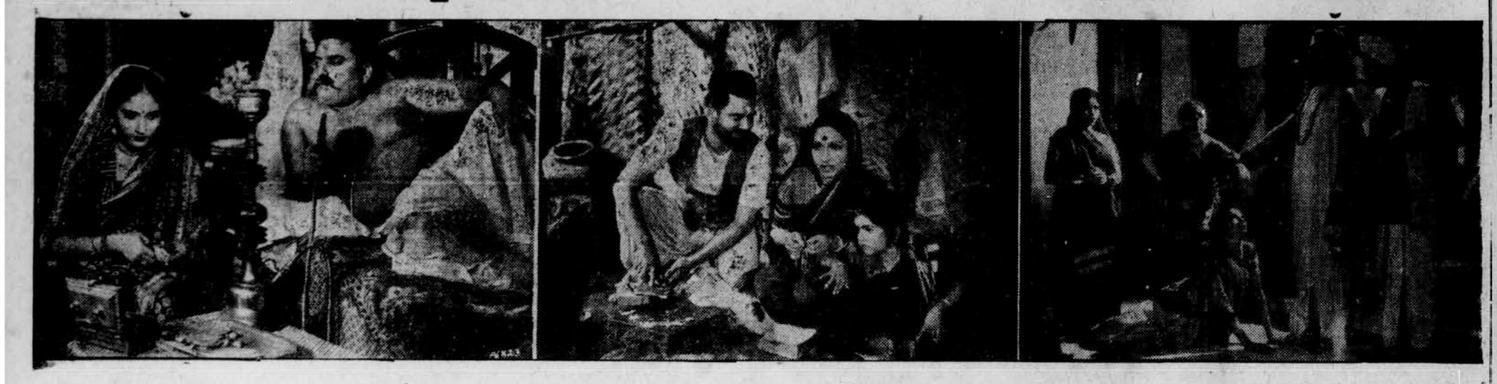
BRITISH AIRWAYS

CARRY ON

Bookings and further information from any office of Indian National Airways Ltd., (Principal Agents for India) or your usual travel agent.

BAK.9

Grand Reception To New Indian Films



Rajkumari and Dalpat in Wadia's 'Manthan' at Imperial; Baburao Pendharkar, Lalita Pawar and Baby Devi in 'Amrit' at Central and Husna Banu in a scene in 'Asra'.

ENERGETIC DRIVE BY THE F. A. B.

Achievements In Production And Distribution

(By 'Chronicle' Film Critic)

Last week, I had occasion to observe that the Board's activities were gaining a direction and gaining in vigour. Further enquiries have revealed that the activities have always been more energetic than I thought, they were.

The Board came into existence in July last. By December, it had produced as many as nine topicals of the average length of a thousand feet. It had also taken over three topical films from the British Ministry of Information and dubbed them in four Indian languages—Hindi, Bengali, Tamil and Telugu.

In the six months from January to June, 1941, the Board has been responsible for seven films. During the same period, no less than ten Ministry of Information topicals have been taken over and rendered into the four respective Indian versions. Nine more "shorts" are now under way, scheduled for completion by the end of August.

In other words, for the period of thirteen months from July, 1940, to August, 1941, the Board will have to its credit as many as twenty-five short-films produced in five versions each, in addition to thirteen imported topicals converted to four different languages. Over six hundred theatres, entertaining an audience over twenty lakhs a week, are commissioned to show the F.A.B. films.

The topical and the educational film, two potent and valuable instruments of modern civilization, are, by the Board's activities, being steadily shaped in India.

Evidence of the remarkable advance made in topical-film production is found in "Defenders of India," released this week in Bombay.

Mr. M. R. Masani, formerly General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party, is commissioned by the Board to write the scenario for its first ambitious educational film "Industrial India." Here is evidence that the Board can command a freshness of outlook; that its policy is by no means steeped in the rut of conservatism, as the policy of an officially appointed body in this country is generally expected to be.

There is evidence of enterprise, too, in the fact that two sections of the Board's Indian Film Unit are touring the country gathering camera-material on four educational subjects—Industrial India, Modern India, Posts and Telegraphs, and the Census. Their itinerary includes such widely divergent places as the Tata Steel Works, the Waterways of the Ganges, Shantiniketan, the Bangalore Institute of Science, and several centres of rural education and experimental farming.

The activities of the Film Advisory Board deserve to be followed carefully by every progressively-minded Indian. In them, we shall be watching the growth of an institution with possibilities for the cultural growth of the country.

"Narad-Naradi" Is Current Coin

"Narad-Naradi" is no longer merely the name of a film. It has come to signify domestic differences. It is not uncommon nowa-days to hear people talk of a married couple having become Narad-Naradi; implying thereby, that the couple has satrted quarreling.

The popularity of the Saraswati comedy at the Majestic Cinema has made its name a household word. The intrinsic truth of its satire has made it a "tag" of familiar use.

Author's Impress On "Amrit"

Khandekar-Winayak Solution Of Class Conflict In Society

BY T. V. P.

I have seen quite a good number of Indian pictures. While seeing only a few of them, I was conscious of who was the author of the story of the picture concerned. But while seeing the new Navayug release 'Amrit' at Central, I was kept conscious of the fact that Mr. V. S. Khandekar was the author, scenario writer and composer of songs in at least 10,000 of the 14,000 feet of 'Amrit'.

Khandekar's is a significant name in the world of Marathi letters. He is known far and wide as an idealist, a humanitarian, champion of the under dog and an artist who believes that Art can fulfil its purpose by being only a handmaid of Life. In his novels he has shown a clear bias for depicting the different worlds of the rich and the poor and advocated humanity as the best means of bridging the gulf between the two worlds.

The theme of 'Amrit' is also the same. He has propounded it through the medium of a film story which has its locale on the Konkan Coast, among the palm-groves. A rich landlord and sowkar with his ideas of doing everything within law, but without sympathy or humanity for human beings around him is taught the lesson that humanity is everything and all else is nothing.

Winayak, the Director of the picture has fully understood the spirit of Khandekar and has given free play to all his ideas. He seems to believe all the same that in order to make a box-office success of the film he must introduce some coloured dance scenes, some love scenes between an alleged hero and an alleged heroine and please what he considers the gallery. Without these introduced somewhat artificially 'Amrit' would have been even better than it is.

Acting honours easily go to Lalita Pawar. Next must rank Baburao Pendharkar and Salvi. Baby Devi, the new child star is in a class by herself, something like a born actor. Winayak, Meenakshi and Damuanna Malvankar are experienced persons in this line and their performances are really good, but they fail to make an impression, because of the best work of Lalita Pawar and Baburao Pendharkar.

Pandurang Naik, the Cameraman deserves all tribute for his fine shots of the palm grooves, the sea, the fisherman's activities and the very natural settings everywhere. 'Amrit' is undoubtedly a great picture and its many fine points will be taken up week by week.

How poor men are tormented and persecuted by calamities, hardships, tears, wailings, misery and even starvation, are portrayed in a very significant manner in "Holi".

'Charno Ki Dasi' At West End

Of all the social films based on the stories by Mr. Atre, "Charno Ki Dasi" is quite oustanding both as a screen-play and as a motion picture.

"Charno Ki Dasi" is a compact well knit screenplay. There is not a single character in "Charno Ki Dasi' created for humour alone.

Emphasis is laid principally on characters and the plot development and incidental sequences are constructed and presented with subtlety by Jagirdar. What engages our attention most is the characterisations and dialogues.

There are several passages of dialogues couched in the most colloquial terms which form the most remarkable pieces of irony, satire and social criticism. Though the wornout, reactionary customs and their upholders receive the burden of Atre's attack even the youths, who through cowardice submit to the caprices of the elders are not spared by Atre.

Apart from dialogues, the mother-in-law, who rules in the domestic domain like a despot, the meek docile daughter-in-law, who bears with smiles all her suffering, and the cowardly husband, who first submits to his mother's despotism but later retaliates with all his might are memorable characterizations.

Less important perhaps, but equally remarkable and life-like specimens are the characters of Nokharam, the orthodox young widower with eyes for women and Champa, the flirting widow; especially the contrast provided by the character of Champa as against that of the daughter-in-law Vidya contributes a great deal to stress the theme of the picture.

Durga Khote out-does all her previous achievements in "Charnoki Dasi"; her protrayal of the despotic mother-in-law is so convincing, natural and life-like that she really lives her role on the screen. As the daughter-in-law Vanmala shows yet another facet in her many-sided talent and wins all our sympathies for the character she has portrayed. Jagirdar and Kusum Deshpande turn in brilliant performances as Nokheram and Champa. In presenting the situations and characters Director Jagirdar has displayed remarkable skill and his emphasis on details is worth emulating by others.

Ranjit's "Holi" At Chitra

Ranjit's "Holi" at Chitra features Motilal, Khurshid, Ishwarlal, Sitara, Ghori, Lala Yacoob, Tarabai and Manoher Kapoor.

Reception Of 'Asra' At Pathe

National Studios' ASRA, which was released at the Pathe Cinema last Saturday, was greeted with great enthusiasm by the Bombay public.

As a comedy, 'Asra' has set a new standard in Indian films. It is humorous without being vulgar. Its situations create the fun and not merely the gesticulations for the characters.

The story relates the adventures of a young man and woman who disappointed in love their own places run away to Bombay. Arriving in the city find it rather difficult to establish themselves. The hero takes up lodgings in the house of a merchant on the promise that he would produce his wife within a month and the heroine goes to a hotel from where she is driven out after a couple of weeks because of her inability to pay the charges. Circumstances lead her to the room of her friend of her Railway journey and to satiswy the former's landlord they decide to pose as husband and wife. The heroine ultimately finds a job in an office only to be thrown into all sorts of complications which finally lead to an interesting climax in a criminal court.

Sardar Akhtar in the leading role gives a performance which shows once more the extreme versatility of this gifted artiste. She shows here that she is as much at home in light as in the heavy roles that she had played before. Amar, a newcomer to the screen, who plays the part of the hero, gives a realistic performance which is exactly what one would expect of a young man placed in his circumstances. The two chief comic roles are taken bp Husn Banu and Wasker.

"Manthan" Catches At Imperial

Wadia Movietone's new film "Manthan" was released last Saturday at the Imperial. Although it cannot boast of stars with past reputation, its publicity had made the picture sufficiently known to the cinema-going public. Evidently Rajkumari, Radha Rani, Sardar Mansur and others had caught public imagination, if the crowds on Saturday and subsequent days is any criterion.

'Manthan' has a moving story and it has been skilfully presented on the screen. That is bound to go a long way in making the picture popular.

Lalita and Kanta in Ashok Pictures' 'Chandan' coming soon; Kusum Deshpande, Avinash and Vanmala in 'Payachi Dasi' at West End; Children in 'Narad-Naradi' at Majestic.

BRAVE HEROINE OF 'NAYA SANSAR'

Renuka Devi's Authentic Portrayal Of Asha

(From An Undergraduate)

About the most maligned person on the Indian screen is the modern girl, especially the collegiate girl. The films insist on portraying her as a shallow intellect and an oversexed ego, a person who has little to do or think of than clothes, cosmetics and love. So, when an authentic picture of the modern girl makes its appearance on the screen, it brings the welcome fragrance akin to the early odour at the first shower of the monsoons.

One enjoys that earthy odour in the Bombay Talkies film "Naya Sansar." The story's heroine, Asha, is a graduate and a genuine modern girl. She is happily free from the timidity and self-consciousness which disqualified the old-style girl for the battle of life. Asha can fight for herself and for hers. She is ready, even eager, to take her place by the side of man; not merely in talk and theory as the screen usually represents the modern girl doing, but in the hard daily practice of journalism.

Yet, Asha does not suffer from masculinity. The woman in her is healthy and alert. Her motherly instict is exuberantly alive, as evidenced in her conduct alike with the Editor and with Chacha's children. She has even mastered that all-important art, which it is so tragically fashionable to despise, the art of cooking.

The love of music is usually accepted as the criterion of modernism in girls. That is partly truth, and partly a caricature. Asha is equally at home with the violin and the pan cake. That is what the modern girl really is; and should be.

Aided by the shrewd judgment of producer, director and scenarists, Renuka Devi gives a colourful but authentic portrayal of Asha, the modern girl. She does not treat modernism as purely a break from tradition. An admirable quality in Asha, as portrayed by Renuka Devi, is her instinctive bashfulness. It is the cruellest caricature of the modern girl to represent her, the way she is so often represented on the screen, as going about making a fuss over her love-life. The scenarists of "Naya Sansar" have very sensibly prevented Asha from making fulsome declarations of her love or ostentatious lamentations over its frustration.

Even in the obviously romantic scenes, Asha gives evidence of a poise and restraint which are natural to the dignity of genuine love; and, for that, praise is due to the artist Renuka Devi as much as to the scenarists and the director. Asha's very declaration of love to Pooran is indirect, charmingly dignified, intelligently suggestive.

The example of "Naya Sansar" of the Bombay Talkies and Renuka Devi, in giving the modern girl a fair deal, is heartily to be commended.

"Khazanchi" Promises A Jubilee

"Khazanchi" enters its thirteenth week at the Krishna today. The blight of the riot and curfew have been able to do little harm to this picture, and well may it be expected to carry on another dozen weeks. Neither have the new releases affected it.

When "Khazanchi" came to Bombay, it brought no recommendation with it except that it was introduced to the city by Famous Pictures.

Once released, however, it became a favourite and bids fair to reach its jubilee.

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Restoring Communal Peace In Bombay

MR. WADIA ON FILM INDUSTRY'S CONTRIBUTION

In response to numerous inquiries regarding the decision taken at a meeting of certain Indian film producers exhibitors and distributors, held at the National Studios, the other day, under the chairmanship of Mr. J. B. H. Wadia, to release new films during the disturbed state of affairs in the city, Mr. Wadia has issued the following statement:

"The hydra-headed spectre of communalism that has once again raised its ugly head in our midst continues to haunt us. Once again it has found expression in goondaism and is side-tracking us from the all-important task of fighting for the liberation of our country—a task which to-day, more than ever before, coincides with the need to fight for the preservation of the hard-earned achievements of our democratic civilisation, however few and imperfect they may be.

POTENTIAL FIFTH COLUMNISTS

"In the final analysis goondaism, irrespective of the hidden sources from which it derives its strength, knows no religion but that of hate. It recognises no community but its own. It is neither Hindu nor Mohammedan. It is barbaric, senseless, useless. It can serve no purpose except fanning the devouring flames of hatred and widening the breach of mutual distrust.

"And to-day its worst feature is that it makes of its adherents and silent sympathisers potential Fifth Columnists, strengthening the hands of the enemies of Democracy, both white-skinned and brown-skinned, both inside this country of ours and outside.

"We must not therefore overlook this significant fact that the bogey of communalism becomes a very useful instrument in the hands of our covert enemies.

"Hence, let us all brace up in the name of common decency, stand shoulder to shoulder and condemn these inhuman activities. Let us have the courage of admitting the existence of honest and healthy differences on the diverse questions bearing on the destiny of this great land of ours: and while doing so, let us all come forward in legions irrespective of caste or creed, form a united front and find ways and means to combat this menace of goondaism which can advance only on the prostrate body of freedom, tolerance and mutual goodwill and drag us into the morass of social chaos and cultural retrogression.

BUSINESS CONSIDERATIONS BRUSHED ASIDE.

"Such were some of the considerations which prompted us—the producers, the distributors and the exhibitors of the five new Indian films to take the momentous decision of releasing them simultaneously in the city of Bombay. We were fully aware of the financial setback involved in the daring step we were contemplating. The Indian film industry was already in the throes of an unending series of crises—crises which were due to the international situation and had a lot to do with the apathetic attitude of a Government that has always treated it as a step-child and which were now aggravated by the sporadic outbursts of hooliganism in the city.

"But this was a time when purely business considerations had to be brushed aside. As members of one of the leading Indian Industries we were conscious of our responsibilities, and as wielders of a powerful medium of expression we had distinctly a duty to perform. As one man we did it.

"It was believed that the simultaneous release of a number of new films in the city would be a long way toward inspiring confidence in the public mind. So, if this action of ours contributes even to a little extent in achieving that object, our sacrifice shall not have gone in vain."

PROGRESS OF EDUCATION IN KASHMIR

Over Three Thousand Adult Literacy Centres Started

(From Our Correspondent).

SRINAGAR: (By Mail).

Increasing activity in the public welfare departments, such as Education and Health, is revealed in the Administration Report for 1939/1940 of the Jammu and Kashmir State, which has now been published.

The following are extracts from the official summary of the report:—

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

The total receipts during the year under report, S. 1996/97 (17th October 1939 to 15th October 1940) were Rs. 257.92 lakhs against Rs. 251.89 lakhs of the previous year. The major heads of revenue were: Land Revenue (Rs. 64.12 lakhs); Customs (Rs. 62.41 lakhs); Forests (Rs. 48.25 lakhs); Sericulture (Rs. 21.44 lakhs) and P.W. Roads and Buildings (Rs. 13.66 lakhs). The total expenditure was Rs. 279.64 lakhs against Rs. 263.44 lakhs of the previous year.

EDUCATION

The number of educational institutions for boys was 1,462 against 1,275 of the previous year, the attendance at these institutions was 91,583 including 56,297 Muslims against 86,189 including 53,973 Muslims of the previous year. The number of students in the two colleges in the State was 2,060. Out of 307 students sent up for the Degree examinations from the two colleges, 160 passed and out of 663 sent up for the Intermediate examinations, 281 passed. As many as 1,621 candidates appeared in the Matriculation examination from Government and Aided High Schools and of these 989 passed. The percentage of boys at school to the male population of the school-going age was 35 against 33.02 of the previous year.

The number of educational institutions for girls was 236 against 225 of the previous year, the attendance at these institutions was 17,009 against 15,942 of the previous year. To give further impetus to girls' education, His Highness' Government sanctioned a proposal for admission of girls below 10 years in boys' schools in localities where no separate girls' schools are at present provided. There were girl students in both the colleges in the State and seven post-Matriculation scholarships of Rs. 40 each were provided for girls desirous of prosecuting college education in British India. The number of technical institutions during the year was 8, and the number of students attending these schools was 370 as against 357 of the previous year. Altogether therefore, there were under instruction in educational institutions of various kinds in the State, 1,08,762 boys and girls. To these may be added 56,428 adults in Kashmir Province and 10,217 in Jammu Province under instruction in some 3,450 adult literacy centres. Adult literacy certificates were granted to 20,448 adults.

MEDICAL AID

Foundation of two new hospitals in the State, designed on modern lines was laid during the year. The total number of medical institutions wholly maintained by the Government was 93. Besides these, there were 49 subsidised dispensaries and four aided hospitals. Of the subsidised dispensaries nine were opened during the year. As many as 3,19,660 outdoor patients were treated in the Government hospitals at the capital cities of Jammu and Srinagar and at Mirpur against 2,80,180 of the previous year; the number of indoor patients at these hospitals was 6,651 against 6,157 of the previous year. In Government dispensaries in Jammu and Kashmir Provinces maintained by the Government there were 14,15,993 outdoor patients and 3,395 indoor patients against 13,21,118 outdoor patients and 3,473 indoor patients of the previous year.

RURAL WELFARE

Out of 27 tehsils of Jammu and Kashmir Provinces, the activities of the Rural Development Department extended to 22 tehsils. The number of villages under purview was 1,835, including 850 new ones in which work was started for the first time during the year under report. In addition to Rs. 1,00,000 sanctioned by Government for financing different rural uplift activities, the sum of Rs. 40,000 provided for water supply to "kandi illaqa" in Jammu was also operated upon by the Department during the year under report. A feature of the village improvement works executed by the Department is the voluntary contribution made by villagers in cash and free labour to the execution of these works.

TOURISTS

The number of visitors to Kashmir was 29,292 against 27,803 of the previous year. Further facilities were provided for visitors. A number of works were executed for making tourist resorts more attractive and accessible.

Punitive Tax Justified In Mysore Council

BANGALORE, June 27.

The causes that led to the imposition of punitive tax on the Reddi and Lingayat communities in the village of Turuvanur (about 160 miles from Bangalore) were explained in detail during question time in the Mysore Legislative Council

The Minister for law said that the posting of punitive police in the village was the direct consequence of the forest Satyagraha launched by the Mysore Congress which continued from the middle of September to the middle of October 1939.—A. P.

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Cashew Nut Trade In America

Part Of American Diet: Better Quality Will Expand Market

NEW DELHI: June 27.

A food product which looms large in India's export trade with the United States is cashew nuts for which the American consumer depends almost entirely upon India for supplies, according to the Indian Government Trade Commissioner, New York.

The development of the American market is of comparatively recent origin, the nut, now a familiar article in the United States, being unknown to Americans less than a generation ago.

The basic reason for the success of the cashew nut trade is the comparative cheapness of the nut coupled with its delectable taste. With the exception of peanuts which are indigenous, cashew nuts are the predominant and lowest priced nuts in the salted nut industry.

Much credit for the popularity of the cashew nut in the United States is due to the fact that it was taken up by one of the largest foodstuffs firms in this country who were able not only to introduce efficient preparation and packing of the nut, but also to carry on an extensive promotion and advertising campaign on its behalf.

In 1939 American imports of cashew nuts reached over 29 million pounds compared with about 26 million pounds in 1938 and about 22 million pounds in 1936 and only a nominal quantity came from sources other than India.

South America produces large quantities of cashew nuts but no substantial trade in the shelled nuts has been developed. The increased imports in 1939 were not the result of the outbreak of war, which, if anything, had a depressing effect on imports, since the fourth quarter of 1939 was the only quarter which showed a decrease as compared with 1938. Furthermore, imports of cashew nuts from India continued to decline during the first quarter of 1940 as compared with either the last quarter of 1939 or the corresponding quarters of 1939 and 1936.

The question of prices and price fluctuation is of peculiar importance in the cashew nut trade. This is largely due to the current practice of cashew nut importers and merchants in guaranteeing their sale prices against decline.

Forward purchasing is the American importers' ordinary method of doing business and buyers make contracts on the basis of the prices on forward purchases. A subsequent decline in price, therefore, means that the importer must sell at a lower price regardless of the contract price.

LARGE IMPORTERS PENALISED

This practice is said to penalize the largest importers who cannot afford to gamble on prices and thus the situation arises that the cashew nut trade is at times considered more profitable and satisfactory by the comparatively small importers than by the largest. A trader importing a comparatively small quantity of cashew nuts can bring down the market by under-quoting his larger competitors.

It has been suggested that this condition is aggravated by the existence of speculation in Bombay both in the African and Indian cashew nut crops. Such speculation would not only be an unsettling factor in Indo-American trade, but would also be injurious to the Indian producer who would not receive a legitimate price for his product.

There is practically no information available in the United States as to the existence of this speculation, but allegations of its existence have come from responsible quarters and merit investigation.

The possibility of making pre-season crop surveys and the establishment of price control by the Government as a means of rectifying the difficulties in the cashew nut trade might be considered.

The other important factor is quality. It is commonly felt here that the lack of grading and the shipment, at times, of goods too poor in quality for the American market for which the importers have to make allowances, coupled with the narrow margin of profit on which the importer works is a real hindrance to the furtherance of Indian export trade in cashew nuts.

This might be overcome by the adoption of a system of Government grading, applicable not only to Indian exports of cashew nuts, but also to the pre-processed cashew nuts imported into India from Africa.

The cashew nut trade is basically in a sound position because of the general acceptance of this product as part of the American diet, but it should be recognised that the above conditions are serious impediments to trade. Furthermore, other nuts such as Brazil nuts and peanuts are definitely competitive if cashews do not keep their price advantage, while the indigenous peanut is always a potential competitor.

Finally, the cashew nut trade has suffered from the failure of any company to promote its sale in such fashion that its trade mark and goodwill reaches the consumer. Although the cashew nut trade in the United States has continued to increase, such unsatisfactory features as now exist need to be rectified as far as possible to guarantee the preservation and further development of the American market, which is by far India's largest market for her cashew nut exports.

DELHI TO HAVE NEW A. I. R. BUILDING

SIMLA, June 26.

Construction has begun of the new Broadcasting House for the All-India Radio. Centrally situated near the Council House in New Delhi, on a site 44 acres in area and estimated to cost Rs. 9,33,000 the Broadcasting House is intended to be one of the most modern and well equipped buildings of its kind and provide accommodation and technical facilities greatly superior to those of any other broadcasting organisation in the East.

The building which will provide the additional studios and technical facilities required for the 100 Kilowatt short wave transmitter for Delhi, on which work is simultaneously progressing.

The new building will have three two-storied wings radiating from a three-storied central. The studios will be located on the ground floor between two of the wings. In order to obtain adequate sound insulation the studios will have no windows or openings but will be air conditioned. There will altogether be twelve studios, the largest of which will accommodate an audience and will be used for concerts, plays, etc. This large number of studios provides for the possibility of five transmitters radiating separate programmes, as well as for simultaneous rehearsals.—A.P.

HOW SUGAR CRISIS IS TIDED OVER

Large Quantity Of Cane Converted Into 'Gur'

LUCKNOW, June 26.

One of the most difficult seasons in the U. P. for the sugar industry is being just tided over with great difficulty, helped by the concerted propaganda drive of the 'Gur' Development Department, states an official review of the sugar industry in the province.

A record area of 25 lakhs of acres was under cultivation during the year, the review points out, and the sugar mills could consume only about two-thirds of the cane produced.

Forestalling this state of affairs, Government had advised cane-growers all over the province to convert a large quantity of cane into 'gur' and arranged in some cases for the supply of hoklus (gur manufacturing equipment) and financial assistance in other cases.

As a result of these measures, adds the review, "the situation in most of the districts was completely brought under control."—A P.

NEW DELHI, June 26.

A woman named Bibbo has asked for police held to oust her ex husband who it is stated divorced her long ago, but has again made himself comfortable in her house and refuses to go away.—(O. P. I.)

NEW ROAD FOR THANA

Citizens' Protest Against Proposed Construction

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, June 26.

"Should the Thana Municipality, in the present state of its finances and when the problem of water-supply still remains unsolved, much to the hardship of the ratepayers, go in for a costly venture of constructing a new road across the Masunda Tank" this question has been agitating the minds of a large number of ratepayers for a few months past. The proposed new road, it is stated, is meant to relieve the present heavy congestion on the Station Road. It is to run parallel to the Station Road and will cost the Municipality a lac and a quarter of rupees or thereabout.

For some time past, the Municipality has been considering the report prepared by Mr. S. S. Naik, Suburban District Local Board Engineer regarding the feasibility of the proposed two furlong road on the reclaimed tank. The general public apprehends that the present Municipal Board with its command majority will carry out the proposal, inspite of their protests.

On Wednesday night, the ratepayers of Thana held a public meeting at the vegetable market under the presidentship of Mr. G. B. alias Baba Bhat. The meeting which was largely attended inspite of short notice was addressed by Messrs. W. A. Rege, ex-Municipal President, R. L. Rede, Municipal Councillor and Prof. R. S. Bhagwat on the 'pros' and 'cons' of the proposed new road. After a lot of discussion, a resolution registering the Thana citizens' protest against the proposed construction of a new road, was moved by Mr. R. L. Rede and passed by a large majority.

Bihar To Have Rural Advisory Board

RANCHI, June 26.

In a resolution issued to-day the Government of Bihar announce the appointment of a provincial rural development advisory board to ensure the more efficient working of the rural development department and to effect economy of effort and expenditure by utilising the combining knowledge and assistance of the different departments concerned. —A. P.

Burma Premier's Party Candidate Wins

RANGOON, June 26.

Shwepi W Ba Tin, a candidate of the Premier's Oyochit party topped the polls in the Mandalay by-election to the House of Representatives. He obtained 2,851 votes as against 2,349 and 548 votes secured by the other two candidates. He was declared duly elected.—A. P.

LOWER OFFICE COSTS! the Godrej way

OPERATING costs have been substantially reduced in offices as well as in factories by the Time Study systems devised by Charles Bedaux and other efficiency engineers. Godrej have recently developed this important branch of engineering as a new contribution to efficiency in India.

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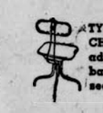

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Roland YOUNG • Billie BURKE
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Has made this Picture, A Favourite of Filmgoers!
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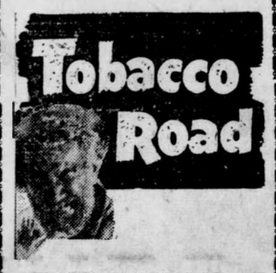

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LAURENCE OLIVIER and
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Daily 3 shows at 1, 4 & 7 p.m. On Sunday Special Morning Show at 10 a.m.
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Direction: NITIN BOSE
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SUNDAY: 10-30 A.M.
"THE KING & THE CHORUS GIRL"
with BLONDELL & GRAVET

Parsi World Tourists:—From left to right—K. J. Kharas, R. D. Shroff and R. D. Ghandhi.

PARSI CYCLISTS ON WORLD TOUR

Thrilling Experiences In Five Continents

"Lost" In 80-Mile Desert On The Way To Afghanistan

Messrs. Kaikee J. Kharas, Rustom D. Ghandhi and Rutton D. Shroff, three intrepid Parsi cyclists, are now in Calcutta on their way home covering the last stage of the round the world trip on wheels, says, the "Hindustan Standard". Interviewed, they gave the following interesting account of experiences:—

We left Bombay in the year 1933 with the intention of cycling round the world. Soon after leaving India we found out that people outside India knew very little about our country and what little they knew was distorted by the many foreign writers who had mentioned India in their writings We, therefore, decided to make our tour into a "Goodwill Mission Tour", and by personal interviews and by lectures bring to the people of the world a truer picture of the great civilisation of our mother country, India.

LOST IN DESERT

Our difficulties were numerous in the beginning, but we learnt that patience, perseverance and courage would overcome many a difficulty. Our wanderings after leaving India led us to Afghanistan, where the roads were merely camel tracks and want of information found us lost in 80-mile desert without food and water for three days. Afghanistan was very primitive, but offered us very good hospitality and later on we found that more primitive the people the better hospitality shown.

Iran and its severe winters were next encountered. In trying to cross a high mountain pass on the border of eastern Turkey, the hut in which we took shelter for the night got buried in snow and the next morning we had to dig our way out.

TROUBLE IN TURKEY

Coming out of these difficulties we felt into a new sort of trouble when we entered Turkey. Not knowing that we were in the Turkish military zone, we refused to change our route for a long voyage on the Black Sea to Istanbul and consequently roused the suspicion of the Turkish guards. After fifteen days' detention we were allowed to proceed to Ankara, accompanied by three fully armed guards and our cameras sealed.

Our European tour revealed to us an entirely new world in which machinery replaced so much of manual labour we had been used to so much in the Orient. The countries we visited in Europe were the Balkans Hungary, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Belgium, British Isles France, Spain, Switzerland and Italy. Being in Europe in 1934 and 1935 long before this devastating war began, we saw Europe at its best.

TREK IN AFRICA

In Africa a long trek began when we started to cycle from Alexandria in Egypt to Cape Town in South Africa. It took us 21 months to cover the distance of about 12,000 miles and we must have escaped from death at least 21 times by being trampled under the feet of wild elephants, being devoured by ferocious lions and from many tropical diseases and sickness. Thanks to the many thousands of Indians who have settled in British East Africa, Portuguese East Africa, Rhodesia, and Union of South Africa, we were able to complete this long and hazardous journey successfully.

IN SOUTH AMERICA

Crossing the South Atlantic, we landed at Buenos Aires in Argentine and later on Rio de Janeiro in Brazil. Owing to lack of through communications in the Amazon district where floods occur during eleven months in the year, we had to take the boat to Panama. There being many Indians in Jamaica, who had been taken there under the indenture labour system many years ago, we visited this island in order to see for ourselves their condition. On the way to Mexico we visited Cuba for a short time.

We entered U. S. A. from Mexico over the Laredo-taxes highway and cycled extensively from south to north and east to west We also visited Canada. All that we had seen in Europe we saw again in America, but in America on a much larger scale. We also saw things being produced in mass production and the living standard higher than in any other part of the world.

In spite of the immense wealth the Americans can boast of, we found them unhappy and dissatisfied in life. They craved more for spiritual enlightenment and many attended Yogic classes set up by Indians living in the country.

The Americans proved very friendly and their inquisitiveness to know more about things happening in other parts of the world gave us many opportunities to lecture before their universities, high schools, civic clubs and various other associations.

WAR BREAKS OUT

During our visit to Japan the war in Europe broke out and we were asked to leave the country in a hurry. In China we couldn't cycle much as permission to travel in Japanese-occupied territory was refused. The destruction caused by modern warfare near the International Settlement of Shanghai gave us a vivid picture of the suffering of the people. The poverty and misery of the Chinese left a very pitiable picture of our minds.

Leaving the Far East behind, we visited the continent of Australia and found the Australians and the New Zealanders great sympathisers of the Indians in their struggle to get independence. There are great possibilities of trade improvements and better understanding between India and these countries in the near future.

After touring Java and Bali our progress became quicker as we had to take the boat from Singapore to Burma and the rains having started the roads leading into Eastern Bengal from Burma were closed.

BACK AFTER 8 YEARS

It is after eight years that we have returned to India and a month and a half ago we landed at Chittagong. Since then we have visited Darjeeling and on Sunday morning we arrived at Calcutta. The warm reception accorded to us by the citizens of the first city in Bengal has made home-coming very pleasant.

BOARD OF CRICKET CONTROL

Annual Meeting At Calcutta On July 27

MADRAS, June 27.

The twelfth annual ordinary general meeting of the Board of Control for Cricket in India will be held at "The Eden Gardens" Calcutta at 11 a. m. (Calcutta Time) on 27th July 1941

Dr. P. Subbaryan, President of the Board, will preside over the meeting.—A. P.

Calcutta Football

CALCUTTA, June 27.

The following are the results of matches played in the First Division of Calcutta Football League to-day:—

East Bengal 0; Bhowanipore 0.

Customs 2; Dalhousie 1.

Sporting Union 2; North Staffords 1.—A. P.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

Colossal Earnings Of A Boxing Champion

(BY LOOKER-ON)

The expected has happened in the contest for the World's Heavy-Weight Boxing Crown. Joe Louis, the reigning sovereign, delivered the K. O. to Billy Conn the former Light Heavy-Weight Champion of the World It must be said however, to the immense credit of the challenger that he fought heroically till the thirteenth round when a tactical blunder on his part saw the Brown Bomber knocking him out with one of his terrific punches. Louis might have lost the title to an opponent who had conceded nearly two stones in weight to him. In any case, he had a severe thrashing at his rival's hands and was just lucky to be offered the chance of bringing off a mighty crash.

DIFFERENT PICTURES

Nonetheless it is a matter of extreme credit to Joe that he has retained his title for four years during which he has accounted for many a bold challenger. With a world war on, it is very unlikely that he would be dethroned in the near future. Meanwhile he has amassed a fortune unprecedented in the annals of sport. His total earnings from the ring are said to be nearly eighty lakhs of rupees!! In the last match mentioned above he received the modest sum of rupees six lakhs! It is stated that 54,487 persons turned out to witness the contest and paid 451,743 dollars.

Both the figures fall far short of the previous records. But as they are, they seem to be prodigious in this part of the world. It is only the Americans who can produce such colossal fortunes in any sphere of activity. Is it not therefore a sad irony of fate that another world beater in the person of Jesse Owens who established new records in the 100 and 200 metres dashes in the last World Olympic Games at Berlin, has now to work as a waiter in some petty hotel in New York? There must be some sense of proportion in the distribution of wealth. Isn't it?

CALCUTTA'S WEAKNESSES

Sporting circles in Calcutta are rather perturbed over the way in which delinquents are being dealt with by their controlling bodies. During the last Beighton Cup Tournament there were several cases of not only unsporting but atrocious conduct. "The Sporting Times" recently published a photo which exposed the behaviour of some of the players of the Bhopal Wanderers in a most lurid light. It is strange that the Umpire concerned Mr. A. James allowed the offending player, Zahoor, to play again, after he had turned him off the field! The Bengal Hockey Association did not take any action against the player. Some players played for different teams without regular transfers. The Indian Hockey Federation needs to look into these questions at an early date. If players and clubs have a free hand it will sound a death-knell to our sport.

LESSONS FROM BOMBAY

Similar complaints have been made against the Football authorities as well. It is said that the I.F.A. does not take drastic action against offending players. In fact they are afraid to do so. Some of the clubs are so powerful there that they can—and do—dictate terms to the controlling body Does it do any credit to the Association? Certainly not. Nor does it benefit the game in any way. Truly speaking, this weakness causes a good deal of harm to everybody concerned. We have in Bombay Associations who deal with offenders with a strong hand. It may be that they are at times a little too severe. But it is much better than weak-kneed administration. Let the I.F.A. collect some strength about them.

PROGRESS OF HARWOOD LEAGUE

Soccer is now in full swing in Bombay. At the Cooperage the Senior Division of the Harwood League is going apace. In the North of the City, the Bengal Club League and the Junior Divisions of the Harwood League are holding the stages. It is yet too early to say who will win the respective championships. But from what has been seen so far it seems likely that the British Infantry will retain its hold on the Senior Division. But I cannot say the same thing of the runners-up the Y.M.C.A. They have lost the backbone of their attack in Butchi who has joined the B.E.S.T. Although Bhima Rao makes a good substitute, he does not bear the stamp of Butchi. Mr. Callan is trying hard to strengthen his attack. I think the best way to do so would be to teach his forwards to shoot at the target at every opportunity.

CHANGE OF TACTICS

The City Police, who won the second division last year, have been seen to much advantage this season. After winning the Western India Championship, they have been forging ahead in the League. Unfortunately some of their players are prone to questionable tactics which has already brought the axe of suspension on one of their members in Lazarus. That is a great pity. The Police, if they wish to be anywhere near the top, should adopt cleaner methods and rely mainly on their abilities.

The B.E.S.T. and the W.I.A.A have made several changes in their combinations by roping in players from other clubs. Butchi has been a real acquisition to the Tramway. Once he finds a partner like Balan, he is sure to be as dangerous as before. I do not, however, know why the W.I.A.A. robbed Islam from the Muslims, if they did not want him to play in the second line of defence. If they persist with their regular combination, they are sure to do better than they have done this season.

BAREFOOTERS PROBLEM

The rest of the teams have not impressed me much. Perhaps with the break of the monsoon, they will shine more brightly. Of course this cannot be said of South Kanara. As a barefooted team they are likely to fare worse. I wonder if all the barefooted players in the League would continue to play in the same manner. Or would some of them put on boots. Unless they practise both ways they can hardly expect to outbid their booted opponents. This is a question first class teams need to consider seriously.

This season most of the matches are being supervised by new referees—I mean those who have been recently promoted. Barring the old hands Ridley and Eagle, most of the senior referees are not available for some reason or other. Still the refereeing in general is fairly good. With more experience, the new comers may do as well as their predecessors—and accept the criticisms without demur.

BENGAL CLUB CUP LEAGUE

Week-end Fixtures

The following matches in the Bengal Club Cup League will be played at the St. Xavier's College ground, Parel, during this week-end :—

TO-DAY (Sunday) : 4-30 p.m. Tata Sports v. Bright Star.

5-30 p.m. Indian Gymkhana v. United Young Friends.

TO-MORROW (Sunday) : 4 p.m. Khatau v. St. Frances.

5 p.m. Muslim Sports v. St. Xavier's College.

6 p.m. Bengal Club v. Matunga Athletic (Championship Round).

SATIRANJAN MEMORIAL SHIELD : ENTRIES CLOSE TO-DAY

The entries for the Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament will close to-day and the competition will commence on Saturday, July 5. Clubs wishing to participate in the tournament should send their entries to the Honorary Secretary, Indian Football League, Shri Krishna Nivas, Hospital Avenue, Parel.

Model Mills Reopen

NAGPUR, June 27.

The Model Mills, Nagpur, which remained closed for about two months reopened to-day. The workers of the mills have resumed work.—United Press.

2nd Great Week
NATIONAL STUDIOS' Stirring
Tale of Love and Sacrifice
WOMAN (Aurat)
Starring
SARDAR AKHTAR
Daily at 4-30, 7 & 10 P.M.
Sat. & Sun. Extra Shows at 2 P.M.
HINDMATA
Opp. Tata Mill, Vincent Rd., Parel

COMMENCING TO-DAY
The poorest man is really the richest man in this world! See Ranjit's
HOLI
with
MOTILAL, KHURSHID, SITARA
Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-45 p.m.
Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
CHITRA
Vincent Road, Dadar.

2ND WEEK
WADIAS' Delightful Historical
MANTHAN
JUSTICE OF VIKRAM
Starring:
RADHA RANI, RAJKUMARI, SARDAR MANSUR,
Director:
RAMJI ARYA
AT
IMPERIAL
Daily 1, 4 & 7 p.m
Extra Show at 10 a.m. on Sun.

PALACE
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Metro's Laugh-and-Love Riot!
. . . . The Year's Gayest Festival of Male Versus Female!
COMRADE X
Starring
CLARK GABLE
HEDY LAMARR
Also MOVIETONE NEWS
Sun. Morn At 10-30 A.M.
Rob. Taylor-Vivien Leigh
in M G M's spectacular Romance
A YANK AT OXFORD

TO-NIGHT & THIS WEEK
HIND PICTURES' Great Social Entertainment
SANDESA
Starring
YASMIN, NAZIR
Daily At 4-30, 7 & 10 P.M.
Sat. & Sun. Extra Shows at 2 P.M.
APOLLO Surya Cinema
Near Tata Mill, Parel Poibavdi

SWEET AS HONEY
If you can hear wit' the

Singing bee that would be! Narad's opinion of marriage—or would it be? VERIFY in
NARAD NARADI
SARASWATI'S Musical Mythological Comedy
IN ITS 7TH WEEK AT MAJESTIC.
Daily: 1, 4, 7 p.m
SUNDAY MORNING SHOW AT 10.
ZANANA SHOW
TUESDAY and THURSDAY AT 1 P.M.

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3-30 :: 6-45
Showing
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Naya Sansar
Matinee Today and To-morrow 12-30

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Detenus In Agra Jail Put Off Hunger-Strike

Sequel To U. P. Govt.'s Assurance To C. B. Johri: M. L. A. On Parole Refuses To Give Bond

BENARES, June 26.

The detenus in the Agra Jail have postponed going on hunger-strike for a week, following an assurance conveyed by him that the U. P. Government were considering the grievances of the detenus, stated Mr. Chandra Bhal Johri, M.L.A. (Central) in an interview.

Mr. Johri has requested the Government for permission for himself and Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit to interview the detenus.

M. L. A. ON PAROLE REFUSES TO GIVE BOND

(From Our Correspondent)

AGRA, (By Mail).

Seth Achal Singh, M.L.A., Rais of Agra, at present "A" Class Satyagrahi prisoner, fell seriously ill in Jail. He was placed under Government orders in Thompson Hospital, Agra, for treatment on a month's parole.

His condition has worsened with the result that he cannot move about and is having acute pains even when rising or lying on cot. On the medical authorities' recommendation for further treatment the Government has been pleased to extend his parole for the remainder of his term, provided he executes personal bond of Rs. 500 and gives an undertaking not to take any part in the politics. Sethji has intimated to the Government that he has no intention to take part in the politics during the period of his malady that he is advised to go to Calcutta or Bombay for treatment, where he intends to go. But he is not prepared to humiliate himself by furnishing bond, if his moral undertaking is not deemed sufficient by the Government and that he would rather die in jail than secure his release on parole on such terms.

Congress Workers Arrested

ALLAHABAD, June 27.

Bideshwernath Chopra alias "Bilki", a Congress worker, was arrested this morning under the Defence of India Rules.

JHANSI:—Ramchandrasa Singh, a Congressman from village Rath, District Hamirpur, was arrested last evening for offering Satyagraha.—A. P.

KARNATAK GIVES 1,080 SATYAGRAHIS

DHARWAR, (By Mail).

Karnatak P.C.C. writes:—

During the fortnight ending May 31, 1941, 62 Satyagrahis offered Satyagraha and 73 were convicted (including 13 un-arrested last fortnight) and two are un-arrested. Fines imposed comes to Rs. 1,950.

Total number of Satyagrahis that have offered Satyagraha since the beginning of the struggle and upto May 21, 1941, is 1,080, convicted 1,061, un-arrested 19. Total fines imposed Rs. 22,155. Fines recovered from Bellary and Mangalore districts comes to Rs. 7,000 and Rs. 2,650 respectively.

ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS

BELGAUM DISTRICT:—Shris Bhimappa Yaragatti, Bhimanayak Parasannyakar, Gadigeppa Naragund, Mahadevappa Angadi, Shivabasappa Angadi, Andanigouda Patil, Adiveppa Hadapad, Dundappa Chinchani were all sentenced to 4 months' R. I. and Rs. 50 fine in default 2 months' R. I. for offering Satyagraha.

Shris Demappa Naganur, Vithal Renake, Mallappa Ittanagi, Veerappa Sutagatti were sentenced to 4 months' R.I. each for offering Satyagraha.

RELEASED:—Shris Bhavu Terdale, Hanumantappa Mirji Siddayya Yereshimimath, Ishwarappa Pattar, Basanni Mathad, Balappa Yakundi, Siddappa Dharwar, M. Marulanganagouda were all released from the Belgaum Central (Hindalgi) Prison after completing their term of imprisonment, and Shris Anant Kulkarni, Madivalayya Hiremath, Basavanni Jakkannavar, Mallappa Madivalar were also released from Belgaum prison on the 19th.

Mrs. Ramabai Yalgi, member of Belgaum D.C.C. who had been removed to Belgaum Civil Hospital on account of illness was unconditionally released from Belgaum Central Prison on June 16 before the expiry of the sentence.

Dr. Gopalrao Kadalgikar, President of the Gokak T.C.C., who was serving imprisonment in Hindalgi Prison, was promoted to 'B' Class from June 6.

Shri Rudregouda Patil who offered Satyagraha on the 9th was sentenced to 6 months' R. I and Rs. 200 fine in default 3 months' further R. I

BAJAPUR DISTRICT:—Shri Basayya Puranikar, was sentenced to 6 months' S.I., plus 6 months' S.I., (concurrent) for alleged objectionable speeches at Takkalki and Managoli.

Shri S. R. Kanthi, President of the Bijapur D.C.C., a 'B' class Satyagrahi prisoner was transferred from Bijapur Jail to Belgaum Prison.

Shri M. S. Sugandhi, M. L. A., who was undergoing one year's imprisonment was released in connection with his son's operation.

On June 17 Shri Lingayya Jangin of Bagalkot was sentenced to 6 months' R.I. for his alleged objectionable speech.

DHARWAR DISTRICT:—On June 16 Shri N. T. Dabade, Office Secretary of K.P.C.C., was sentenced to 3 months' R. I. for his alleged anti-war speech at Manasur on April 10th.

Shris T. B. Keshavarao, B. Venkobarao of Bellary District offered Satyagraha in Dharwar on June 16 and were sentenced to 2 months' R.I. each the same day.

97 DAYS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

Ratlam Political Conspiracy Case Prisoner

(From Our Correspondent.)

RATLAM, June 26.

The Ratlam Political Conspiracy Case which has been going on in Ratlam jail for the last 15 months against the Prajamandal President, Dr. Devisingh, Secretary Chandmal Mehta, Pleader Propaganda Secretary, Biharilal Vyas, and other workers—Chhunnukhan, Juggankhan Badrilal, Basant etc., is now over. The assessors after five hearings have now submitted their opinion in writing. Now after 27th June, on any day, judgment will be announced.

SATYAGRAHI SUFFERS FROM TYPHOID.

One Satyagrahi Mr. Gaffoor, who is arrested and convicted under Defence of India Rules is suffering from typhoid and is in a critical condition in the jail, yet he is not removed to hospital and no arrangements for treatment or comfort are made in the jail.

97 DAYS' HUNGER-STRIKE

One political prisoner of the Conspiracy Case Mr. Chhunnukhan had been sentenced to one year and half in a case filed by the jail Spperintendent. From the day Chhunnukhan was convicted he has been on hunger-strike and is demanding jail reforms on the lines of U. P. jails. The jail authorities for several days continued forcible feeding under chloroform. Mr. Chhunnukhan has lost 40 lbs. in weight. Hs was 140 lbs. before hunger-strike and is now only 100 lbs. Forcible feeding is going on as usual. But the doctor has changed the diet. Now instead of milk they are giving wheat-powder in water. He is in a critical condition and is weak.

Ahmedabad Congress Secretary Released

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

Mr. Arjun Lala, Secretary of the City Congress Committee who was detained in Nasik jail under the Defence of India Rules, has been released owing to illness, it is learned, and is being brought to Ahmedabad for treatment.—A. P.

Plea For Release Of Woman Satyagrahi

NEW DELHI, June 27.

It is understood that the Punjab Government has moved the Chief Commissioner of Delhi for the release of Shrimati Chotti Devi, a Satyagraha prisoner of Delhi, who is alleged to be ill in jail. At a Congress meeting held in a suburban village of Delhi, one man was arrested for shouting anti-war slogans.—O. P.

Mrs. S. H. Desai To Offer Satyagraha Again

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mrs. Savitaben Haribhai Desai, Congress worker from the Bombay Suburban District who was released from jail recently, intends offering Satyagraha at Santa Cruz at 8-30 a.m. on Monday next.

KHAKSAR TACTICS AT NAGPUR.

NAGPUR, June 27.

Fifty Khaksars, some carrying 'Belchas,' have been hiding in the Khadan mosque at Hansapuri Road since June 6. They are not coming out but profess to be offering prayers to the Almighty for the speedy recovery of their leader, Allama Mashriqui, from sickness, and also that he may prompt Government to release the Allama.

A police picket is posted outside the mosque.

Forty-seven Khaksars, including 17 from Madras, have been arrested so far.—United Press.

Plea For Limit To Tax On Professions

MADRAS, June 27.

Separate communications have been addressed to the Government of Madras by the Madras Chamber of Commerce and the Madras Trades Association urging them to support the bill introduced by Sir Frederick James in the Central Assembly with a view to limiting the amount payable by any one person in respect of profession tax to a maximum of Rs. 50 a year.—A. P.

Jhabua State's Peoples' Conference

DOHAD, June 27.

The Jhabua State's Peoples' Conference will be held here on June 29 under the presidentship of Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, a member of the Standing Committee of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference.

Mahatma Gandhi has sent a message wishing the Conference every success. He hopes that the conference would be helpful in redressing the grievances of the Indian States' People.—United Press.

Altered Jail Rules For Madras

MADRAS: June 27.

The Madras Government have altered the Jail Rules with regard to interviews and letters in the following manner:—

"A" class prisoners could have either two interviews and two letters in a month or 4 interviews in a month. The former rule that 15 days must elapse between the first and second interview has been altered. All the four interviews could be had on the same day or on consecutive days in a month.—United Press.

Malaya Demands For Khaddar

Much In Vogue Among Indian Population

CALCUTTA: June 26.

Khaddar piecegoods are much in vogue among Indians in Malaya, according to the Indian Chamber of Commerce of Singapore.

The Government of India had addressed a letter to its Agent in Malaya, requesting the latter of such information as may be likely to prove useful as a guide and a pointer to the handloom weavers in India to enable them to follow up the tastes of the people in the Malayan Peninsula in the matter of texture, colour and designs.

The Agent of the Government of India wrote in reply that he had asked for the information required from the Indian Chambers of Commerce in that country. So far the only reply received by him was from the Indian Chamber of Commerce of Singapore.

From this information supplied by the Indian Chamber of Commerce of Singapore, it is gathered that the handloom products of India, imported into Malaya, are mostly consumed by the Indian population in Malaya and the import of such products was largely fair, but now-a-days it was very difficult to ascertain any statistical figures. Varieties of pillicates (coloured handkerchiefs), Benaresi piecegoods and cotton, silk and art silk wearing apparels, such as sarees, dhoties and shawls are much in demand.—A. P.

Compulsory Primary Education In Indore

INDORE, June 27.

His Highness the Maharaja of Holkar has ordered that steps should be taken immediately to introduce compulsory primary education, both for boys and girls, in Nemawar district of the Holkar State. Accordingly a scheme involving a recurring expenditure of about Rs. 50,000 was submitted to His Highness and sanctioned.

Under this scheme, 55 new schools for boys will be opened in the district in different centres from July 1, 1941. The centres have been so selected that every village will have a school within a radius of two miles. Eight schools will be in Forest villages—United Press.

Peaceful Rath Yatra

AHMEDABAD, June 27.

Rath Yatra procession passed off peacefully to-day. Prominent members of the Mahajan Samiti and volunteers of the Shanti Sevak headed by Mr. Mahadev Desai joined the procession.—A. P.

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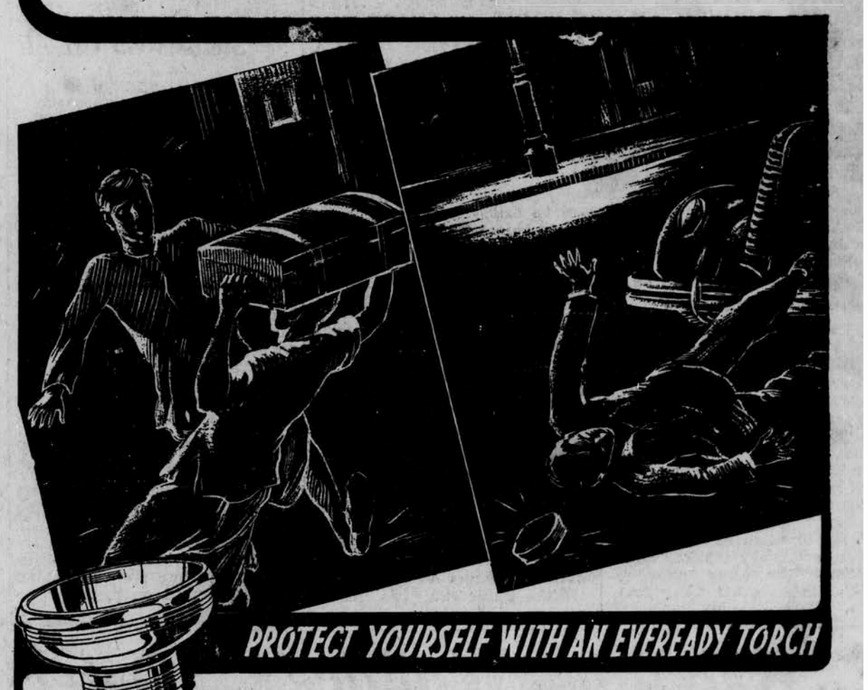

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1941

Soviet Planes Bomb Bucharest

REPORTED FLIGHT OF RUMANIAN GOVT.

Hungary Declares War On Russia: Nazi Claim Of Capture Of Riga

LONDON, JUNE 27.

GERMAN MECHANIZED FORCES ARE CROSSING THE 1939 FRONTIER OF THE SOVIET UNION FROM SOVIET OCCUPIED POLAND THRUSTING TOWARDS MINSK, THE CAPITAL OF WHITE RUSSIA.

IT IS INDICATED IN AN OFFICIAL MOSCOW COMMUNIQUE ISSUED LATE ON THURSDAY NIGHT STATING, "OUR TROOPS YESTERDAY ENGAGED IN FIERCE FIGHTING WITH LARGE ENEMY TANK UNITS IN MINSK SECTOR".

The German drive is being developed against western Russia presumably being made from south-west through Baranovitch gap north of the famous Pripet marshes. This and the second German tank drive last reported is operating north-east of Minsk-Vilna area are believed to be directed against Moscow via Emolens.

Southern Poland, where the Nazis appear to be making immediately for Kiev capital of Ukraine, tank battles are raging around Luck 85 miles north-east Lwow Soviet-occupied Poland.

ON THE RUMANIAN FRONT ALL ATTEMPTS BY GERMAN-RUMANIAN FORCES TO CROSS THE RIVER PRUTH INTO NORTHERN BUKOVINA TO BESSARABIA EITHER TOWARDS ODESSA OR TO SUPPORT KIEV DRIVE HAVE BEEN THROWN BACK BY RUSSIANS, STATES THE SOVIET COMMUNIQUE.

WITH THE GERMAN WAR MACHINE THUS KNOWN TO HAVE SMASHED ITS WAY INTO RUSSIA PROPER AT ONE POINT AT LEAST THE SOVIET AIR FORCE IS STILL HITTING BACK HARD AND BOMBED BUCHAREST, FROM WHICH THE RUMANIAN GOVERNMENT ARE REPORTED TO HAVE FLED, PLOESTI A NEARBY OIL TOWN AND THE BLACK SEA PORT CONSTANZA. OIL REFINERIES AT PLOESTI ARE STATED TO BE IN FLAMES.

A bitter radio attack on Finland, accusing her of being Hitler's tool was broadcast from Moscow on Friday morning.

The Finnish Frontier is reported to be quiet and there is no fresh news of the progress of the Germans push through the Baltic states to Leningrad which was believed to be the objective of their fourth main drive on the Western Russia.

Germans Repulsed

A Red Army 'communique' issued by the Soviet Information Board on Thursday night states:—

"Our troops on Thursday were engaged in fierce fighting with large enemy tank units in the Minsk Sector. The fighting continues.

In the direction of Luck fierce tank battles continued with advantage to our side throughout the day.

In the direction of Cernauti our troops successfully repulsed strong attacks by the enemy who attempted to force the River Prut.

In the Bessarabian sector our units firmly hold positions along the frontier having thrown back attacks of German and Rumanian forces. Enemy forces attempting to advance at Skuleni have been pushed back to the western bank of the River Prut.

Our Air Force on Thursday bombed Bucharest, Ploesti (oil town) and Constanza, Rumanian Black Sea Port. Oil refineries in the region of Ploesti are in flames. On the Soviet-Finnish frontier there were no engagements between land forces on Thursday.

In the Baltic Sea two enemy submarines were sunk by the action of our Air Force and the fleet air arm.

On Thursday enemy aviation has not shown any particular activity. Enemy fighters offered weak resistance to our bombers.

Rumanians Are Forced To Join Fight

Information about enemy losses and our own in aircraft is being collected.

Captured Rumanian soldiers relate that 40 German soldiers have been drafted into every Rumanian

(Continued on page 9)

EMERGENCY REGULATIONS

U. S. Naval Chief Demands New Authority

WASHINGTON, June 27.

The United States' Navy has asked for authority to hold enlisted men (ratings) in service beyond their present enlistment if Congress declares that national interests are imperilled, Rear Admiral C. W. Nimitz, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, stated today when he testified before the Senate Naval Committee.

He urged speedy approval of legislation enabling enlisted men to be retained in service.

The United States' Navy, he said, was "suffering from a tremendous dilution of personnel in ships" because of the rapid expansion of the United States' fleets.

When a member of the Committee protested that the keeping of volunteers beyond the regular six years of the enlistment period would involve a breach of contract, Rear Admiral Nimitz replied, "We feel that the situation is sufficiently acute and that we ought to disregard even solemn contract if it is to the interest of the maintenance of this Government."—Reuter

Hungary Lines Up With Reich

ROME, June 27.

Hungary considers herself in a state of war with the Soviet Union. This is announced in an official communique in Budapest, says the official Italian News Agency.

The decision follows alleged air attacks by Soviet aircraft on "open towns" in Hungary.—Reuter.

All Nazi Short-Wave Stations Go Off Air

LONDON, June 27.

All German long-wave stations went off the air on Thursday night.

Short-wave stations were badly jammed. The only medium-wave station to be heard was Breslau and that also was badly jammed.

Finnish broadcasts in English, German and French were heavily jammed.—Reuter.

Intrigue To Secure British Help Against Russia Fails

ANKARA, June 27.

It can now be revealed that the Nazis tried to start an intrigue here last Sunday but were unsuccessful.

Von Papen through the intermediary of a third party sent a proposal to Sir Knatchbull-Hugesson which hinted clearly at an Anglo-German combination against Russia.

The proposal was immediately flatly rejected by Sir Knatchbull-Hugesson who asked the intermediary to refer Von Papen to Mr. Churchill's speech.

It appears that German Ministers at several other places tried the same tactics which were in every case rejected.—Reuter.

Soviet Has Twice As Many Tanks As Germany

Land Forces Equally Matched: In Air Force Germany Holds Superiority

NEW YORK, JUNE 27.

THE RUSSIANS HAVE TWO-THIRDS THE NUMBER OF GERMAN PLANES, BUT TWICE AS MANY TANKS IN ACTION, IT IS RELIABLY REPORTED IN WASHINGTON.

THEY ARE CREDITED WITH 48 TANK BRIGADES CONSIDERED TO BE THE EQUIVALENT OF 24 FULL DIVISIONS COMPARED WITH 12 GERMAN PANZER DIVISIONS.

Their air strength at the start of the invasion was estimated to be 4,000 front line planes whereas the Luftwaffe is believed to be employing some 6,000 with more numerous reserves in hand.

In this battle of the European giants some 5,000,000 men are believed to be engaged on land. THEY ARE ABOUT EQUALLY MATCHED

The Germans are believed to have 176 divisions of 15,000 men compared with 165 Russian which figure is exclusive of Russia's forces in the Far East.

It is authoritatively believed that the Russian forces are disposed as follows: 23 divisions east of Finland and 42 in the south and 12 south-east of Finland; 24 in the centre and the Polish front and 48 south on the Ukraine frontier with 16 or more in reserve.

IT IS ESTIMATED THAT THE GERMAN STRENGTH IS MADE UP OF 120 GERMAN DIVISIONS, 20 RUMANIAN AND 10 FINNISH.

GERMANY HAS A HEAVY ADVANTAGE IN NAVAL STRENGTH IN THE BALTIC, BUT RUSSIA HAS IT BY AN OVERWHELMING MARGIN IN THE BLACK SEA.

Pope's Broadcast To U. S. Eucharistic Congress

LONDON, June 26.

The Pope broadcast an address in English to-night to the United States National Eucharistic Congress at St Paul, Minnesota.

He said, "you must not forget that you belong to a church whose founder and head was sacrificed and that His body in the church has always suffered persecution and is still to-day being persecuted—by some so hurtfully that it is difficult to measure how far-reaching the effects may be".—Reuter.

BRITAIN'S COUNTER TO 'NEW ORDER'

LONDON, June 27.

Britain's alternative to Hitler's "New Order" was described in a broadcast early to-day from London by Mr. Harold Nicholson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Information.

He said, "Britain offers us a new liberalism, so new that it may seem a dream. But it is a dream that in the next three years will be fulfilled.

Hitler offers us a return to the old tyranny, but Great Britain offers a New Order that will grow only from co-operation between free peoples.—Reuter.

Gallacher's Appeal To Indian Leaders

Revision Of Policy Urged In View Of Latest Nazi Aggression

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, June 26.

At a Press Conference Mr. William Gallacher, Communist M.P., declared that Hitler's unprovoked invasion of Soviet Union had altered the whole international situation.

He was agreeably surprised by Mr. Churchill's Sunday broadcast wherein the Premier preferred making alliance with Communism than Fascism. He had no hesitation in saying that since British Government is fighting with the Soviet Union against Hitlerism the Communist Party would support the Government in any steps taken to advance co-operation with the Soviet Union.

Communists were ready to participate in discussions with all parties on the sole object of defeating Hitler and his jackal friend Mussolini. Mr. Gallacher felt that it was advisable and useful for the Indian National Congress to hold special session to review the situation in the light of the latest international developments and see how the Congress would help the Indian masses in their fight for freedom also strengthen the struggle in Europe against Hitlerism and Fascism.

London Speculations About India

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, June 26

News that a British Military and Economic Mission will be going to Russia is highly important, and it is now certain that Sir Stafford Cripps will return to Russia. However, his or the Mission's route is kept a close secret.

It could be speculated that Indo-Russian borders are of a co-extensive nature and should facilitate overcome transport facilities. Whatever be the result of Russo-German war, it is admitted that India is likely to play the most important part because of her strategic position. Both for materials and man power India will prove the vital basis.

In this connection the "Daily Sketch" 'inside information' is interesting.

The paper says that the Nazi-Russian war is having important repercussions in India in our favour. Leftists of the Congress are pressing immediately for a change of policy from non-co-operation to participation in war, fearing a Nazi thrust to India via Persia. An All-Indian Parties' Government is likely to result.

U. S. Clarifies Her Attitude Towards Nazi Attack On Soviet

Promises "Favourable Consideration" To Any Russian Request For American Help

WASHINGTON, June 27.

The Soviet Ambassador, M. Cumansky, called on Mr. Sumner Welles on Thursday night to inform him officially of the "predatory attack of Nazi Germany."

It was afterwards learned that Mr. Welles told the Soviet Envoy that any request for help would be given as favourable consideration as possible.

Mr. Cumansky, who was in a jovial mood, told reporters that he had received from Mr. Welles "a clear answer as to the attitude of the United States' Government towards this attack and as to the future relations of the United States and the U.S.S.R."

He added that Mr. Welles "made it clear that all questions deriving from the German attack on the Soviet Union will receive the immediate friendly attention of the United States' Government."

The British Ambassador, Lord Halifax, and the Envoy of Poland, Luxembourg, Sweden and Finland also saw Mr. Welles, refused to make a statement to the Press—Reuter.

SPAIN RECRUITS VOLUNTEERS

MADRID, June 27.

Recruiting campaign for Spanish volunteers to fight against Russia is being started here. The Falange Party is opening a recruiting bureau.

A motorised division is to be sent to the Russian frontier, states the Official Italian News Agency. Mussolini reviewed the troops yesterday.—Reuter.

EGYPTIAN CABINET EXPANDED

Two Liberals Appointed As New Ministers

CAIRO, June 26.

An addition of two new Liberal members to the Egyptian Cabinet was officially announced on Thursday.

They are Rashwan Mahfouz Pasha, who becomes Minister of Commerce and Industry and Mr. Ibrahim Dessouki Abaza, who has been appointed Minister of Social Affairs.

Salib Samipasha, Former Minister of Commerce and Industry, becomes Foreign Minister—the portfolio hitherto held by the Prime Minister.

The new appointments, it is explained, aim at lessening the strain on individual Ministers.—Reuter.

AMERICA'S OLDEST SENATOR DEAD

WASHINGTON, June 27.

Senator Houston, the oldest man ever to enter the United States Senate died on Thursday, aged 87.

Senator Houston, a democrat, was recently appointed by the Governor of Texas to succeed Senator Sheppard who died in April.—Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE YELLOW BEETLE

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